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for the year ended December 31, 2024



1 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1.1 Consolidated income statement

(In millions of euros)	Notes	2024	2023 restated*
Revenue	3.1/4.1/4.2	4,573.7	4,309.4
Cost of linen, equipment and other consumables		(719.1)	(629.4)
Processing costs		(1,679.6)	(1,637.3)
Distribution costs		(670.8)	(626.6)
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(798.0)	(763.6)
Net impairment on trade and other receivables		(6.4)	(2.1)
Amortization of intangible assets recognized in a business combination	4.5	(84.9)	(85.7)
Other operating income and expenses	4.6	(18.5)	(67.9)
Operating income	3.2	596.4	496.8
Net financial income (expense)	8.2	(130.4)	(124.6)
Income (loss) before tax		466.0	372.2
Tax	9	(128.3)	(110.3)
Income from continuing operations		337.8	261.9
Income from discontinued operation, net of tax		0.0	0.0
NET INCOME (LOSS)		337.8	261.9
Attributable to:			
owners of the parent		337.8	262.0
non-controlling interests		0.0	(0.0)
Earnings (loss) per share (EPS) (in euros):			
basic, attributable to owners of the parent	10.3	€1.43	€1.13
diluted, attributable to owners of the parent	10.3	€1.35	€1.06
Earnings (loss) per share (EPS) from continuing operations (in euros):			
basic, attributable to owners of the parent	10.3	€1.43	€1.13
diluted, attributable to owners of the parent	10.3	€1.35	€1.06

^(*) See Note 1.4.

1.2 Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

(In millions of euros)	Notes	2024	2023 restated*
NET INCOME (LOSS)		337.8	261.9
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, before tax	8.8	7.5	1.3
Cash flow hedge reserve reclassified to income	8.8	0.2	0.3
Total change in cash flow hedge reserve, before taxes		7.7	1.6
Related tax	8.8	(2.0)	(0.4)
Net change in the cost of hedging, before tax	8.8	(11.4)	(21.9)
Related tax	8.8	2.9	5.7
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates – net translation differences		(133.0)	68.6
Other comprehensive income (loss) which may be subsequently reclassified to income	ne	(135.8)	53.6
Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit plans, before tax		(18.0)	(28.1)
Related tax		4.3	6.2
Other comprehensive income (loss) which may not be subsequently reclassified to in	come	(13.8)	(21.8)
Other comprehensive income		(149.6)	31.7
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		188.2	293.7
Attributable to:			
owners of the parent		188.2	293.7
non-controlling interests		0.0	(0.0)

(*) See Note 1.4.

The change in cash flow hedge reserve reflects the change in the "spot" element of the fair value of forward contracts eligible for hedge accounting.

The net change in the cost of hedging reflects the change in the forward points of the fair value of forward contracts eligible for hedge accounting.

Details are presented in Note 8.8 "Derivative financial instruments and hedges."

Translation reserves arise from the translation, during consolidation, of assets and liabilities of Group entities denominated in foreign currencies as described in Note 2.3 "Foreign currency translation."

Actuarial gains and losses arising on the remeasurement of employee benefits reflect the effect of changes in assumptions (obligation discount rate, salary increase rate, retirement benefit increase rate and expected return on plan assets) used to measure defined benefit plan obligations.

1.3 Consolidated statement of financial position

Assets

(In millions of euros)	Notes	12/31/2024	12/31/2023 restated*
Goodwill	6.1	3,944.9	3,979.2
Intangible assets	6.2	634.2	707.7
Right-of-use assets	6.3	571.1	513.7
Property, plant and equipment	6.4	2,353.4	2,210.7
Other equity investments		0.1	0.1
Other non-current assets	8.7	72.5	66.2
Deferred tax assets	9	43.3	46.9
Employee benefit assets	5.3	4.5	12.3
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		7,623.8	7,536.8
Inventories	4.7	200.0	185.6
Contract assets	4.3	53.1	51.9
Trade and other receivables	4.4	839.4	823.5
Current tax assets		21.5	24.5
Other assets	4.9	27.6	19.3
Cash and cash equivalents	8.4/8.5	622.1	665.3
Assets held for sale		0.0	0.0
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,763.6	1,770.0
TOTAL ASSETS		9,387.4	9,306.9

^(*) See Note 1.4.

Equity and liabilities

(In millions of euros) Note	s 12/31/2024	12/31/2023 restated*
Share capital 10	1 236.7	234.0
Additional paid-in capital	2,485.2	2,477.7
Treasury share reserve	(2.7)	(0.7)
Other reserves	(424.6)	(289.1)
Retained earnings	1,303.6	1,053.3
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	3,598.2	3,475.2
Non-controlling interests	0.0	0.7
TOTAL EQUITY	3,598.2	3,475.9
Provisions 7	1 92.8	94.0
Employee benefit liabilities 5	3 108.6	90.7
Borrowings and financial debt 8.3/8	5 2,653.3	2,717.5
Deferred tax liabilities	9 294.3	296.9
Lease liabilities 6	3 478.1	430.8
Other non-current liabilities 8	7 14.4	58.3
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,641.5	3,688.1
Current provisions 7	1 11.8	17.1
Current tax liabilities	24.7	24.3
Trade and other payables 4	8 409.6	404.8
Contract liabilities 4	3 86.4	83.7
Current lease liabilities 6	3 125.7	107.5
Other liabilities 4	9 482.6	532.2
Bank overdrafts and current borrowings 8.3/8	5 1,006.8	973.2
Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale	0.0	0.0
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,147.6	2,142.8
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	9,387.4	9,306.9

^(*) See Note 1.4.

1.4 Consolidated statement of cash flows

(In millions of euros)	Notes	2024	2023 restated*
NET INCOME (LOSS)		337.8	261.9
Tax	9	128.3	110.3
Net financial income (expense)	8.2	130.4	124.6
Share-based payments		27.1	22.9
Depreciation, amortization and provisions	4.5	963.3	886.0
Portion of grants transferred to income	4.5	(0.9)	(0.5)
Net gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		7.3	4.3
Earnout adjustments and other elements with no impact on cash flows		(9.3)	48.4
CASH FLOW BEFORE FINANCE COSTS AND TAX		1,584.0	1,457.9
Change in inventories	4.7	(14.0)	12.3
Change in trade and other receivables and contract assets	4.4	(15.8)	(66.6)
Change in other assets	4.9	(3.5)	(1.4)
Change in trade and other payables	4.8	10.6	1.7
Change in contract liabilities and other liabilities	4.9	21.3	52.5
Other changes		(3.2)	(0.9)
Employee benefits		(2.3)	(3.5)
Tax paid		(124.9)	(126.4)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1,452.1	1,325.6
Acquisition of intangible assets		(26.6)	(26.8)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets		0.0	0.1
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(860.8)	(797.1)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		7.3	2.8
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	2.4	(183.3)	(82.1)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash transferred		0.0	0.0
Changes in loans and advances		(1.0)	0.5
Dividends earned		0.0	(0.0)
Investment grants		4.1	0.3
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(1,060.3)	(902.3)
Capital increase	10.1	10.4	7.9
Treasury shares		(2.2)	1.2
Dividends paid		(101.3)	(61.7)
Proceeds from new borrowings	8.3	1,207.8	1,194.8
Repayments of borrowings	8.3	(1,303.6)	(985.9)
Lease liability payments (including interest on lease liabilities)		(150.8)	(130.8)
Net interest paid		(78.9)	(70.5)
Other cash flows related to financing activities		(4.8)	(1.4)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(423.3)	(46.4)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(31.5)	377.0
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		664.8	286.1
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		(11.3)	1.8
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	8.4	622.1	664.8

^(*) See Note 1.4.

1.5 Consolidated statement of changes in equity as at December 31, 2024

(In millions of euros)	Notes	Share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury share reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Cost of hedging reserve	Trans- lation reserve	Equity component of convertible bonds	Legal reserve	Retained earnings	Owners of the parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance as at December 31, 2023, restated*		234.0	2,477.7	(0.7)	(2.4)	(9.5)	(335.8)	35.3	23.4	1,053.3	3,475.2	0.7	3,475.9
Cash increase in share capital	10.1	0.8	9.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.4	0.0	10.4
Amounts paid to shareholders	10.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(101.3)	(101.3)	0.0	(101.3)
Issue/redemption of convertible notes		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Share-based payments		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.1	27.1	0.0	27.1
Changes in treasury shares		0.0	0.0	(2.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(2.0)	0.0	(2.0)
Acquisition of NCI without a change in control		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.5	(0.7)	(0.2)
Acquisition of subsidiary - NCI		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other changes	10.1	1.9	(2.2)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NET INCOME (LOSS)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	337.8	337.8	0.0	337.8
Other comprehensive income		0.0	0.0	0.0	5.7	(8.4)	(133.0)	0.0	0.0	(13.8)	(149.6)	0.0	(149.6)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		0.0	0.0	0.0	5.7	(8.4)	(133.0)	0.0	0.0	324.0	188.2	0.0	188.2
BALANCE AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2024		236.7	2,485.2	(2.7)	3.3	(17.9)	(468.9)	35.3	23.7	1,303.6	3,598.2	0.0	3,598. 2

^(*) See Note 1.4.

1.6 Consolidated statement of changes in equity as at December 31, 2023

(In millions of euros)	Notes	Share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury share reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Cost of hedging reserve	Trans- lation reserve	Equity component of convertible bonds	Legal reserve	Retained earnings	Owners of the parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance as at December 31.	110100	oupmun	oupu.					201140		ougo			
2022		230.1	2,440.9	(1.7)	(3.6)	6.8	(404.5)	54.2	23 .0	866.2	3,211.5	0.8	3,212.3
Cash increase in share capital		0.7	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	7.9	0.0	7.9
Amounts paid to shareholders	10.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(61.7)	(61.7)	0.0	(61.7)
Issue/redemption of convertible notes		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(18.9)	0.0	18.9	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)
Share-based payments		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.9	22.9	0.0	22.9
Changes in treasury shares		0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0
Acquisition of NCI without a change in control		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)
Acquisition of subsidiary - NCI		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other changes	10.1	3.1	29.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	(33.1)	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)
NET INCOME (LOSS)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	262.0	262.0	(0.0)	261.9
Other comprehensive income		0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	(16.3)	68.6	0.0	0.0	(21.8)	31.7	0.0	31.7
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	(16.3)	68.6	0.0	0.0	240.1	293.7	(0.0)	293.7
BALANCE AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023 RESTATED*		234.0	2,477.7	(0.7)	(2.4)	(9.5)	(335.8)	35.3	23.4	1,053.3	3,475.2	0.7	3,475. 9

^(*) See Note 1.4.

1.7 Notes to the consolidated financial statements

The Elis Group (the "Group") is an international multiservice provider, offering textile, hygiene and facility services solutions in Europe and Latin America. The Group serves hundreds of thousands of customers of all sizes in the Hospitality, Healthcare, Industry, and Commerce and Services sectors.

The Elis Company (the "Company") is a joint stock corporation governed by a Management Board and a Supervisory Board, listed on the Euronext market in Paris. Its registered office is located at 5, boulevard Louis-Loucheur, 92210 Saint-Cloud, France.

The consolidated financial statements of the Elis Group for the 12-month period ended December 31, 2024 were approved by the Management Board on March 5, 2025 and reviewed by the Audit Committee on March 4, 2025 and by the Supervisory Board on March 5, 2025.

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NOTE 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation

The Elis Group's consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Elis and its subsidiaries. The Elis Group refers to Elis SA, the parent company of the Group, and the companies included in the scope of consolidation (see Note 2 "Scope of consolidation and significant events of the year" and Note 11 "Related party disclosures").

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and under the historical cost convention, with the main exception of:

 derivative financial instruments and offsetting assets, contingent liabilities and financial liabilities representing a price adjustment, recognized in a business combination, which are measured at fair value:

- liabilities (assets) related to employee benefits, which are measured at the fair value of plan assets less the present value of defined benefit obligations, as limited by IAS 19;
- assets held for sale, which are measured at the lower of the carrying amount and the fair value, less cost to sell.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in millions of euros, unless otherwise stated.

1.2 Accounting standards applied

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the IFRS standards as adopted by the European Union as at December 31, 2024, and available on the following website:

eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX:32023R1803

The accounting policies adopted are identical to those used to prepare the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 except for the following standards, amendments and interpretations effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024.

Standards, amendments and interpretations with mandatory application from January 1, 2024

- Amendments to IFRS 16 "Leases": "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback":
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements": "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants";
- Amendments to IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" and IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures": "Supplier Finance Arrangements."

The Group has not identified any impact from these new standards, whose application is mandatory from January 1, 2024.

Standards that have been published but have not yet entered into force

- Standards, amendments and interpretations adopted by the European Union as at December 31, 2024, which have been mandatory since January 1, 2025:
 - Amendments to IAS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates": "Lack of Exchangeability";

The Group did not apply this standard prior to its required effective dates in the European Union.

- Standards, amendments and interpretations that have been published but not yet adopted by the European Union as at December 31, 2024:
 - amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity" applicable from January 1, 2026;
 - "Annual Improvements Volume 11" applicable from January 1, 2026;
 - amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments" applicable from January 1, 2026;

An analysis should be conducted in the Group's various countries to document the accounting method selected for the derecognition of liabilities when they are settled through an electronic payment system (on the settlement date or issue date).

- IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements" applicable from January 1, 2027;
 - The main impact identified from this new standard is the elimination of net financial income (expense). Interest income from short-term investments will be reported in the new "Investment" category on the statement of net income/ income statement and reclassified to net cash flows from investing activities (currently in net cash flows from financing activities) in the consolidated statement of cash flows. More detailed information on costs by type within the different sections of the income statement will be provided in the notes to the financial statements. Lastly, the relevance of the disaggregations will have to be verified given the guidance on labels.

For "management-defined performance measures," the definition and reconciliation of net income from ordinary operations (a performance indicator defined by management), which are currently found in the management report, will be detailed in a new note to the consolidated financial statements.

1.3 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the Elis Group to make estimates and assumptions that affect the carrying amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the disclosures in some of the notes to the financial statements. The Elis Group reviews these estimates and judgments on a regular basis, taking into consideration past experience and other factors deemed relevant in light of economic conditions.

Amounts reported in future financial statements may differ from current estimates due to changes in assumptions or if conditions vary from those anticipated.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Recoverable amount of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives

The Group performs annual impairment tests on goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives (brands) in accordance with IAS 36 Impairment of Assets. The recoverable amount of cashgenerating units is calculated on the basis of their value in use. These calculations require the use of estimates. The estimates used, together with an analysis of assumption sensitivity, particularly for goodwill, are presented in Note 6.5 "Impairment losses on non-current assets."

Allocation of the acquisition price in business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase accounting method: this means that, at the date on which control is acquired, the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired or assumed are measured at fair value. One of the most significant estimates when accounting for an acquisition is the determination of the fair value and the assumptions used to determine it. While the fair value of some acquired items, such as property, plant and equipment, can be accurately measured (using the market price), others are more complex to measure, such as intangible assets or contingent liabilities. These measurements are generally made by independent experts who base their work on assumptions and must estimate the effect of future events that are uncertain at the acquisition date.

Employee benefit liabilities

The present value of employee benefit obligations is computed on an actuarial basis using various assumptions. The discount rate is one of the assumptions used to calculate the net cost of retirement benefits. Any change in the assumptions affects the carrying amount of the employee benefit liabilities.

The Group sets the appropriate discount rate at the end of each reporting period. This is the interest rate applied to calculate the present value of future disbursements necessary to meet retirement benefit obligations. To determine the appropriate rate, the Group takes into account the interest rates on high-quality corporate bonds (iBoxx \in Corporates AA 10+ for the Eurozone) in the currencies in which benefits are to be paid and with a term comparable to the estimated average maturity of the corresponding obligation.

Note 5.3 "Employee benefit assets/liabilities" provides further details on the matter.

Defining terms of leases with renewal options

The Group defines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of the lease as well as any period covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain that such option will be exercised, or any period covered by a lease termination option if the Group is reasonably certain it will not exercise this option.

Under some of its leases, the Group has the possibility of extending the period during which the assets are leased. The Group uses its own judgment to determine whether it is reasonably certain that it will exercise a renewal option. In other words, it takes any relevant factors that provide an economic incentive to exercise the renewal option as well as the Group's five-year strategic investment plan into account.

Provisions

The Group records provisions, mainly for disputes and environmental compliance:

- provisions for environmental compliance: Provisions for environmental compliance are assessed based on experts' reports and the Group's experience. The Group's Quality, Safety and Environment Department conducts an assessment of the sites concerned, monitors the progress and costs of the sites being cleaned up and ensures that appropriate provisions are updated in line with the studies carried out and the progress of the clean-up measures;
- provisions for disputes: some subsidiaries of the Group may be involved in regulatory, legal or arbitration proceedings that may, given the potential uncertainties, have a material impact on the Group's financial position, as described in Note 7.2 "Contingent liabilities." The Group's legal team keeps track of ongoing proceedings, regularly reviews their progress and assesses the need to establish adequate provisions or change their amounts, if events occurring in the course of the proceedings require a reappraisal of the risk. The decision to set aside a provision for a risk and the amount of the provision to be recorded is based on a case-by-case assessment of the risk, management's estimate of the unfavorable nature of the outcome of the proceedings in question (probable nature) and the ability to reliably estimate the related amount.

Accounting consequences of climate change

On September 4, 2023, Elis unveiled its climate roadmap and related 2030 targets, underscoring its commitment to contributing to a low-carbon society.

Elis's ambition is to achieve the following targets by 2030:

- reducing absolute Scope 1 and 2 CO2eq emissions by 47.5% between 2019 and 2030⁽¹⁾;
- preducing absolute Scope 3 CO2eq emissions from purchased goods and services, fuel and energy related activities, upstream transportation and distribution, employee commuting, and end-of-life treatment of sold products by 28% between 2019 and 2030.

These targets have been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi), an international reference and a partnership between the United Nations Global Compact, the World Resources Institute (WRI), the Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP) and the World Wildlife Fund for Nature (WWF). They are fully in line with the objectives of the 2015 Paris Climate Agreements to contribute to restricting global warming to less than 1.5°C compared to preindustrial levels on Scopes 1 and 2, and well below 2°C on Scope 3.

These climate targets mark a new phase in Elis's CSR and climate strategy. For a long time, the Group has worked to reduce its energy consumption and CO2eq emissions. In 2024, it reduced the intensity of its thermal energy consumption in its European laundries by 30% compared with 2010 and reduced its CO₂eq emissions (Scopes 1 and 2) in absolute terms by 20% between 2019

To achieve its targets, Elis has developed a clear roadmap and action plan:

- regarding Scopes 1 and 2, which represent 30% of the Group's CO₂eq emissions, Elis will:
 - further optimize its energy use in its industrial laundries thanks to the implementation of established energy-efficient solutions and experimental innovations.
 - decarbonize its energy through on-site renewable energy production, switching to alternative energies or implementing new procurement strategies,
 - reduce the environmental impact of its logistics fleet thanks to delivery optimization tools, eco-driving actions and fleet
- regarding Scope 3, which represents 70% of its CO₂eq emissions, Elis will:
 - improve and optimize its operational practices, especially on linen management.
 - reduce the environmental impact of its products by working on design, material selection or production methods,
 - reduce the impact of freight and support employees in their transition toward more responsible commuting practices.

This credible and ambitious plan of action favors efficiency measures, in terms of both carbon and financial gains. It is also supported by technologies and approaches long used by the Group. Global engagement among Elis's partners and the market will, however, be critical to ensure its achievement by 2030.

The Group tries to take climate risks into account as much as possible in the reporting assumptions and to integrate their potential impact in the financial statements where appropriate. In particular, the Group has examined the potential impact of climate risks on:

- the estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment (Note 6.4 "Property, plant and equipment") used to calculate depreciation. The Group has ensured that these are consistent with its climate commitments:
- assumptions for asset impairment testing (Note 6.5 "Impairment losses on non-current assets"), which includes additional future investments: historically, the Group has generally been able to pass on cost increases to customers, in particular through price escalation clauses included in customer contracts;
- provisions for environmental compliance: the Group has not been led to change the way in which it establishes these provisions (see Note 7.1 "Provisions").

Furthermore, the Group has a €900.0 million syndicated revolving credit facility (see Note 8.3 "Gross debt"), where costs are indexed to achievement of ESG objectives.

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

Recognition of assets related to rentalmaintenance services

Rental-maintenance agreements are generally considered service agreements that do not transfer rights of use for the asset to the customer (mainly due to the substantive substitution right for textiles). Accordingly, items subject to rental-maintenance service agreements are recognized as non-current assets.

Accounting classification for the French business tax (cotisation sur la valeur ajoutée des entreprises - CVAE)

According to the Group's analysis, the French business tax (CVAE) meets the definition of income tax in paragraph 2 of IAS 12 Income Taxes. Total current and deferred amounts of CVAE are therefore presented in the line item "Income tax expense."

1.4 Restatements of prior years' financial information

The following tables present adjustments related to the income statement, the statement of financial position, and the statement of cash flows as at December 31, 2023, compared to the previously published financial statements as at December 31, 2023.

IFRS 3 "Business combinations"

IFRS 3 requires previously published comparative periods to be retrospectively restated for business combinations (recognition of the final fair value of the assets acquired and the liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed when this fair value was provisionally determined at the previous balance sheet date).

The restatements are mainly related to the allocation of goodwill from acquisitions made in the last three quarters of 2023 in Germany, France and Italy: recognition of customer relationships using the excess earnings method (discounted future cash flow valuation method), with the help of an expert when necessary.

The final fair value of assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination in 2023 is disclosed in the "Acquisitions made in the previous financial year" section of Note 2.4 "Changes in scope of consolidation.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

(In millions of euros)	2023 reported	IFRS 3	2023 restated
REVENUE	4,309.4	0.0	4,309.4
Cost of linen, equipment and other consumables	(629.4)	0.0	(629.4)
Processing costs	(1,637.3)	0.0	(1,637.3)
Distribution costs	(626.6)	0.0	(626.6)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(763.6)	(0.0)	(763.6)
Net impairment on trade and other receivables	(2.1)	0.0	(2.1)
Amortization of intangible assets recognized in a business combination	(85.1)	(0.6)	(85.7)
Other operating income and expenses	(67.9)	0.0	(67.9)
Operating income	497.5	(0.7)	496.8
Net financial income (expense)	(124.6)	(0.0)	(124.6)
Income (loss) before tax	372.9	(0.7)	372.2
Tax	(110.4)	0.2	(110.3)
Income from continuing operations	262.4	(0.5)	261.9
Income from discontinued operation, net of tax	0.0	0.0	0.0
NET INCOME (LOSS)	262.4	(0.5)	261.9
Attributable to:			
owners of the parent	262.5	(0.5)	262.0
non-controlling interests	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)
Earnings (loss) per share (EPS) (in euros):			
basic, attributable to owners of the parent	€1.13		€1.13
diluted, attributable to owners of the parent	€1.06		€1.06
Earnings (loss) per share (EPS) from continuing operations (in euros):			
 basic, attributable to owners of the parent 	€1.13		€1.13
diluted, attributable to owners of the parent	€1.06		€1.06

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In millions of euros)	2023 reported	IFRS 3	2023 restated
NET INCOME (LOSS)	262.4	(0.5)	261.9
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, before tax	1.3	0.0	1.3
Cash flow hedge reserve reclassified to income	0.3	0.0	0.3
Total change in cash flow hedge reserve, before taxes	1.6	0.0	1.6
Related tax	(0.4)	0.0	(0.4)
Net change in the cost of hedging, before tax	(21.9)	0.0	(21.9)
Related tax	5.7	0.0	5.7
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates – net translation differences	68.6	0.0	68.6
Other comprehensive income (loss) which may be subsequently reclassified to income	53.6	0.0	53.6
Actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit plans, before tax	(28.1)	0.0	(28.1)
Related tax	6.2	0.0	6.2
Other comprehensive income (loss) which may not be subsequently reclassified to income	(21.8)	0.0	(21.8)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	31.7	0.0	31.7
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	294.2	(0.5)	293.7
Attributable to:			
owners of the parent	294.2	(0.5)	293.7
› non-controlling interests	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - ASSETS

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2023 reported	IFRS 3 appropriation as at the acquisition date	IFRS 3 change between the acquisition date and the balance sheet date	IFRS 3 translation differences	12/31/2023 restated
Goodwill	3,988.1	(8.8)	0.0	(0.0)	3,979.2
Intangible assets	695.1	13.3	(0.6)	0.0	707.7
Right-of-use assets	512.8	0.9	(0.0)	0.0	513.7
Property, plant and equipment	2,210.8	(0.1)	0.0	0.0	2,210.7
Other equity investments	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other non-current assets	66.5	(0.2)	0.0	0.0	66.2
Deferred tax assets	46.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	46.9
Employee benefit assets	12.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.3
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	7,532.5	5.0	(0.7)	(0.0)	7,536.8
Inventories	185.6	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	185.6
Contract assets	51.9	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	51.9
Trade and other receivables	823.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	823.5
Current tax assets	24.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.5
Other assets	19.3	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	19.3
Cash and cash equivalents	665.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	665.3
Assets held for sale	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,769.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	1,770.0
TOTAL ASSETS	9,302.2	5.3	(0.7)	(0.0)	9,306.9

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2023 reported	IFRS 3 appropriation as at the acquisition date	IFRS 3 change between the acquisition date and the balance sheet date	IFRS 3 translation differences	12/31/2023 restated
Share capital	234.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	234.0
Additional paid-in capital	2,477.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,477.7
Treasury share reserve	(0.7)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.7)
Other reserves	(289.1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(289.1)
Retained earnings	1,053.8	(0.0)	(0.5)	0.0	1,053.3
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	3,475.7	(0.0)	(0.5)	0.0	3,475.2
Non-controlling interests	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7
TOTAL EQUITY	3,476.4	(0.0)	(0.5)	0.0	3,475.9
Provisions	94.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	94.0
Employee benefit liabilities	90.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	90.7
Borrowings and financial debt	2,717.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,717.5
Deferred tax liabilities	293.6	3.5	(0.2)	0.0	296.9
Lease liabilities	430.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	430.8
Other non-current liabilities	57.9	0.4	0.0	(0.0)	58.3
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,683.6	4.7	(0.2)	(0.0)	3,688.1
Current provisions	17.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.1
Current tax liabilities	24.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	24.3
Trade and other payables	404.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	404.8
Contract liabilities	83.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	83.7
Current lease liabilities	107.4	0.2	(0.0)	0.0	107.5
Other liabilities	531.9	0.3	0.0	(0.0)	532.2
Bank overdrafts and current borrowings	973.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	973.2
Liabilities directly associated with assets held for sale	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,142.2	0.6	(0.0)	(0.0)	2,142.8
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	9,302.2	5.3	(0.7)	(0.0)	9,306.9

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions of euros)	2023 reported	IFRS 3	2023 restated
NET INCOME (LOSS)	262.4	(0.5)	261.9
Tax	110.4	(0.2)	110.3
Net financial income (expense)	124.6	0.0	124.6
Share-based payments	22.9	0.0	22.9
Depreciation, amortization and provisions	885.3	0.6	886.0
Portion of grants transferred to income	(0.5)	0.0	(0.5)
Net gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	4.3	0.0	4.3
Earnout adjustments and other elements with no impact on cash flows	48.4	0.0	48.4
CASH FLOW BEFORE FINANCE COSTS AND TAX	1,457.9	(0.0)	1,457.9
Change in inventories	12.3	0.0	12.3
Change in trade and other receivables and contract assets	(66.6)	0.0	(66.6)
Change in other assets	(1.4)	0.0	(1.4)
Change in trade and other payables	1.7	0.0	1.7
Change in contract liabilities and other liabilities	52.5	0.0	52.5
Other changes	(0.9)	0.0	(0.9)
Employee benefits	(3.5)	0.0	(3.5)
Tax paid	(126.4)	0.0	(126.4)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,325.7	(0.0)	1,325.6
Acquisition of intangible assets	(26.8)	0.0	(26.8)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets	0.1	0.0	0.1
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(797.1)	0.0	(797.1)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	2.8	0.0	2.8
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	(82.2)	0.2	(82.1)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash transferred	0.0	0.0	0.0
Changes in loans and advances	0.5	0.0	0.5
Dividends earned	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)
Investment grants	0.3	0.0	0.3
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(902.4)	0.2	(902.3)
Capital increase	7.9	0.0	7.9
Treasury shares	1.2	0.0	1.2
Dividends paid	(61.7)	0.0	(61.7)
Proceeds from new borrowings	1,194.8	0.0	1,194.8
Repayments of borrowings	(985.9)	0.0	(985.9)
Lease liability payments (including interest on lease liabilities)	(130.8)	0.0	(130.8)
Net interest paid	(70.5)	(0.0)	(70.5)
Other cash flows related to financing activities	(1.4)	0.0	(1.4)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(46.4)	0.0	(46.4)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	376.8	0.2	377.0
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	286.1	0.0	286.1
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	1.8	0.0	1.8
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	664.7	0.2	664.8

NOTE 2 SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

2.1 Basis of consolidation

Fully consolidated companies

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee:
- > the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there have been changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group obtains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Net income or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All assets, liabilities, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group (intra-group) are eliminated on consolidation

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, non-controlling interest and other components of equity while any resulting gain or loss is recognized in income.

Associates and joint ventures

Investments in companies over which the Group has significant influence on financial and operating decisions but does not exercise control and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

2.2 Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method when the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed constitute a business. Accordingly, when the Group acquires a business, its assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are measured at fair value. Moreover, for each business combination, the Group measures the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the Group's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Acquisition-related transaction costs are expensed as incurred (see Note 4.6 "Other operating income and expenses" for major acquisitions).

At the acquisition date, the Group recognizes goodwill as the difference between the consideration transferred plus any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

In a step acquisition where control is obtained in stages, the Group measures the previously held equity interest in the acquiree at the acquisition-date fair value and recognizes any gain or loss in profit or loss.

Business combinations prior to June 30, 2009

The different accounting treatments applicable to these business combinations are as follows:

- transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition were included in the acquisition cost;
- non-controlling interests (previously referred to as "minority interests") were measured at the share of net assets acquired;
- step acquisitions were recognized separately and did not affect subsequently recognized goodwill.

2.3 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions by Group companies are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates effective at the transaction date. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate effective at the reporting date. Foreign currency translation gains and losses are recognized in the income statement, except for those concerning monetary items associated with a net investment in a foreign operation. For the latter, translation differences are recognized

in other comprehensive income until the net investment is sold, when they are reclassified to the income statement.

For consolidation purposes, the assets and liabilities of Group entities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate effective at the reporting date. Income statement items are translated using the average exchange rate for the reporting period. Resulting foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in a separate column (Translation reserve).

Changes in scope of consolidation

Acquisitions

During the 2024 financial year, the Group acquired the following companies or assets, which the Group deemed to be business combinations:

Major acquisitions

In the Netherlands

On February 26, 2024, Elis acquired 100% of Moderna Holding BV and its subsidiaries ("Moderna"). Moderna has an extremely modern laundry that will become one of Elis's biggest. Located in the north-east of the Netherlands, near the German border, its two service centers enable it to serve the entire country. With around 400 employees, Moderna offers flat linen and workwear services and hygiene and well-being solutions to clients in the Hospitality, Industry, and Trade and Services sectors. Moderna's 2024 revenue was €49.2 million. This acquisition will complement Elis's existing network in the Netherlands, particularly in the burgeoning workwear market, and will enable the Group to enter the flat linen market, in which it did not previously operate.

On October 31, 2024, Elis announced the acquisition of 100% of Laundry Services BV and its subsidiaries ("Wasned"). Wasned has a modern plant near Utrecht, in the central region of the country, and employs about 40 people. The group mainly targets Hospitality customers. After the Moderna acquisition, this new acquisition will strengthen Elis's network on this particularly dynamic market in the Netherlands. The current management team will remain in place and help pursue business growth in the country. Wasned's revenue was €7.4 million in 2024.

In Malaysia

On July 1, 2024, Elis acquired 100% of Wonway Manufacturing Sdn Bhd and its subsidiaries ("Wonway"). Wonway was founded in 1984 and provides reusable cleanroom garment services. Its customers are mainly international groups operating in the semiconductor, medical device and chemicals sectors. The group has about 200 employees working at three specialized laundries located in Kuala Lumpur, Penang and Malacca, and is thus able to provide nationwide coverage. Wonway's revenue was €5.7 million in 2024. Elis's acquisition of Wonway enables it to pursue its growth strategy and expand its network to the Asian continent. This acquisition will allow Elis to become familiar with the regional market. Wonway is highly profitable in the cleanroom business and benefits from the dynamism of one of the best economies in Southeast Asia.

On November 28, 2024, Elis acquired 100% of Carsan Renting & Laundry SL and Alquitex Renting Textil SL ("Carsan"). Carsan, which had €9.7 million in revenue in 2024, has a laundry in Getafe and mainly targets high-end Hospitality customers in the Madrid region. The group currently has about 120 employees. The current management team will remain in place and help pursue business growth.

In Germany

On December 18, 2024, Elis acquired 100% of Wäscherei Ernst GmbH ("Ernst"). With its two laundries located in Erbach, in Baden-Württemberg, Ernst serves all of southern Germany as well as northwest Austria. Ernst, which had €19.0 million in revenue in 2024, provides rental & maintenance services on the flat linen market and mainly targets Hospitality and Healthcare customers. It has about 120 employees. This new acquisition will strengthen Elis's network in Germany, mainly in Hospitality, a particularly buoyant sector in the country.

Other acquisitions

- February 1, 2024: 100% of Les Tapis Boland SRL in Belgium (revenue of €1.0 million in 2024; 7 employees);
- March 13, 2024: 100% of Los Carruaies de la Corona SA de CV in Mexico (revenue of €1.5 million in 2024; 60 employees);
- March 28, 2024: 100% of Lavanderia Hibisco Ltda in Brazil (revenue of €0.5 million in 2024; 47 employees);
- June 28, 2024: 100% of Ecob in Belgium (pest control; revenue of €1.4 million in 2024; 16 employees);
- July 1, 2024: Loonen Ongediertebestrijding en Bedrijfsdiensten VOF assets in the Netherlands (pest control; revenue of around €0.3 million; 2 employees);
- July 15, 2024: 100% of Servicio Tecnilavado SAS in Colombia (revenue of €1.3 million in 2024; 72 employees);
- October 11, 2024: 100% of Aracnos Srl in Italy (pest control; revenue of €0.7 million in 2024; 10 employees);
- November 1, 2024: Rotovic Lavanderia Industrial Ltda assets in Brazil (revenue of ground €1.9 million: 70 employees):
- December 19, 2024: 100% of Artica Traitement SAS in France (pest control; revenue of €0.5 million in 2024; 4 employees).

These bolt-on acquisitions help to consolidate the Group's position in these various countries and/or to pursue the development of its pest control services.

In January 2024, the Group acquired the non-controlling interests, which amounted to a 50% stake, in Casbu SL in Spain.

Summary of the aforementioned acquisitions

The identifiable assets and liabilities as at the acquisition date were as follows:

	Fair value as at the acquisition						Other
(In millions of euros)	date*	Moderna	Wasned	Wonway	Carsan	Ernst	acquisitions
Intangible assets	19.7	14.8	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5
Right-of-use assets	7.3	3.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	3.2
Property, plant and equipment	53.4	26.9	8.1	2.0	3.9	11.9	0.5
Other equity investments	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other non-current assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Deferred tax assets	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0
Employee benefit assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inventories	4.1	3.1	0.1	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.1
Contract assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade and other receivables	16.2	8.6	0.7	1.3	2.4	1.8	1.3
Current tax assets	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Other assets	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net cash	5.3	(0.1)	1.1	1.7	0.7	0.9	0.9
Provisions	(0.0)	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Employee benefit liabilities	(0.1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.1)
Borrowings and financial debt	(22.0)	(16.7)	0.0	(0.5)	(3.1)	0.0	(1.7)
Deferred tax liabilities	(5.1)	(4.2)	(0.3)	(0.1)	0.0	0.0	(0.5)
Lease liabilities	(7.3)	(3.9)	(1.4)	(0.2)	0.0	0.0	(1.8)
Other non-current liabilities	(7.9)	0.0	(7.3)	0.0	0.0	(0.5)	(0.0)
Current provisions	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)
Current tax liabilities	(0.7)	(0.5)	0.0	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)
Trade and other payables	(8.4)	(2.1)	(0.6)	(0.3)	(1.4)	(3.3)	(0.7)
Contract liabilities	(0.4)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.4)
Other liabilities	(6.8)	(4.2)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.5)	(1.0)
TOTAL IDENTIFIABLE NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE	48.3	26.1	0.4	4.7	2.6	10.2	4.4
Non-controlling interests (-)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Goodwill	48.0	9.3	9.0	3.3	6.2	11.3	9.0
PURCHASE PRICE	96.3	35.3	9.4	7.9	8.8	21.5	13.4
Acquisition-related transaction costs	1.8	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.9

^(*) Provisional amount, see below.

As at December 31, 2024, due to the recent acquisitions, the initial accounting for some of the business combinations is incomplete—the Group has a period of one year after the acquisition date to adjust the valuation of the assets and liabilities acquired. Therefore, the amounts above are only provisional.

Since their acquisition, the companies acquired in 2024 have contributed ${\in}50.5$ million to revenue, ${\in}11.0$ million to adjusted EBITDA, ${\in}5.1$ million to operating income (before amortization of intangible assets recognized in a business combination) and ${\in}1.4$ million to net income. If these acquisitions had taken place at the beginning of 2024, the additional revenue would have been ${\in}49.5$ million, with additional adjusted EBITDA of ${\in}13.5$ million, additional operating income (before amortization of intangible assets recognized in a business combination) of ${\in}8.0$ million, and additional net income of ${\in}2.4$ million.

Potential consideration

The Wonway acquisition agreement stipulates that an earnout, with no maximum amount, will be paid to the selling shareholders in 2027 based on a multiple of the increase in 2026 EBIT compared with the reference EBIT of $\verb++=1.0$ million (restated for potential acquisitions). The Group has recognized an amount of $\verb++=0.5$ million in other non-current liabilities for this earnout, which represents its fair value as at the acquisition date.

Residual goodwill

Residual goodwill reflects unidentifiable items, such as the Group's human capital and the expected synergies arising from the acquisitions.

CASH FLOWS FROM ACQUISITIONS

(In millions of euros)	2024	Moderna	Wasned	Wonway	Carsan	Ernst	Lavartex	Other acquisitions
Net cash acquired including subsidiaries	5.3	(0.1)	1.1	1.7	0.7	0.9	0.0	0.9
Cash outflows for the acquisition	(94.8)	(35.3)	(9.4)	(7.5)	(8.8)	(21.5)	0.0	(12.3)
Earnouts and deferred consideration	(93.9)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(83.2)	(10.7)
NET CASH FLOW	(183.3)	(35.4)	(8.3)	(5.7)	(8.1)	(20.6)	(83.2)	(22.0)

Acquisitions during the previous financial year

During the 2023 financial year, the Group acquired the following companies or assets, which the Group deemed to be business combinations:

Major acquisitions

In Italy

On June 13, 2023, the Group acquired 100% of Gruppo Indaco SRL ("Gruppo Indaco"). Its 2023 revenue was €4.5 million. Gruppo Indaco specializes in pest control with a presence throughout Italy, mainly in Lombardy and Piedmont, and has some 60 employees; its services (rodent, insect and crawling-pest control) are offered almost exclusively on a B2B basis.

In Spain

On November 2, 2023, the Group acquired 100% of Compañía de Tratamientos Levante SL. Its 2023 revenue was €4.4 million. The company specializes in pest control and operates throughout the country, but primarily in Valencia, Madrid, Castellón and Elche. Founded 30 years ago, the company has both government and private-sector clients. It has around 80 employees and offers a wide range of pest control services (rodent and crawling- and flyinginsect control) as well as disinfection services.

With these operations, Elis has strengthened its position in the pest control market in southern Europe, a very promising segment, whose development has accelerated since the end of the pandemic

Other acquisitions

- January 10, 2023: 100% of Center Lav Serviço de Lavanderia Ltda in Brazil (revenue of €0.7 million in 2023; 35 employees);
- > January 10, 2023: Euromaty assets in Poland (mats; revenue of around €0.1 million; one employee);
- January 13, 2023: 100% of Lavandarias Monica SA in Portugal (revenue of €2.1 million in 2023; 47 employees);
- February 21, 2023: 100% of Sistema Ambiente srl in Italy (pest control; revenue of €1.6 million in 2023; 20 employees);
- February 28, 2023: 100% of Pevi sro and Terrana sro in the Czech Republic (workwear; revenue of €1.9 million in 2023; 37 employees):
- March 31, 2023: 100% of SOS Termites SAS in France (pest control; revenue of €0.7 million in 2023; 5 employees);
- May 05, 2023: 100% of Servicetex GmbH in Germany (workwear; revenue of €2.7 million in 2023; 12 employees);
- May 30, 2023: 100% of Herr Entramatta AB in Sweden (mats; revenue of €0.5 million in 2023; 8 employees);
- May 31, 2023: 100% of Miettex Service Süd GmbH in Germany (workwear; revenue of €1.5 million in 2023; 1 employee);
- July 07, 2023: 100% of 3D Désinfection Dératisation et Désinsectisation in France (pest control; revenue of €0.5 million in 2023; 5 employees);
- August 31, 2023: Caleo assets in Sweden (mats; revenue of around €0.4 million; 1 employee);
- October 2, 2023: R Bats assets in France (pest control; revenue of around €0.2 million; 1 employee);
- October 12, 2023: 100% of four companies that make up the Alpes 3D group in France (pest control; revenue of €1.7 million in 2023; 21 employees);
- November 1, 2023: Radoslawem Woloszyk "Moraks" assets in Poland (workwear and mats; revenue of around €0.4 million; 1 employee):
- November 30, 2023: 100% of Bio Pest Services in France (pest control; revenue of €1.8 million in 2023; 14 employees).

These bolt-on acquisitions have helped to consolidate the Group's position in these various countries and/or to pursue the development of its pest control services.

Summary of the aforementioned acquisitions

The identifiable assets and liabilities as at the acquisition date were as follows:

(In millions of euros)	Fair value as at the acquisition date	Gruppo Indaco	Compañia de Tratamientos Levante	Other acquisitions
Intangible assets	20.7	4.1	0.3	16.3
Right-of-use assets	1.5	0.4	0.4	0.6
Property, plant and equipment	5.8	0.4	0.2	5.2
Other non-current assets	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	(0.0)
Deferred tax assets	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Inventories	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.5
Contract assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade and other receivables	6.6	1.7	1.1	3.8
Current tax assets	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.1
Other assets	(0.1)	0.0	0.0	(0.1)
Net cash	5.7	2.1	0.6	3.0
Assets held for sale	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Provisions	(0.4)	0.0	0.0	(0.4)
Employee benefit liabilities	(0.7)	(0.6)	0.0	(0.1)
Borrowings and financial debt	(4.4)	(1.0)	(0.3)	(3.1)
Deferred tax liabilities	(5.0)	(1.0)	(0.1)	(4.0)
Lease liabilities	(1.5)	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.6)
Other non-current liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Current provisions	(0.1)	0.0	0.0	(0.1)
Current tax liabilities	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
Trade and other payables	(2.6)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(1.9)
Contract liabilities	(0.4)	0.0	0.0	(0.4)
Other liabilities	(2.1)	(0.5)	(0.3)	(1.4)
TOTAL IDENTIFIABLE NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE	17.4	5.2	1.3	10.8
Non-controlling interests (-)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Goodwill	27.6	4.3	7.8	15.6
PURCHASE PRICE	51.0	9.5	9.2	32.4
Acquisition-related transaction costs	1.5	0.0	0.1	1.4

Since their acquisition, the companies acquired in 2023 have contributed $\[\in \]$ 13.7 million to revenue, $\[\in \]$ 3.3 million to adjusted EBITDA, $\[\in \]$ 2.2 million to operating income (before amortization of intangible assets recognized in a business combination) and $\[\in \]$ 1.4 million to net income. If these acquisitions had taken place at the beginning of 2023, the additional revenue would have been $\[\in \]$ 11.6 million, with additional adjusted EBITDA of $\[\in \]$ 1.8 million, additional operating income (before amortization of intangible

assets recognized in a business combination) of §1.0 million, and additional net income of §0.9 million.

Residual goodwill

Residual goodwill reflects unidentifiable items, such as the Group's human capital and the expected synergies arising from the acquisitions.

CASH FLOWS FROM ACQUISITIONS

(In millions of euros)	2023	Gruppo Indaco	Compañia de Tratamientos Levante	Lavartex	Other acquisitions
Net cash acquired including subsidiaries	5.7	2.1	0.6	0.0	3.0
Cash outflows for the acquisition	(53.4)	(9.1)	(9.1)	0.0	(35.3)
Earnouts and deferred consideration	(34.4)	0.0	0.0	(31.4)	(3.0)
NET CASH FLOW	(82.1)	(7.0)	(8.4)	(31.4)	(35.3)

2.5 Off-balance sheet commitments relating to changes in the consolidation scope

Commitments given relate to guarantees granted by Elis in connection with disposals. There were no commitments given as at December 31, 2024 or as at December 31, 2023.

Commitments received totaled $\[\le \]$ 165.9 million as at December 31, 2024 (compared to $\[\le \]$ 138.2 million as at December 31, 2023) and correspond to the maximum guarantees granted to Elis in connection with its acquisitions.

2.6 Events after the reporting period relating to changes in the consolidation scope

Major acquisitions

In Switzerland

On January 10, 2025, the Group acquired 100% of Wäscherei Bodensee AG. The company, which has two laundries in the central and eastern regions of the country, provides rental & maintenance services in flat linen, mainly for Healthcare (hospitals and nursing homes) and Hospitality customers. The company has 220 employees, and the management team will remain in place to support business growth. Wäscherei Bodensee's revenue was €27 million in 2024.

This new acquisition will strengthen Elis's network in Switzerland and expand the Healthcare customer portfolio in the country.

Other acquisitions

Other business combinations carried out after the reporting period:

- February 20, 2025: 100% of Blanchisserie BSC and SCI Tacerna in France (revenue of around €4.0 million; 40 employees);
- February 28, 2025: 100% of BeMicron in Belgium (Cleanroom, revenue of around €0.8 million; 2 employees);
- March 3, 2025: 100% of Profilakse in Latvia (Pest Control, revenue of around €0,3 million; 10 employees).

These bolt-on acquisitions help consolidate the Group's position in these various countries.

NOTE 3 **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Accounting policies

The Group is structured into six main operating segments, based mainly on geography. In grouping different countries together, the Group used its best judgment and considered that the groupings presented best reflect the similar economic characteristics and long-term growth maturity of each country.

The geographical breakdown of rental and maintenance services for textiles and hygiene and well-being appliances is as follows:

- > Central Europe: Germany & Austria, Belgium & Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Poland, the Czech Republic, Hungary & Slovakia and Switzerland:
- > Scandinavia & Eastern Europe: Denmark, Finland, Norway, Sweden, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Russia;

- UK & Ireland;
- › Latin America: Brazil, Chile, Colombia and Mexico;
- › Southern Europe: Spain & Andorra, Italy and Portugal.

The other segments include the manufacturing entities that comprise the cash-generating units Le Jacquard Français (designer and manufacturer of table, kitchen and bath linen in France) and Kennedy Hygiene (manufacturer of hygiene appliances in the United Kingdom), the holding companies and

To track performance, management monitors each segment's adjusted EBITDA. Financing costs and income tax expense are primarily monitored at the Group level. Assets and liabilities for each segment are not regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker.

3.1 Revenue

2024

(In millions of euros)	France	Central Europe	Scandinavia & Eastern Europe	UK & Ireland	Latin America	Southern Europe	Eliminations & other segments	
External customers	1,354.6	1,137.9	619.6	570.1	455.4	405.4	30.7	4,573.7
Inter-segment	1.5	5.8	0.1	0.1	(0.0)	0.6	(8.2)	0.0
SEGMENT REVENUE	1,356.1	1,143.7	619.7	570.2	455.4	406.0	25.4	4,573.7

2023

(In millions of euros)	France	Central Europe	Scandinavia & Eastern Europe	UK & Ireland	Latin America	Southern Europe	Eliminations & other segments	
External customers	1,311.6	1,013.4	599.2	534.9	444.9	379.2	26.1	4,309.4
Inter-segment	3.8	4.7	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.6	(9.4)	0.0
SEGMENT REVENUE	1,315.4	1,018.2	599.3	535.1	444.9	379.8	16.7	4,309.4

3.2 Income (loss)

Non-IFRS indicators

Adjusted EBIT is defined as net income (loss) before net financial income (loss), income tax, share in net income of equity-accounted companies, amortization of intangible assets recognized in a business combination, goodwill impairment losses, other operating income and expenses, miscellaneous financial items (bank fees recognized in operating income) and IFRS 2 expense (share-based payments). A reconciliation of adjusted EBIT with the consolidated income statement is presented below.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as adjusted EBIT before depreciation and amortization, net of the portion of grants transferred to income. A reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA with the consolidated income statement is presented below.

2024

(In millions of euros)	Notes	France	Central Europe	Scandinavia & Eastern Europe	UK & Ireland	Latin America	Southern Europe	Eliminations & other segments	Total
ADJUSTED EBITDA		566.8	369.9	218.7	180.3	159.0	132.4	(17.3)	1,609.8
Adjusted EBITDA margin		41.8%	32.3%	35.3%	31.6%	34.9%	32.6%		35.2%
Depreciation and amortization, net of the portion of grants transferred to income	4.4	(255.6)	(210.6)	(117.7)	(130.0)	(85.6)	(76.1)	(1.3)	(876.8)
ADJUSTED EBIT		311.2	159.3	101.1	50.4	73.3	56.3	(18.6)	733.0
Adjusted EBIT margin		22.9%	13.9%	16.3%	8.8%	16.1%	13.9%		16.0%
Miscellaneous financial items									(1.8)
Other operating income and expenses	4.6								(18.5)
Expenses related to share- based payments	5.2								(31.4)
Amortization of intangible assets recognized in a business combination	6.2								(84.9)
OPERATING INCOME									596.4

2023

			Central	Scandinavia & Eastern	UK	Latin	Southern	Eliminations & other	
(In millions of euros)	Notes	France	Europe	Europe	& Ireland	America	Europe	segments	Total
ADJUSTED EBITDA		529.7	310.9	218.5	164.4	153.0	117.1	(18.9)	1,474.8
Adjusted EBITDA margin		40.3%	30.5%	36.5%	30.7%	34.4%	30.8%		34.2%
Depreciation and amortization, net of the portion of grants transferred to income	4.4	(225.3)	(188.2)	(108.2)	(117.7)	(82.7)	(68.2)	(1.3)	(791.7)
ADJUSTED EBIT		304.4	122.7	110.3	46.7	70.3	48.9	(20.3)	683.1
Adjusted EBIT margin		23.1%	12.1%	18.4%	8.7%	15.8%	12.9%		15.9%
Miscellaneous financial items									(1.6)
Other operating income and expenses	4.6								(67.9)
Expenses related to share- based payments	5.2								(31.1)
Amortization of intangible assets recognized in a business combination	6.2								(85.7)
OPERATING INCOME	0.2								496.8

3.3 Information by region

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
France (including Le Jacquard Français)	1,364.0	1,321.4
Germany	592.8	548.3
United Kingdom (including Kennedy Hygiene)	476.8	444.1
Spain	271.3	253.5
Brazil	266.1	263.7
Denmark	242.4	242.3
Sweden	232.5	218.0
Netherlands	229.2	171.8
Switzerland	127.3	122.1
Mexico	124.4	118.0
Republic of Ireland (Eire)	109.3	106.5
Russia	20.4	20.0
Other countries	517.2	479.5
REVENUE	4,573.7	4,309.4

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
France (including Le Jacquard Français)	2,536.6	2,475.8
Sweden	715.5	747.0
Denmark	621.6	632.0
Germany	605.3	551.7
Netherlands	558.5	497.7
United Kingdom (including Kennedy Hygiene)	488.0	468.0
Brazil	377.6	443.4
Spain	332.7	310.0
Mexico	247.4	282.7
Switzerland	166.6	165.9
Republic of Ireland (Eire)	150.8	150.2
Russia	15.2	16.0
Other countries	687.6	670.7
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	7,503.5	7,411.3

The non-current assets presented above comprise goodwill, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets.

NOTE 4 OPERATING DATA

4.1 Revenue

Accounting policies

Services

Revenue from services is recognized as and when the services are rendered.

The five-step model introduced by IFRS 15 requires, among other things, the identification of the performance obligations set out in each service contract. Almost all of the Group's revenue is derived from the sale of services under multi-year contracts. An analysis of contracts shows that, in general, the various services promised to customers constitute a single performance obligation.

Revenue from services is recognized in the period in which the services are delivered, as the customer benefits from these services as and when Elis delivers them. These services are most often invoiced and paid on a monthly basis: Group entities are entitled to receive payment from a customer for an amount directly corresponding to the value to the customer of the performance obligation they have fulfilled up to the relevant date.

Where these services are invoiced in advance as part of a subscription of one month or more, the portion of the invoice corresponding to a service not yet rendered is recognized under "Contract liabilities."

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized on the date on which control of the asset sold is transferred to the customer.

4.2 Disaggregation of revenue

Revenue from services is generated by three main activities: flat linen, workwear, and hygiene and well-being solutions. These services are rendered to customers who mainly operate in the Hospitality, Industry, Commerce and Services, and Healthcare sectors.

2024

(In millions of euros)	France	Central Europe	Scandinavia & Eastern Europe	UK & Ireland	Latin America	Southern Europe	Other segments	Total
Flat linen	563.9	414.5	132.0	357.8	385.6	250.5	0.0	2,104.3
Workwear	493.2	585.8	240.8	172.2	70.4	104.2	1.3	1,667.9
Hygiene and well-being equipment	337.1	115.0	204.2	30.3	0.0	52.8	0.0	739.4
Other	(39.6)	22.5	42.4	9.9	(0.5)	(2.1)	29.4	62.0
Revenue by service	1,354.6	1,137.9	619.6	570.1	455.4	405.4	30.7	4,573.7
Hospitality	478.2	171.0	112.6	192.9	46.4	194.9	0.0	1,196.0
Industry	256.4	376.7	320.1	96.1	84.2	75.2	18.8	1,227.6
Healthcare	237.3	406.1	87.7	222.6	321.6	66.9	0.0	1,342.2
Commerce and Services	420.9	184.0	99.2	58.5	3.2	68.4	2.6	836.9
Other	(38.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	0.0	9.3	(28.9)
Revenue by customer segment	1,354.6	1,137.9	619.6	570.1	455.4	405.4	30.7	4,573.7
Services (supplied over a given period)	1,347.7	1,111.5	577.7	555.1	450.6	405.0	3.9	4,451.6
Sales of goods (supplied on a specific date)	6.9	26.4	41.9	15.0	4.8	0.4	26.7	122.1
REVENUE	1,354.6	1,137.9	619.6	570.1	455.4	405.4	30.7	4,573.7

2023

(In millions of euros)	France	Central Europe	Scandinavia & Eastern Europe	UK & Ireland	Latin America	Southern Europe	Other segments	Total
Flat linen	543.1	370.6	126.6	339.4	376.7	236.9	0.0	1,993.2
Workwear	470.2	524.2	229.6	157.3	67.8	96.6	0.0	1,545.7
Hygiene and well-being equipment	335.8	96.6	202.3	27.7	0.0	46.5	0.3	709.2
Other	(37.4)	22.0	40.8	10.5	0.3	(0.7)	25.8	61.3
Revenue by service	1,311.6	1,013.4	599.2	534.9	444.9	379.2	26.1	4,309.4
Hospitality	463.7	139.5	111.7	187.0	43.5	183.0	0.0	1,128.4
Industry	244.7	329.6	311.1	84.4	80.3	71.1	15.8	1,137.0
Healthcare	227.9	389.1	79.3	203.0	318.2	62.4	0.0	1,279.9
Commerce and Services	411.5	155.2	97.1	60.5	2.9	62.8	0.6	790.6
Other	(36.2)	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.8	(26.4)
Revenue by customer segment	1,311.6	1,013.4	599.2	534.9	444.9	379.2	26.1	4,309.4
Services (supplied over a given period)	1,303.4	986.1	558.5	520.3	439.8	378.8	0.5	4,187.5
Sales of goods (supplied on a specific date)	8.2	27.0	40.7	14.6	5.0	0.5	25.6	121.6
REVENUE	1,311.6	1,013.4	599.2	534.9	444.9	379.2	26.1	4,309.4

4.3 Contract balances

Accounting policies

Contract assets

Current contract assets represent services that were rendered to customers during the final months of the reporting period and for which invoices have not yet been issued. These amounts are transferred to trade receivables when the Group acquires an unconditional right to the receivable. This generally happens when the invoice is sent to the customers.

Contract liabilities

Current contract liabilities reflect deferred income, i.e., the invoicing of services that will mainly be performed in the month following the close of the reporting period.

Contract costs

IFRS 15 requires that the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer whose term exceeds one year must be recognized in assets and amortized over the same period. In the Group's case, this asset item corresponds in particular to sales commissions paid in proportion to the amount or number of contracts signed. The change in this asset item (classified as "Non-current" assets") between two reporting periods is recognized in the income statement under "Selling, general and administrative expenses."

The amounts of trade receivables and assets and liabilities on contracts with customers are presented in Note 4.4 "Trade and other receivables and contract assets" and Note 4.9 "Other current assets and liabilities."

Revenue recognized during the year includes the full amount that was shown in the opening balance of contract liabilities at the beginning of the year.

4.4 Trade and other receivables and contract assets

Accounting policies

Trade and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted on an active market. They are included in current assets.

Trade receivables are subject to impairment for "expected credit losses," which requires the Group to exercise its judgment in assessing expected credit losses over the entire life of the receivable.

To do this, the Group mainly uses an impairment matrix based on historical data. These impairment losses are recognized in operating income.

The Group derecognizes financial assets whenever the contractual rights to the assets expire or are relinquished by the Company or when the Company transfers or assigns its rights and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards.

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Trade receivables and notes receivable (gross)	824.4	807.9
(-) Impairment of trade receivables	(53.4)	(57.2)
TRADE RECEIVABLES AND NOTES RECEIVABLE	771.1	750.7
Other receivables	68.3	72.8
TOTAL TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	839.4	823.5
Contract assets	53.1	51.9
TOTAL TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT ASSETS	892.5	875.4
collection expected in less than one year	892.5	875.4
collection expected in more than one year	0.0	0.0

Changes in trade and other receivables and contract assets during the financial years presented are analyzed as follows:

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
As at January 1	875.4	792.0
Change in gross WC	22.2	68.7
Change in write-downs	(6.4)	(2.1)
Change in net WC	15.8	66.6
Increase related to business combinations	16.2	6.6
Translation differences	(13.7)	6.4
Change in receivables on disposal of fixed assets	(0.1)	(0.2)
Other movements	(1.1)	3.9
AT DECEMBER 31	892.5	875.4

Movements in the impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

(In millions of euros)	Impairment loss
As at 12/31/2023	(57.2)
Movements for the year	(6.4)
Changes in consolidation scope	(0.3)
Translation differences	1.5
Other	9.0
AS AT 12/31/2024	(53.4)

Credit risk

The management of credit risk is described in detail in Note 8.1 "Financial risk management."

4.5 Depreciation, amortization, provisions and other costs by type

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
Depreciation and amortization (net of the portion of grants transferred to income) included in EBIT:	(876.8)	(791.7)
Textile rental & maintenance items	(537.6)	(482.1)
› Other leased items	(35.3)	(32.7)
Other property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(172.5)	(161.6)
Right-of-use assets	(132.2)	(115.8)
› Portion of grants transferred to income	0.9	0.5
Impairment losses recognized in Other operating income and expenses	(3.3)	(0.0)
Amortization of intangible assets recognized in a business combination	(84.9)	(85.7)
TOTAL DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION (NET OF THE PORTION OF GRANTS TRANSFERRED TO INCOME)	(965.0)	(877.4)
Additions to or reversals of provisions included in EBIT	3.3	(6.7)
Included in Other operating income and expenses	(0.7)	(1.4)
TOTAL ADDITIONS TO OR REVERSALS OF PROVISIONS	2.6	(8.1)

4.6 Other operating income and expenses

Accounting policies

Items of material amounts that are unusual, abnormal or infrequent are disclosed separately in the income statement under "Other operating income and expenses," in order to better reflect Group performance.

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
Major acquisition-related transaction costs	(5.2)	(1.5)
Earnout adjustments	8.7	(48.9)
Restructuring costs	(7.3)	(5.2)
Non-capitalizable costs related to the change of main IT systems	(5.2)	(5.1)
Litigation	(0.5)	(2.6)
Net gain (loss) related to retirement of fixed assets	(1.5)	(1.2)
Expenses relating to site disposal	(0.2)	(0.9)
Environmental rehabilitation – costs net of changes in provisions	(2.6)	(5.7)
Asset impairments (fire)	(3.3)	(0.0)
Employee benefits - effect of plan changes	0.0	0.9
Other	(1.4)	2.3
OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES	(18.5)	(67.9)
of which monetary items	(22.2)	(16.9)
of which asset impairments included in Other operating income and expenses	(3.3)	(0.0)
 of which additions, net of reversals, to the provisions included in Other operating income and expenses 	(0.7)	(1.4)
of which net gain (loss) on disposal of non-current assets	(1.5)	(1.2)
of which earnout adjustments	8.7	(48.9)
,		` ′
of which other income and expenses with no impact on cash flows	0.5	0.5

Other operating income and expenses were significantly affected in 2023 due to the revaluation of the earnout pertaining to the acquisition carried out in Mexico in 2022, the acquired group's financial prospects having been revised upward twice during the 2023 financial year, taking into account its performance in the first half of 2023, and then in the second half of 2023.

4.7 Inventories

Accounting policies

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Impairment losses are recognized whenever the probable realizable value is lower than the cost price.

Inventories of raw materials, consumables, spare parts and goods for resale are recorded at acquisition cost and have high turnover

Goods in progress and finished goods (linen, textiles and hygiene appliances) are measured at production cost, which includes:

- the acquisition cost of raw materials;
- direct production costs;
- overhead that can be reasonably linked to the production of the goods.

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Raw materials, supplies	37.3	41.6
Work in progress	0.5	0.3
Intermediate and finished goods	9.0	16.4
Goods for resale	153.1	127.2
INVENTORIES	200.0	185.6
o/w inventories (at cost)	208.8	194.2
o/w write-downs	(8.9)	(8.6)

Changes in net inventories during the financial years presented are analyzed as follows:

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
As at January 1	185.6	195.2
Change in gross inventory	13.7	(9.9)
Change in write-downs	0.3	(2.4)
Change in net inventory	14.0	(12.3)
Increase related to business combinations	4.1	0.6
Translation differences	(3.1)	2.1
Other movements	(0.6)	0.0
AT DECEMBER 31	200.0	185.6

4.8 Trade and other payables

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Trade payables	366.5	355.7
Trade payables (fixed assets)	24.6	33.6
Other payables	18.4	15.5
TOTAL TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	409.6	404.8

Changes in trade and other payables during the financial years presented are analyzed as follows:

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
As at January 1	404.8	364.8
Change in WC	10.6	1.7
Increase related to business combinations	8.4	2.7
Translation differences	(4.4)	2.5
Change in trade payables (fixed assets)	(7.1)	5.4
Other movements	(2.6)	27.8
AT DECEMBER 31	409.6	404.8

[&]quot;Other movements" include item-to-item transfers.

Supplier financing contracts

The Group has classified its debts relating to reverse factoring operations carried out by its Spanish subsidiaries on the same line of the balance sheet and of the cash flow statement as trade payables, to the extent that the nature and function of said debt is similar to those of trade payables. As at December 31, 2024, the amount in question was $\{4.6 \text{ million}, \text{ of which } \{0.6 \text{ million}\}$

already been paid to suppliers prior to the due date by the financial institution in charge of such operations since January 2021 (\pounds 2.6 million and \pounds 0.7 million, respectively, as at December 31, 2023). These trade payables have the same payment terms as those for other suppliers not included in this program, that is, 60 days.

4.9 Other current assets and liabilities

(In millions of euros) No	otes	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Prepaid expenses		19.4	15.7
Current asset derivatives - cash flow hedging	8.8	4.7	0.2
Other current asset derivatives		1.0	1.2
Other assets		2.5	2.2
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS		27.6	19.3
Deposits received		10.0	9.1
Payroll-related liabilities		278.5	259.1
Tax liabilities and other debt		169.7	170.5
Deferred consideration payable on acquisitions		19.1	86.2
Liability for repurchase commitments to non-controlling interests		0.0	0.0
Current liability derivatives - cash flow hedging	8.8	0.0	3.1
Other current liability derivatives		0.5	2.7
Investment grants		4.8	1.6
TOTAL OTHER LIABILITIES		482.6	532.2
Contract liabilities		86.4	83.7
TOTAL CONTRACT AND OTHER LIABILITIES		569.0	615.9

Changes in other assets during the financial years presented are analyzed as follows:

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
As at January 1	19.3	17.4
Change in WC	3.5	1.4
Increase related to business combinations	0.4	(0.1)
Translation differences	(0.1)	0.1
Change in derivatives	4.3	(0.3)
Other movements	0.2	0.8
AT DECEMBER 31	27.6	19.3

The changes in contract and other liabilities during the financial years presented are as follows:

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
As at January 1	615.9	533.7
Change in WC	21.3	52.5
Increase related to business combinations	7.2	2.5
Translation differences	(6.1)	3.8
Change in debt related to business combinations	(67.7)	53.0
Change in derivatives	(5.3)	(1.6)
Other movements	3.6	(28.1)
AT DECEMBER 31	569.0	615.9

The change in other liabilities can be explained primarily by the upward revision of the Mexican earnout in 2023 and its subsequent payment in 2024.

[&]quot;Other movements" include item-to-item reclassifications.

NOTE 5 Employee benefits expense

5.1 Average workforce

(In number of people)	2024	2023
Executives	4,041	3,969
Supervisory personnel	3,112	3,113
Employees	5,744	5,376
Service employees	7,944	7,329
Other employees	35,916	35,105
Total employees per category	56,757	54,892
France	13,171	12,951
Other countries	43,586	41,941
Total employees	56,757	54,892

5.2 Expenses related to employee benefits

Accounting policies

In the case of post-employment defined benefit plans, the cost of benefits is estimated using the projected unit credit method. Under this method, rights to benefits are allocated to service periods using the plan's vesting formula and by applying a linear progression when vesting is not uniform over subsequent service periods. Future payments corresponding to benefits granted to employees are estimated on the basis of assumptions regarding salary increase rates, retirement age and mortality, after which their present value is calculated using the interest rate on long-term bonds issued by investment grade issuers.

Actuarial gains and losses relating to obligations arising as a result of defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Payments by the Group to defined contribution plans are expensed as incurred.

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
Wages and salaries	(1,456.7)	(1,351.7)
Payroll taxes	(370.5)	(338.3)
Mandatory/optional profit-sharing	(51.6)	(48.1)
Other employee benefits	2.3	3.5
Equity-settled share-based payments	(27.1)	(22.9)
Equity-settled share-based payments (social contributions)	(4.3)	(8.2)
TOTAL EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES	(1,907.9)	(1,765.7)

5.3 **Employee benefit assets/liabilities**

Accounting policies

Defined contribution plans

The Group pays contributions under a range of mandatory systems or on a voluntary basis under contractual agreements. The Group's obligation is limited to paying the contributions.

Defined benefit plans

The Elis Group's commitments to defined benefit plans and other post-employment benefits relating to its French subsidiaries

- > supplementary retirement benefits paid to a category of senior executives. The supplementary retirement plan, for which all the beneficiaries have already retired, is now closed;
- retirement benefits to be paid to employees when they retire in accordance with French regulations;
- > long-service awards, for which the amount paid depends on

The Group's end-of-service benefit obligations toward employees of its French subsidiaries are now measured pursuant to the IFRS IC decision "Attributing Benefit to Periods of Service

The commitments of the Group's subsidiaries in the United **Kingdom** are grouped in a single pension plan specific to them. These commitments are covered by a dedicated external fund set up on February 1, 2016, and covering all commitments at that date, so as not to have to make additional payments except in extraordinary circumstances. The last three-year review of the fund's valuation under UK regulations was carried out in February 2022 and confirmed the fund's ability to meet its commitments.

The benefits paid to the beneficiaries of this plan depend on their seniority in the plan and their compensation in the final years preceding their retirement. The benefits paid are adjusted by 5% each year for rights vested before February 1, 1999, and in line with the Consumer Price Index for commitments vested after that date. The terms and conditions governing the management of the plan's assets are defined by UK regulations, as well as the relationship between the Group and the managers (trustees) of the fund. Responsibility for the management of the fund, including decisions on asset allocation and calls for contributions, rests jointly with the Group and the fund managers, the latter comprising representatives of the Group and beneficiaries of the plan in accordance with current regulations.

A comparatively small defined benefit plan also exists in the Republic of Ireland. It is similarly covered by a dedicated external fund.

The commitments of the **Group's subsidiaries in Sweden** stem mainly from their participation in the ITP-2 plan covering certain categories of private sector employees born before 1978.

The Group's Swiss subsidiaries have employee benefit liabilities in accordance with the Swiss Law on Occupational Benefits.

Employee-related liabilities

The corresponding obligations are measured using the projected unit credit method.

The Group's obligations are partially funded by external funds. Unfunded amounts are covered by provisions recognized in the balance sheet.

The following table shows changes in the balance of the net liability recognized as defined benefits:

(In millions of euros)	Obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net Liability (Asset)
AS AT JANUARY 1, 2023	410.7	363.3	47.4
Current service cost	3.8	-	3.8
Interest expense	17.6	16.1	1.5
Benefit paid	(26.5)	(26.4)	(0.1)
Employee contributions	4.6	4.6	-
Employer contributions	-	6.0	(6.0)
Past service cost	0.0	-	0.0
Plan amendments	(0.9)	-	(0.9)
Plan curtailments or settlements	(0.4)	-	(0.4)
Actuarial gains and losses	23.7	(0.0)	23.7
Return on plan assets	-	(4.3)	4.3
Change in the effect of the asset ceiling	0.7	-	0.7
Increase related to business combinations and other movements	-	-	-
Reclassification to liabilities directly related to assets held for sale	-	-	-
Translation adjustments	10.1	9.3	0.8
AS AT 12/31/2023	443.4	368.5	74.9
Current service cost	5.4	-	5.4
Interest expense	17.5	15.3	2.2
Benefit paid	(21.8)	(21.5)	(0.3)
Employee contributions	4.9	4.9	-
Employer contributions	-	7.5	(7.5)
Past service cost	(0.0)	-	(0.0)
Plan amendments	(0.1)	-	(0.1)
Plan curtailments or settlements	(0.1)	-	(0.1)
Actuarial gains and losses	(11.8)	0.1	(11.9)
Return on plan assets	-	(30.0)	30.0
Change in the effect of the asset ceiling	-	-	-
Increase related to business combinations and other movements	0.1	(0.5)	0.6
Reclassification to liabilities directly related to assets held for sale	-	-	-
Translation adjustments	10.3	11.8	(1.4)
AS AT 12/31/2024	447.8	356.2	91.6

The Group's net long-term commitments to employees increased by \$16.7 million in 2024, mainly due to the increase in rates over the financial year. Actuarial gains and losses of \$11.8 million reducing gross commitments – determined by market rates applicable to commercial enterprises for currencies and terms similar to those of the commitments – did not offset the \$30 million negative return on

plan assets, invested in instruments chosen by their managers to vary in line with the technical reserves calculated to cover these commitments using government bond rates. These two changes are classified in consolidated other comprehensive income.

FUNDED STATUS OF EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATION

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Present value of unfunded obligations	68.0	69.0
Present value of partially or fully funded obligations	379.8	374.4
Total value of defined benefit plan obligations (1)	447.8	443.4
Fair value of plan assets (2)	356.2	368.5
NET VALUE OF DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN LIABILITY (ASSET) (3) = (1) - (2)	91.6	74.9
Other long-term benefits (4)	12.5	3.5
LIABILITIES (ASSETS) RELATED TO LONG-TERM EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (5)=(3)+(4)	104.1	78.3

INFORMATION BY REGION

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
France	41.0	39.2
United Kingdom	3.7	(8.2)
Ireland	(4.5)	(4.2)
Sweden	24.2	26.8
Switzerland	20.9	15.1
Other countries	6.2	6.1
LIABILITIES (ASSETS) RELATED TO DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS	91.6	74.9
Other long-term benefits	12.5	3.5
LIABILITIES (ASSETS) RELATED TO LONG-TERM EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	104.1	78.3

FRANCE - DETAILS

	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Discount rate	3.3%	3.1%
Expected salary increase rate	inflation +0/6%	inflation +0/6%

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Present value of unfunded obligations	38.0	36.5
Present value of partially or fully funded obligations	11.6	7.6
TOTAL VALUE OF DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN OBLIGATIONS (1)	49.6	44.1
Fair value of plan assets (2)	8.6	4.9
TOTAL VALUE OF DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS LIABILITY (3) = (1) - (2)	41.0	39.2

	Sensitivity France
Discount rate: -0.5% impact	+4.4%
Discount rate: +0.5% impact	-3.8%
Expected salary/retirement benefit increase rate: -0.5 impact	-5.1%
Expected salary/retirement benefit increase rate: +0.5 impact	+5.1%

(In millions of euros)	France
Expected contribution for next financial year	7.9
Weighted average duration of the obligations (in years)	9

(In millions of euros)	France
Cash and cash equivalents	0.1
Shares	2.6
Bonds	4.6
Properties & mortgages	0.9
Derivatives	0.4
FAIR VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS	8.6

IRELAND - DETAILS

	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Discount rate	3.5%	3.3%
Expected salary increase rate	2.7%	3.1%
Expected retirement benefit increase rate	3.0%	3.0%

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Present value of unfunded obligations	0.0	0.0
Present value of partially or fully funded obligations	21.4	22.3
TOTAL VALUE OF DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN OBLIGATIONS (1)	21.4	22.3
Fair value of plan assets (2)	25.9	26.5
TOTAL VALUE OF DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS LIABILITY (3) = (1) - (2)	(4.5)	(4.2)

	12/31/2024
Discount rate: -0.5% impact	8.2%
Discount rate: +0.5% impact	-6.5%
Expected salary benefit increase rate: -0.5 impact	-1.1%
Expected salary benefit increase rate: +0.5 impact	1.1%
Expected retirement benefit increase rate: -0.5 impact	-
Expected retirement benefit increase rate: +0.5 impact	-

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024
Expected contribution for next financial year	0.3
Weighted average duration of the obligations (in years)	15

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024
Cash and cash equivalents	0.2
Shares	4.2
Bonds	18.4
Properties & mortgages	0.0
Derivatives	3.0
FAIR VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS	25.9

UNITED KINGDOM - DETAILS

	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Discount rate	5.5%	4.8%
Expected salary increase rate	2.8%	2.7%
Expected retirement benefit increase rate	2.9%	2.8%
(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Present value of unfunded obligations	0.0	0.0
Present value of partially or fully funded obligations	261.0	269.5
TOTAL VALUE OF DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN OBLIGATIONS (1)	261.0	269.5
Fair value of plan assets (2)	257.3	277.7

	12/31/2024
Discount rate: -0.5% impact	6.0%
Discount rate: +0.5% impact	-5.4%
Expected salary benefit increase rate: -0.5 impact	0.0%
Expected salary benefit increase rate: +0.5 impact	0.0%
Expected retirement benefit increase rate: -0.5 impact	-2.2%
Expected retirement benefit increase rate: +0.5 impact	2.3%

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024
Expected contribution for next financial year	0.2
Weighted average duration of the obligations (in years)	12

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024
Cash and cash equivalents	6.3
Shares	28.4
Bonds	118.3
Properties & mortgages	0,0
Derivatives	104.2
FAIR VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS	257.3

SWEDEN - DETAILS

	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Discount rate	3.6%	3.3%
Expected retirement benefit increase rate	2.0%	2.0%
(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Present value of unfunded obligations	24.2	26.8
Present value of partially or fully funded obligations	0.0	0.0
TOTAL VALUE OF DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN OBLIGATIONS (1)	24.2	26.8
Fair value of plan assets (2)	0.0	0.0
TOTAL VALUE OF DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS LIABILITY (3) = (1) - (2)	24.2	26.8

	12/31/2024
Discount rate: -0.5% impact	7.0%
Discount rate: +0.5% impact	-6.4%
Expected retirement benefit increase rate: -0.5 impact	-
Expected retirement benefit increase rate: +0.5 impact	-

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024
Expected contribution for next financial year	1.1
Weighted average duration of the obligations (in years)	14

SWITZERLAND - DETAILS

	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Discount rate	0.8%	1.5%
Expected salary increase rate	1.0%	1.3%
Expected retirement benefit increase rate	-	-

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Present value of unfunded obligations	0.0	0.0
Present value of partially or fully funded obligations	85.4	74.5
TOTAL VALUE OF DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN OBLIGATIONS (1)	85.4	74.5
Fair value of plan assets (2)	64.5	59.4
TOTAL VALUE OF DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS LIABILITY (3) = (1) - (2)	20.9	15.1

	12/31/2024
Discount rate: -0.5% impact	8.4%
Discount rate: +0.5% impact	-7.3%
Expected salary benefit increase rate: -0.5 impact	-0.8%
Expected salary benefit increase rate: +0.5 impact	0.8%

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024
Expected contribution for next financial year	3.4
Weighted average duration of the obligations (in years)	9

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024
Cash and cash equivalents	2.1
Shares	24.1
Bonds	23.4
Properties & mortgages	11.1
Derivatives	3.8
FAIR VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS	64.5

5.4 Share-based payments

Accounting policies

Free performance share grants

In accordance with IFRS 2, Elis estimated the fair value of the plans based on the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured using the Monte Carlo model, which is determined by the share price fluctuations, and weighted by a reasonable assumption of meeting the share grant criteria. The cost, recognized through equity, is spread over the vesting period following the Management Board decision and is mentioned in Note 5.2 "Expenses related to employee benefits."

Group Savings Plan

The Group measures the IFRS 2 expense of the benefit offered to employees subscribing to its Group Savings Plan as the difference between the closing price of the Elis share on the subscription end date and the subscription price offered to employees.

Free performance share grants

The performance share allotment plans implemented by the Company, under which shares vested during the financial year or were still vesting at the end of the financial year, are as follows:

Free performance share grants	2022 – Plan no. 17	2023 – Plan no. 19	2023 – Plan no. 20	2024 – Plan no. 21	2024 – Plan no. 22	2024 – Plan no. 23
Date of shareholders' meeting	06/30/2020	05/25/2023	05/25/2023	05/25/2023	05/25/2023	05/25/2023
Date of Supervisory Board meeting	03/08/2022	03/07/2023 and 05/10/2023	03/07/2023 and 05/10/2023	12/14/2023, 01/05/2024 and 03/06/2024	12/14/2023 and 01/05/2024	12/14/2023, 01/05/2024 and 03/06/2024
Date of decision of the Management Board	05/20/2022	06/16/2023	12/22/2023	04/22/2024	05/15/2024	11/06/2024
Number of rights originally granted	500,500	1,251,994	6,559	990,040	29,250	16,730
Percentage of capital at the grant date	0.223	0.543	0.003	0.420	0.012	0.007
of which members of the Executive Committee	500,500	412,448	0	320,212	0	16,730
of which members of the Management Board:	240,128	197,827	0	162,519	0	0
 Xavier Martiré 	144,334	118,908	0	97,685	0	0
 Louis Guyot 	55,880	46,036	0	37,820	0	0
 Matthieu Lecharny 	39,914	32,883	0	27,014	0	0
Number of beneficiaries	11	513	4	486	18	1
of which members of the Executive Committee	11	11	0	10	0	1
 of which members of the Management Board 	3(0)	3(0)	0	3(0)	0	0
Grant date	05/20/2022	06/16/2023	12/22/2023	04/22/2024	05/15/2024	11/06/2024
Vesting date						
 members of the Management Board and the Executive Committee 	05/20/2025 ^(b)	06/16/2026 ^(b)		04/22/2027 ^(b)		11/06/2027 ^(b)
other beneficiaries		06/16/2025 ^(b)	12/22/2025 ^(b)	04/22/2026 ^(b)	05/15/2026 ^(b)	
End of share lock-up period						
 members of the Management Board and the Executive Committee 	05/20/2025 ^(c)	06/16/2026 ^(c)		04/22/2027 ^(c)		11/06/2027 ^(c)
other beneficiaries		06/16/2025 ^(c)	12/22/2025 ^(c)	04/22/2026 ^(c)	05/15/2026 ^(c)	
Rights vested as at 12/31/2024	0 ^(d)	O (d)	0 ^(d)	0 (q)	O (d)	O (d)
Number of rights lapsed or forfeited as at 12/31/2024	0	26,718	0	5,308	0	0
Number of rights outstanding as at 12/31/2024	500,500	1,225,276	6,559	984,732	29,250	16,730
of which members of the Executive Committee	500,500	388,960	0	320,212	0	16,730
of which members of the Management Board:	240,128	197,827	0	162,519	0	0
 Xavier Martiré 	144,334	118,908	0	97,685	0	0
 Louis Guyot 	55,880	46,036	0	37,820	0	0
 Matthieu Lecharny 	39,914	32,883	0	27,014	0	0
Number of working beneficiaries as at 12/31/2024	10	487	4	468	18	1
of which members of the Executive Committee	10	10	0	10	0	1
of which members of the Management Board	3 ^(a)	3 ^(a)	0	3(0)	0	0

- (a) Xavier Martiré, Louis Guyot and Matthieu Lecharny.
- (b) Shares vest at the end of a vesting period set at two years from the date of the grant for all beneficiaries, except for the members of the Executive Committee (including members of the Management Board) for whom the vesting period is set at three years from the date of the grant. Unless waived by the Management Board, the vesting of shares is contingent on uninterrupted, continuous service with the Group for the duration of the vesting period.
- (c) There is no lock-up period under these plans so the shares will be available and may be freely transferred by the beneficiaries at the end of the vesting period, subject to statutory blackout periods and the provisions of the Stock Market Code of Ethics regarding the prevention of market abuse. In addition, throughout their terms of office, each member of the Management Board is required to hold a number of shares in registered form set by the Supervisory Board in accordance with the compensation policy for corporate officers approved by the general shareholders' meeting.
- (d) In addition to what is stated under point (b), the performance conditions associated with the vesting of the shares were defined in reference to internal absolute criteria linked to consolidated revenue and consolidated EBIT, determined on the basis of the business plan, itself in line with market expectations, a CSR criterion and the performance of the Elis share price relative to a benchmark index. Furthermore, three thresholds have been defined to determine the achievement of the economic and CSR performance criteria at the end of the vesting period: a trigger threshold (lower limit), a target threshold and an outperformance threshold (upper limit). Regarding the stock market criterion, two thresholds have been defined (target and outperformance threshold). The performance measurement will be assessed on a straight-line basis between each limit. The number of shares to be delivered at the end of the vesting period will be determined in two stages: (i) a calculation depending on the attainment by each of the criteria of the threshold thus defined, the performance measurement being assessed on a straight-line basis between each limit and (ii) the application of a second limit to take account of the attainment or otherwise of the target thresholds. For the plans implemented from 2022 onward, with regard to the economic and CSR criteria, the number of shares to be delivered will be 0% if the target threshold (lower limit) is not reached; 25% if the target threshold is reached; 37.5% if the outperformance threshold (upper limit) is reached. For the stock market criterion, only the last two thresholds will apply. The second limit defined below will also apply: (i) if all four target thresholds have been achieved (or surpassed), irrespective of the deviation of the deviation of the deviation of the other two criteria from their respective larget threshold, the number of vested shares may not exceed 90% of the shares granted; (iv) if nolly two target threshold has been achieved (or surpassed), irrespective of th

Group Savings Plan

- Pursuant to the 27th and 28th resolutions of the extraordinary annual general shareholders' meeting on May 23, 2024, the Management Board, having received authorization from the Supervisory Board of December 14, 2023, which was confirmed on July 24, 2024, voted on July 25, 2024 for two capital increases without preferential subscription rights ("Elis for All 2024"), one reserved for employee members of Elis Group's savings plan and one reserved for employees of Elis's foreign subsidiaries operating in the following countries: Belgium, Brazil, Colombia, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.
- Pursuant to the 25th resolution of the extraordinary annual general shareholders' meeting on May 19, 2022 and the 21st resolution of the extraordinary annual general shareholders' meeting on May 25, 2023, the Management Board, having

received authorization from the Supervisory Board of December 15, 2022, voted on March 16, 2023 for two capital increases without preferential subscription rights ("Elis for All 2023"), one reserved for employee members of Elis Group's savings plan and one reserved for employees of Elis's foreign subsidiaries operating in the following countries: Belgium, Brazil, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Mexico, Norway, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

These transactions are intended to help grow the Elis Group's employee share ownership with the aim of bolstering its employees' sense of belonging by giving them the opportunity to be more closely connected to its future development and performance. They involve a so-called "standard" formula only, with a discount and matching contribution, under which the subscriber is fully exposed to changes in the Elis share price.

The table below sets out the main features of the plans and the valuation assumptions used:

Characteristics of employee share ownership operations	2024 plan	2023 plan
Date of general shareholders' meeting	05/23/2024	05/25/2023
Date of decision by the Chairman of the Management Board, setting the subscription price	09/16/2024	09/15/2023
Closing date of employee subscriptions	10/03/2024	10/04/2023
Plan maturity (in years)	3 or 5	3 or 5
Subscription price	€14.73	€12.13
Closing price on the capital increase date	€20.80	€16.15
Face value discount	30.00%	30.00%
Discount relative to price on the capital increase date	29.2%	24.9%
Number of shares matched	1 for 10	1 for 10
Amounts subscribed and valuation		
Subscription		
Amount subscribed by employees (in millions of euros)	10.6	8.2
Number of shares subscribed	721,930	673,510
Amount recognized as an expense (in millions of euros)	4.4	2.9
Matching contribution		
Number of new shares matched	39,017	38,688
Number of shares previously bought back matched	27,535	24,437
Amount recognized as an expense (in millions of euros)	1.4	1.0
Total		
Number of shares subscribed and matched	788,482	712,198
Amount recognized as an expense (in millions of euros)	5.8	3.9

5.5 Executive compensation (related party transactions)

As at December 31, 2024, the main executives comprise the ten members of the Executive Committee, along with the Chairman of the Management Board. The total compensation for the financial year awarded to the main executives is as follows:

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
Number of people	11	11
Short-term benefits - fixed, variable, special and other elements of compensation	(10.7)	(16.1)
Expenses related to share-based payments (IFRS 2)	(9.2)	(9.0)
Post-employment benefits	(4.2)	(3.2)
Other long-term benefits	0.0	(0.0)
Termination benefits	(1.0)	(0.0)

Post-employment benefits relate to a supplementary retirement plan in application of the provisions of Article L. 137-11-2 of the French Social Security Code (Pacte law). It is stipulated that this retirement plan is managed by the insurer Predica, a shareholder of Elis until October 2023.

Moreover, as at December 31, 2024, the employee benefit liability accrued for all post-employment benefits totaled $\$ 5.2 million ($\$ 4.7 million as at December 31, 2023).

Compensation allocated to members of the Supervisory Board (including the Chairman of the Supervisory Board) and expensed as directors' fees totaled €0.8 million for the 2024 financial year (€0.9 million in 2023). Elis's Supervisory Board is made up of 12 members and one non-voting member (censor) as at December 31, 2024 (and as at December 31, 2023).

NOTE 6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

6.1 Goodwill

Accounting policies

In accordance with IAS 36, the Elis Group allocates goodwill to its cash-generating units (CGUs) for the purposes of conducting impairment tests.

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Gross value	4,078.3	4,022.9
Accumulated impairment	(99.1)	(108.8)
CARRYING AMOUNT AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	3,979.2	3,914.1
Increase related to business combinations	48.0	27.6
Disposals	0.0	0.0
Translation adjustments	(83.9)	27.8
Other changes	(0.0)	0.0
CHANGES IN GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	(35.9)	55.5
Impairment recognized	0.0	0.0
Translation adjustments	1.6	9.7
Other changes	(0.0)	0.0
CHANGES IN ASSET IMPAIRMENTS	1.6	9.7
Gross value	4,042.4	4,078.3
Accumulated impairment	(97.5)	(99.1)

The carrying amount of goodwill is allocated to the main cash-generating units as follows:

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
CGU France	1,424.4	1,423.8
CGU Sweden & Finland	508.6	525.2
CGU Denmark	412.8	413.1
CGU Netherlands	383.7	365.4
CGU Brazil	223.3	267.1
CGU Germany	189.7	178.3
CGU Mexico	143.0	161.1
CGU Spain & Andorra	120.9	114.7
CGU Great Britain	102.9	98.2
CGU Poland	94.4	93.0
CGU Norway	90.2	94.7
CGU Ireland	76.1	76.1
CGU Switzerland	68.0	69.1
Other CGU	106.9	99.5
CARRYING VALUE OF GOODWILL	3,944.9	3,979.2

Recognition of impairment

Accounting policies

The method and assumptions used for impairment tests are described in Note 6.5 "Impairment losses on non-current assets."

Following the impairment tests carried out as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2024, the Group recorded no impairment losses.

6.2 Intangible assets

Accounting policies

Brands acquired in a business combination are recognized at fair value (valued using the relief from royalty method) at the acquisition date. Costs incurred to create a new brand or to develop an existing one are expensed.

Brands with finite useful lives are amortized over their useful lives. Brands with indefinite useful lives are not amortized but are tested for impairment on an annual basis. The same applies whenever there is an indication of impairment.

The following criteria are used to determine whether a brand has a finite or indefinite life:

- overall market positioning of the brand, measured by sales volume, international reach and reputation;
- long-term profitability outlook;
- exposure to fluctuations in the economy;
- > major developments in the industry liable to have an impact on the brand's future;
-) age of the brand.

Intangible assets (other than brands)

Intangible assets (other than brands) are measured at acquisition cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible assets have finite useful lives. Amortization is recognized as an expense generally on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets:

- textile patterns: 3 years;
- software: 5 years;
- > ERP: 15 years;
- acquired customer contracts and relationships: 4 to 14 years.

Amortization is recorded from the date the asset is first used.

(In millions of euros)	Trademarks & non-competition clauses	Customer relationships	Other	Total
Gross value	267.3	1,392.9	233.9	1,894.1
Accumulated amortization and impairment of assets	(54.5)	(921.3)	(154.8)	(1,130.6)
NET CARRYING AMOUNT AS AT JANUARY 1, 2023	212.8	471.5	79.0	763.4
Investments	0.0	0.0	26.8	26.8
Acquisitions through business combinations	0.0	20.6	0.0	20.7
Retirements and disposals	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Depreciation	(1.2)	(84.6)	(21.6)	(107.4)
Translation adjustments	0.4	7.3	(0.4)	7.3
Impairment recognized	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other movements	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.2)	(3.2)
Gross value	268.5	1,424.5	252.8	1,945.8
Accumulated amortization and impairment of assets	(56.4)	(1,009.6)	(172.1)	(1,238.2)
NET CARRYING AMOUNT AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	212.1	414.9	80.7	707.7
Investments	0.0	0.0	26.6	26.6
Acquisitions through business combinations	1.1	18.0	0.6	19.7
Retirements and disposals	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Depreciation	(1.1)	(83.8)	(22.7)	(107.6)
Translation adjustments	(0.3)	(11.8)	(0.2)	(12.2)
Impairment recognized	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other movements	(0.1)	0.1	0.0	0.0
Gross value	265.2	1,417.3	268.6	1,951.1
Accumulated amortization and impairment of assets	(53.5)	(1,079.9)	(183.6)	(1,316.9)

Other intangible assets consist primarily of software. "Other movements" include item-to-item transfers.

The values of the Group's brands, which are all derived from a business combination, measured for the purpose of allocating goodwill, are as follows:

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023	Amortization
Elis Brands	206.5	206.5	Not amortized
Other brands (textile & hygiene services)	2.7	2.9	3 to 5 years
Other brands (manufacturing entities)	2.2	2.2	
› Le Jacquard Français brand	0.9	0.9	Impairment loss
› Kennedy Hygiene brand	1.3	1.3	Not amortized
Non-competition clauses and miscellaneous	0.3	0.5	
TRADEMARKS & NON-COMPETITION CLAUSES	211.7	212.1	

Recognition of impairment

No brand impairment loss was recognized in the last two financial years. The Le Jacquard Français brand, worth €6.8 million gross, has an accumulated impairment loss of €5.9 million.

6.3 Right-of-use assets / Lease liabilities

The Group entered into lease agreements for a variety of assets including property, vehicles, machines, and other equipment. Real estate contracts typically go over several years, with a set rent amount based on an index or rate and with options to extend.

Accounting policies

Right-of-use assets

The Group records right-of-use assets on the lease start date (the date on which the underlying set of assets becomes available). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted according to the measurement of the lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets comprises the amount of the lease liability, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made before the start date, less any lease incentives received. Unless the Group is reasonably certain that ownership of the leased asset will be transferred at the end of the lease term, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the asset's estimated useful life or the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

Lease liabilities

As at the lease start date, the Group records lease liabilities as measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term. Lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees. Lease payments also include the exercise price for a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain will be exercised, as well as penalty payments for terminating a lease if the lease term reflects exercise of the termination option by the Group. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recorded as expenses in the period during which the event or condition that triggered the payments occurred.

To calculate the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate adjusted using a spread for each country as at the lease start date if the interest rate implicit in the lease cannot be readily determined. The rate also depends on the duration of the agreement. After the start date, the lease liability is increased to reflect interest incurred and reduced to reflect lease payments made. The carrying amount of the lease liability is remeasured in the event there is a change in the term of the lease, the in-substance fixed lease payments are changed, or the measurement is modified such that the underlying asset may be purchased.

In the statement of cash flows, these lease payments are presented in cash flows from financing activities, broken down between interest (recorded as financial expenses) and principal payments (presented on a separate line).

Simplification measures used

The Group applies the recognition exemption for short-term leases (leases with terms shorter than 12 months from the start date that do not include a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for the leasing of low-value assets (assets whose replacement cost is less than $\rm \xi4,000$). Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recorded as expenses on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. In the statement of cash flows, these lease payments are presented in cash flows from operating activities.

The Group has also chosen to use the simplification measure provided for in the standard whereby lease components are not separated from non-lease components (mainly for leased vehicles). Instead, these components are recognized as a single lease component.

Right-of-use assets

(In millions of euros)	Land and buildings	Vehicles	Plant & equipment	Total	Lease liabilities
AS AT JANUARY 1, 2023	311.4	147.4	8.1	466.9	485.4
Increase related to business combinations	1.1	0.3	0.0	1.5	1.5
New rights of use	26.9	103.4	2.3	132.6	132.6
Remeasuring of rights of use	22.1	2.3	0.6	24.9	24.9
Amortization	(48.2)	(64.1)	(3.6)	(115.9)	0.0
Impairment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Principal payments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(111.0)
Translation differences	5.0	0.5	0.1	5.6	5.9
Other movements	2.2	(3.3)	(0.7)	(1.9)	(1.0)
AS AT 12/31/2023	320.5	186.5	6.7	513.7	538.3
Increase related to business combinations	1.6	0.1	5.6	7.3	7.3
New rights of use	10.4	132.0	3.3	145.7	145.7
Remeasuring of rights of use	39.7	0.0	(0.0)	39.6	39.7
Amortization	(50.0)	(79.1)	(3.1)	(132.2)	0.0
Impairment	(0.4)	0.0	0.0	(0.4)	0.0
Principal payments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(125.0)
Translation differences	(4.9)	(0.6)	(0.1)	(5.5)	(6.3)
Other movements	5.1	(1.6)	(0.5)	3.0	4.2
AS AT 12/31/2024	322.0	237.3	11.8	571.1	603.8

The Group recognized lease expenses relating to:

- leases of low-value assets totaling €2.1 million during the 2024 financial year (versus €1.9 million in 2023);
- variable lease payments totaling €0.7 million during the 2024 financial year (versus €0.5 million in 2023).

The remaining contractual maturities of lease liabilities are as follows (undiscounted amounts):

(In millions of euros)	Carrying value	Cash flow 2025	Cash flow 2026	Cash flow 2027–2029	Cash flow 2030 and beyond	
Lease liabilities	603.8	145.7	126.9	273.4	172.2	718.1

short-term leases totaling €6.6 million during the 2024 financial year (versus €7.7 million in 2023);

Property, plant and equipment

Accounting policies

Items of property, plant and equipment are carried in the balance sheet at historical cost for the Group, less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

In accordance with IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment, only items whose cost can be measured reliably and from which future economic benefits are expected to flow to the Group are recognized as assets.

Assets leased out under agreements that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incident to ownership of the assets to the lessee (operating leases) are recognized as non-current assets. Assets under other leases (finance leases) are recognized as loans for the amount corresponding to the net investment in the lease.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

- buildings: component method:
 - structure, outside walls, roof: 40 to 50 years,
 - internal walls, partitions, painting and floor coverings: 10 to 12.5 years;
- production equipment: 10 to 30 years;
- vehicles: 4 to 8 years;
- office equipment and furniture: 5 to 10 years;
- IT equipment: 3 to 7 years;
- items related to rental-maintenance service agreements (textiles, equipment and other leased items) are initially recognized as inventories and are then capitalized and depreciated over a period of 18 months to five years.

Amortization is recorded from the date the asset is first used. Land is not depreciated.

(In millions of euros)	Land and buildings	Vehicles	Plant & equipment	Rental & maintenance items	Total
Gross value	932.8	138.9	1,802.6	2,440.7	5,315.0
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(352.2)	(122.6)	(1,202.8)	(1,597.6)	(3,275.2)
NET CARRYING AMOUNT AS AT JANUARY 1, 2023	580.7	16.2	599.8	843.2	2,039.8
Investments	41.2	3.4	136.4	621.6	802.6
Acquisitions through business combinations	3.3	0.5	0.7	1.3	5.8
Retirements and disposals	(0.6)	(0.2)	(1.3)	(4.8)	(7.0)
Depreciation	(30.7)	(6.7)	(102.5)	(514.8)	(654.7)
Translation adjustments	5.2	0.6	6.9	8.2	20.9
Impairment	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)
Other movements	13.1	0.6	(11.0)	0.6	3.3
Gross value	997.3	137.9	1,942.0	2,821.0	5,898.3
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(385.2)	(123.5)	(1,313.2)	(1,865.7)	(3,687.6)
NET CARRYING AMOUNT AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	612.0	14.4	628.8	955.4	2,210.7
Investments	32.9	2.8	187.9	628.8	852.4
Acquisitions through business combinations	29.9	1.8	14.0	7.6	53.4
Retirements and disposals	(4.2)	(0.4)	(0.3)	(9.5)	(14.5)
Depreciation	(34.0)	(5.6)	(110.1)	(573.1)	(722.7)
Translation adjustments	(3.3)	(0.9)	(9.6)	(10.1)	(23.9)
Impairment	(1.4)	0.0	(1.5)	0.0	(2.9)
Other movements	8.4	0.9	(8.8)	0.4	0.8
Gross value	1,055.4	129.8	2,077.7	3,095.4	6,358.3
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(415.1)	(116.7)	(1,377.2)	(2,095.9)	(4,004.9)
NET CARRYING AMOUNT AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2024	640.3	13.0	700.5	999.5	2,353.4

[&]quot;Other movements" include item-to-item transfers.

6.5 Impairment losses on non-current assets

Accounting policies

Impairment tests are systematically performed on goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives on December 31 or whenever there is an indication of impairment. Goodwill impairment losses may not subsequently be reversed.

Value in use is calculated by discounting to present value the estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal. These calculations are usually supplemented by a valuation using multiple economic indicators (mainly adjusted EBITDA).

If the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized corresponding to the difference between the two amounts.

To assess impairment, assets are combined in the smallest group of assets that generates separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units).

In accordance with IAS 36 Impairment of Assets, whenever the value of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment with definite useful lives is exposed to a risk of impairment due to events or changes in market conditions, these assets are reviewed to determine whether their carrying amount is less than their recoverable amount, defined as the higher of fair value (less cost to sell) and value in use.

If applicable, impairment losses are recognized at the cashgenerating unit level.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment may subsequently be reversed (by up to the amount of the initial impairment) if the recoverable amount rises above the carrying amount.

Calculating future cash flows

Goodwill impairment tests are performed by including the impacts of IFRS 16 and determining the value in use of each cash-generating unit using the following method for calculating recoverable amounts:

- estimation of projected future cash flows based on the business plans, under two different scenarios (see below in the "Fundamental assumptions for impairment tests" section) established by the management teams of each CGU and approved by the Management Board. The trajectory for 2025–2027 was approved by the Supervisory Board on December 17, 2024. Future cash flows are estimated based on conservative growth assumptions;
- cash flows are calculated using the discounted cash flow method = adjusted EBITDA (operating income before depreciation and amortization) +/- change in WC - income tax at standard rate - capital expenditure (including lease renewal);
- a five-year maximum explicit time horizon has been chosen, except for countries where a longer duration is justified (Latin America, Malasia and Russia, which have strong growth prospects over a longer term because there is less recourse to outsourcing);
- > the terminal value is calculated on a perpetual growth basis;
- discounted cash flow is calculated based on the weighted average cost of capital (WACC), which, in turn, is based on financial return and industry-specific risk metrics for the market in which the Group operates.

Method for calculating WACC

Elis used the following inputs for calculating the WACC:

- risk-free rate: the average risk-free interest rate over a two- to fiveyear observation period by country;
- credit spread: the average over a two- to five-year observation period;
- levered beta of comparable companies: the observed beta at the date of the WACC calculation (insofar as the beta is the result of a linear regression over the last two years, it reflects the medium-term sensitivity of the value of the securities of a given company versus the market as a whole);
- average gearing ratio (net debt/equity) for comparable companies: ratio calculated on the basis of market capitalizations to net debt observed on a quarterly basis over the last two years:
 - the average gearing ratio obtained for each comparable company is used to unlever the Company's beta,
 - the unlevered beta is representative of industry beta and will be used to calculate the WACC (extreme values are excluded from the average),
 - the gearing used to calculate the WACC is derived from the average debt (including lease liabilities) to equity ratio calculated on the basis of the quarterly ratios of comparable companies.

The WACC used for impairment testing on each of the main CGUs was as follows:

Country	France	Germany	Brazil	Denmark	Spain	Great Britain	Mexico	Netherlands	Sweden
Risk-free rate	3.4%	2.5%	6.8%	2.6%	3.9%	4.4%	6.1%	2.7%	2.4%
Credit spread	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Cost of debt (before tax)	4.8%	4.0%	8.2%	4.0%	5.4%	5.8%	7.5%	4.2%	3.8%
Tax rate	25.8%	30.0%	34.0%	22.0%	25.0%	25.0%	30.0%	25.8%	20.6%
Cost of debt, net of tax	3.6%	2.8%	5.4%	3.1%	4.0%	4.4%	5.3%	3.1%	3.0%
Risk premiums	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%	6.1%
Levered beta	0.98	0.97	0.96	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98
Cost of equity	9.3%	8.4%	12.7%	8.6%	9.9%	10.3%	12.0%	8.7%	8.4%
Gearing	17.2%	17.2%	17.2%	17.2%	17.2%	17.2%	17.2%	17.2%	17.2%
WACC 2024	8.3%	7.5%	11.4%	7.6%	8.9%	9.3%	10.9%	7.7%	7.5%
WACC 2023	8.0%	7.1%	12.8%	7.5%	8.6%	8.6%	11.4%	7.4%	7.6%
PRE-TAX DISCOUNT RATE 2024 (APPROXIMATION)	11.2%	10.6%	17.3%	9.8%	11.8%	12.4%	15.5%	10.4%	9.4%
Pre-tax discount rate 2023 (approximation)	10.7%	10.2%	19.4%	9.6%	11.4%	11.4%	16.3%	10.0%	9.5%

Fundamental assumptions for impairment tests

The business plans of the CGUs were prepared on the basis of management's best estimates. Projected cash flows are therefore reasonable and reflect, where appropriate, the resilience of the CGU's business.

The main assumptions made concern:

> inflation, with a normal level in the last year of the plan, as predicted by the International Monetary Fund;

- > the Group's climate plan, with a level of investment greater than the amortization and depreciation historically recorded;
- > the level of organic growth, adjusted for the different scenarios;
- > higher payroll taxes and other taxes in France and the United Kingdom.

Sensitivity of tests related to goodwill

The sensitivity of the impairment tests was verified with respect to changes in the two main assumptions: WACC and perpetual growth rate. In the impairment tests, the items with the most

material sensitivity in relation to the WACC and perpetual growth rate are as follows (test margin = difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount of the CGU):

France		Perpetual growth rate							
(In millions of euros)		1.0%	1.5%	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%			
WACC	7.3%	1,257.3	1,490.4	1,630.3	1,935.3	2,307.1			
	7.8%	996.1	1,190.9	1,306.8	1,556.2	1,854.9			
	8.3%	770.5	935.3	1,032.5	1,239.6	1,483.9			
	8.8%	573.8	714.6	797.0	971.2	1,174.0			
	9.3%	400.7	522.1	592.6	740.7	911.3			
Cormany		Perpetual growth rate							
Germany (In millions of euros)		1.0%	1.5%	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%			
WACC	6.5%	187.0	256.8	338.6	444.7	581.5			
	7.0%	121.0	178.4	244.4	328.2	433.1			
	7.5%	65.3	113.2	167.5	235.1	318.0			
	8.0%	17.6	58.1	103.5	159.2	226.1			
	8.5%	(23.7)	11.0	49.4	95.9	151.0			
	Perpetual growth rate								
Brazil (In millions of euros)		2.0%	2.5%	3.0%	3.5%	4.0%			
WACC	10.4%	123.8	142.3	163.3	187.3	215.0			
WACC	10.9%	92.3	108.1	125.9	146.1	169.2			
	11.4%	64.3	77.9	93.1	110.2	129.6			
	11.9%	39.1	50.9	64.0	78.6	95.1			
	12.4%	16.4	26.6	38.0	50.6	64.7			
			Perneti	ual growth rate					
Denmark (In millions of euros)		1.0%	1.5%	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%			
WACC	4.404		1.070	2.070	2.070	0.070			
WACC		37 N	03.7	162.7	2/18 //	357.6			
	6.6% 7.1%	37.0	93.7	162.7	248.4 157.5				
	7.1%	(14.6)	32.6	89.0	157.5	242.5			
	7.1% 7.6%	(14.6) (58.3)	32.6 (18.6)	89.0 28.3	157.5 84.2	242.5 152.3			
	7.1%	(14.6)	32.6	89.0	157.5	357.6 242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8			
	7.1% 7.6% 8.1%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0)	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4)	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6)	157.5 84.2 24.0	242.5 152.3 79.6			
Spain	7.1% 7.6% 8.1%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7)	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6)	157.5 84.2 24.0 (26.4)	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8			
Spain (In millions of euros)	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0)	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0%	157.5 84.2 24.0 (26.4)	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8			
Spain (In millions of euros)	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0%	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpett 1.5%	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0%	157.5 84.2 24.0 (26.4) 2.5% 234.0	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8 3.0% 281.8			
Spain (In millions of euros)	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0% 132.4 99.5	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu 1.5% 161.0 123.6	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0% 194.4 151.6	157.5 84.2 24.0 (26.4) 2.5% 234.0 184.3	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8 3.0% 281.8 223.1			
Spain (In millions of euros)	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0% 132.4 99.5 70.7	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu 1.5% 161.0 123.6 91.3	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0% 194.4 151.6 115.0	157.5 84.2 24.0 (26.4) 2.5% 234.0	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8 3.0% 281.8 223.1 174.4			
Spain (In millions of euros)	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0% 132.4 99.5	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu 1.5% 161.0 123.6	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0% 194.4 151.6	157.5 84.2 24.0 (26.4) 2.5% 234.0 184.3	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8 3.0% 281.8 223.1 174.4			
Spain	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0% 132.4 99.5 70.7	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu 1.5% 161.0 123.6 91.3	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0% 194.4 151.6 115.0	2.5% 234.0 184.3 142.4	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8 3.0% 281.8 223.1 174.4 133.4			
Spain (In millions of euros) WACC	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6% 7.9% 8.4% 8.9% 9.4%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0% 132.4 99.5 70.7 45.4	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu 1.5% 161.0 123.6 91.3 63.2 38.4	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0% 194.4 151.6 115.0 83.4	2.5% 234.0 184.3 142.4 106.6	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8 3.0% 281.8 223.1 174.4 133.4			
Spain (In millions of euros)	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6% 7.9% 8.4% 8.9% 9.4%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0% 132.4 99.5 70.7 45.4	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu 1.5% 161.0 123.6 91.3 63.2 38.4	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0% 194.4 151.6 115.0 83.4 55.8	2.5% 234.0 184.3 142.4 106.6	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8 3.0% 281.8 223.1 174.4 133.4 98.4			
Spain (In millions of euros) WACC United Kingdom	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6% 7.9% 8.4% 8.9% 9.4%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0% 132.4 99.5 70.7 45.4 22.9	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu 1.5% 161.0 123.6 91.3 63.2 38.4 Perpetu	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0% 194.4 151.6 115.0 83.4 55.8	2.5% 234.0 (26.4) 2.5% 234.0 184.3 142.4 106.6 75.7	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8 3.0% 281.8 223.1 174.4 133.4 98.4			
Spain (In millions of euros) WACC United Kingdom (In millions of euros)	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6% 7.9% 8.4% 8.9% 9.4% 9.9%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0% 132.4 99.5 70.7 45.4 22.9	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu 1.5% 161.0 123.6 91.3 63.2 38.4 Perpetu 1.5%	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0% 194.4 151.6 115.0 83.4 55.8 ual growth rate 2.0%	2.5% 234.0 (26.4) 2.5% 234.0 184.3 142.4 106.6 75.7	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8 3.0% 281.8 223.1 174.4 133.4 98.4 3.0% 328.1			
Spain (In millions of euros) WACC United Kingdom (In millions of euros)	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6% 7.9% 8.4% 8.9% 9.4% 9.9%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0% 132.4 99.5 70.7 45.4 22.9	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu 1.5% 161.0 123.6 91.3 63.2 38.4 Perpetu 1.5% 188.0	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0% 194.4 151.6 115.0 83.4 55.8 ual growth rate 2.0% 227.3	2.5% 234.0 (26.4) 2.5% 234.0 184.3 142.4 106.6 75.7	242.5 152.3 79.6 19.8 3.0% 281.8 223.1 174.4 133.4 98.4 3.0% 328.1 262.7			
Spain (In millions of euros) WACC United Kingdom (In millions of euros)	7.1% 7.6% 8.1% 8.6% 7.9% 8.4% 8.9% 9.4% 9.9%	(14.6) (58.3) (96.0) (128.7) 1.0% 132.4 99.5 70.7 45.4 22.9	32.6 (18.6) (62.0) (99.4) Perpetu 1.5% 161.0 123.6 91.3 63.2 38.4 Perpetu 1.5% 188.0 145.3	89.0 28.3 (22.5) (65.6) ual growth rate 2.0% 194.4 151.6 115.0 83.4 55.8 ual growth rate 2.0% 227.3 178.7	2.5% 234.0 (26.4) 2.5% 234.0 184.3 142.4 106.6 75.7	242.5 152.3 79.6			

Mexico		Perpetual growth rate						
(In millions of euros)		2.0%	2.5%	3.0%	3.5%	4.0%		
WACC	9.9%	87.5	101.7	118.0	136.9	159.0		
	10.4%	64.6	76.6	90.3	106.0	124.2		
	10.9%	44.4	54.6	66.2	79.4	94.5		
	11.4%	26.3	35.2	45.1	56.3	68.9		
	11.9%	10.2	17.9	26.4	35.9	46.7		

Netherlands		Perpetual growth rate					
(In millions of euros)		1.0%	1.5%	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%	
WACC	6.7%	371.2	450.7	547.0	666.1	817.1	
	7.2%	298.7	364.9	443.9	539.6	657.8	
	7.7%	236.9	293.0	358.8	437.2	532.2	
	8.2%	183.7	231.7	287.4	352.7	430.6	
	8.7%	137.4	178.9	226.5	281.8	346.7	

Sweden		Perpetual growth rate						
(In millions of euros)		1.0%	1.5%	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%		
WACC	6.5%	29.5	87.4	158.3	247.0	361.4		
	7.0%	(31.3)	15.9	72.5	141.9	228.8		
	7.5%	(82.6)	(43.6)	2.6	58.0	126.0		
	8.0%	(126.6)	(93.9)	(55.7)	(10.4)	43.9		
	8.5%	(164.6)	(136.9)	(104.8)	(67.4)	(23.1)		

Switzerland		Perpetual growth rate						
(In millions of euros)		0.0%	0.5%	1.0%	1.5%	2.0%		
WACC	5.1%	13.6	29.4	49.0	73.9	106.8		
	5.6%	(3.3)	9.3	24.6	43.7	68.0		
	6.1%	(17.5)	(7.2)	5.1	20.0	38.6		
	6.6%	(29.5)	(21.0)	(11.0)	1.0	15.5		
	7.1%	(39.9)	(32.7)	(24.4)	(14.7)	(3.0)		

In addition, considering the more adverse scenario, which incorporates securities in the flows and was developed to account for economic uncertainties in the Group's major countries, would result in a reduction in headroom of €106.4 million in France, €18.4 million in Germany and €47.8 million in the United Kingdom.

Sensitivity of tests for unamortized brands

The assumptions used in impairment tests performed using the relief from royalty method are as follows:

	Elis		Le Jacqua	rd Français	Kennedy Hygiene		
	12/31/2024	12/31/2023	12/31/2024	12/31/2023	12/31/2024	12/31/2023	
Discount rate	9.3%	9.0%	9.3%	9.0%	10.3%	9.6%	
Perpetual growth rate	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	
Royalty rate	1.0%	1.0%	4.0%	4.0%	2.0%	2.0%	

The sensitivity of the excess of the recoverable amount of the Elis brand over its carrying amount is as follows:

Elis brand		Perpetual growth rate						
(in millions of euros)		1.0%	1.5%	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%		
Discount rate	8.3%	342.3	379.7	423.2	474.8	536.7		
	8.8%	306.6	338.7	375.8	419.0	470.3		
	9.3%	275.3	303.2	335.1	371.9	414.9		
	9.8%	247.7	272.2	299.9	331.5	368.1		
	10.3%	223.2	244.8	269.1	296.6	328.0		

NOTE 7 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

7.1 Provisions

Accounting policies

A provision is recognized whenever the Group has a present contractual, legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and when future outflows of resources required to settle the obligation can be estimated reliably.

The amount recognized represents the best estimate made by management with respect to risks and their likelihood of occurrence, based on information available at the date of reporting the consolidated financial statements.

Liabilities resulting from restructuring plans are recognized when there is an obligation, when the related costs have been forecast in detail and when it is highly probable that the plans will be implemented.

Provisions are also recognized for obligations arising from operaus contracts

(In millions of euros)	Compliance	Litigation	Other	Total
AS AT 12/31/2023	77.9	13.8	19.4	111.1
Increases/additions for the financial year	5.0	8.7	2.0	15.7
Increase related to business combinations	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Decreases/reversals of used and unused provisions	(1.8)	(11.8)	(4.7)	(18.3)
Translation differences	(1.3)	(0.6)	(1.9)	(3.7)
Other	0.4	0.1	(0.6)	(0.1)
AS AT 12/31/2024	80.2	10.3	14.3	104.7
Current portion	0.1	7.2	4.5	11.8
Non-current portion	80.1	3.0	9.7	92.8
France	17.7	6.0	0.5	24.2
UK & Ireland	14.8	0.0	(0.0)	14.8
Scandinavia & Eastern Europe	25.5	0.0	3.4	28.9
Latin America	7.4	3.5	9.5	20.5
Other segments	14.8	0.8	0.8	16.4

Provisions for environmental compliance

Provisions for environmental compliance are assessed based on experts' reports and the Group's experience. These provisions correspond to the expected costs of studies or work to be undertaken by the Group to comply with its environmental obligations, particularly those related to the ongoing degradation recorded. They relate to sites or categories of work that will be completed in the foreseeable future.

Provisions for litigation

Provisions for litigation chiefly includes provisions for employeerelated risks. A $\,\,$ $\,$ $\,$ 4.4 million provision was recognized as at

December 31, 2024 (\bigcirc 7.7 million as at December 31, 2023) to account for the additional commitments on the part of the Group's French entities in terms of the accrual of paid leave by employees on non-occupational sick leave that could result from the French Supreme Court's decisions of September 13, 2023, and from European legal precedents.

Other provisions

Other provisions also include provisions for tax risks (not related to income tax), restructuring costs, onerous contracts and disputes arising in the normal course of the Group's business.

7.2 Contingent liabilities

The Elis Group has contingent liabilities relating to disputes or legal proceedings arising in the normal course of its business:

In Brazil

Proceedings related to alleged acts of administrative improbity

Atmosfera filed a preliminary response in December 2014 to a public action filed against several industrial laundry service providers, including Atmosfera Gestão e Higienização de Têxteis SA ("Atmosfera") and Prolav Servicos Tecnicos Ltda ("Prolav"), regarding the alleged bribery of civil servants between 2003 and 2011 related to contracts in the state of Rio de Janeiro. The public prosecutor rejected the arguments put forward by Atmosfera and decided to continue the action.

As at December 31, 2024, Atmosfera and Prolav were still awaiting additional information and therefore were unable to estimate the contingent liability incurred and the indemnification asset to be received under the respective liability guarantees. More precisely, additional information should become available only when all parties have been notified about the opening of the proceedings. To this end, the court hearing the case issued an order to obtain a certificate from a notary listing those defendants that have been notified and those that have already presented their defense.

The Atmosfera Group's former owners, who received provisional notification of the proceedings on November 26, 2014 with respect to the December 20, 2013 guarantee agreement relating to the acquisition of the Atmosfera Group, have disputed Atmosfera's compensation request.

Atmosfera and Prolav could face the following penalties as a result of the proceedings: (I) reimbursement to the Public Treasury of all monies illegally obtained by Atmosfera from the acts of improbity and/or (ii) payment of a civil fine of up to three times the amount referred to in (i). In addition, Atmosfera and Prolav could potentially be prohibited from entering into agreements with any Brazilian public entities or receiving tax benefits in Brazil for five or ten years.

Proceedings involving NJ Lavenderia (Proceedings against physical persons)

In June 2021, the Group was informed of the existence of a criminal investigation after the public authorities carried out searches at four of its sites in application of warrants issued by the first criminal court of the Federal District (Brasilia). To the Group's knowledge, the criminal investigation concerns contracts entered into with the Brasilia Health Secretariat between 2013 and 2016 (i.e. some of the contracts covered by the proceedings described above involving NJ Lavanderia). The purpose of these warrants was to search for proof of any infractions that may have taken place prior to the acquisition of Lavebras (and, as a result, NJ Lavanderia) by the Group in 2017, despite the authorities having seized contracts signed after 2017.

As at December 31, 2024, and to the best of the Company's knowledge, the investigation is only focusing on physical persons who are not currently employed by any of the Group's subsidiaries and who do not exercise any responsibility within the Group. There is no credible evidence that the current managers or employees of the Group are involved in the facts under investigation. Moreover, since companies in Brazil cannot be held criminally liable, none of the Group's entities are named in these criminal proceedings, even if certain entities are cited in certain acts of the proceedings and involved in specific elements of the investigation.

Whilst the Company is not directly involved in the criminal investigation above (neither are its subsidiaries, employees or managers), there may be future consequences from this investigation, either in relation to the proceedings against NJ Lavanderia, or due to any new proceedings that may be initiated. To date, the Company has no information enabling it to estimate any contingent liability resulting from these new developments; as at December 31, 2024, no provisions have been set aside by Lavebras or NJ Lavanderia in relation to these developments.

Proceedings against Lavebras

The Group was informed of the existence of an anti-corruption investigation initiated by the Brazilian Federal Police, which may have identified potential violations of two Brazilian statutes, the Brazilian Clean Companies Act and the Administrative Improbity Act, that may involve Lavatec Lavanderia Técnica Ltda. (Lavatec), a former subsidiary that merged with Lavebras in 2014.

As at December 31, 2024, Lavebras had not received any formal notification of these potential violations, with the exception of separate proceedings conducted by the tax authorities against ICN, a social organization.

In these tax proceeding against ICN, the Brazilian tax authorities argue that Lavebras - as well as other companies - must be held jointly and severally liable for ICN's obligations in view of (i) the illegal nature of the payments made by ICN under contracts it entered into and under which Lavebras and ICN had a business relationship, and (ii) the lack of cooperation shown by ICN during the audit by the Brazilian tax authorities. An administrative decision by the trial judge was issued in September 2019, which upheld the position of the Brazilian tax authorities. In May 2024, following Lavebras's appeal of this decision, the administrative court responsible for the decision on appeal issued its decision and partially allowed Lavebras's claims. Lavebras is awaiting clarifications on this decision and is considering the potential remedies available for it to prevail on all its claims. On this basis, as at December 31, 2024, the maximum amount of the dispute was approximately R\$443 million, or around €69 million (including all penalties but excluding the potential future effect of inflation).

Lavebras still believes that it has good arguments to challenge the Brazilian tax authorities' position. The Group therefore considers that the risk of Lavebras being held jointly and severally liable with ICN for payment of the tax penalty is limited. No provision has been set aside by Atmosfera or Lavebras in relation to these

In the event that Lavebras is served notice and, after the Brazilian Federal Police's investigation, held liable for the offenses, it could be subject to various penalties, including (i) a ban on receiving incentives, subsidies, grants, donations or loans from public entities or financial institutions for a period of up to five years, (ii) a fine of up to three times the amounts unjustly collected, (iii) a ban on entering into agreements with public entities for a period of up to 10 years, and (iv) an obligation to fully compensate the government for all damage actually suffered. In addition, Lavebras could also be subject to an administrative fine of between 0.1% and 20% of the gross revenue excluding tax in the financial year preceding the filing of the administrative proceedings. Because of Lavatec's merger with Lavebras in 2014, the Brazilian authorities could argue that the amount of the administrative fine should be calculated based on Lavebras's gross revenue instead of Lavatec's, which Lavebras will contest on the grounds that its total liability (including the amount of the fine and any compensation due for the damage that may have been caused) should be limited to the amount of Lavatec assets transferred to Lavebras in the merger. Since no notification has been received, no provision has been set aside by Atmosfera or Lavebras in relation to these

Proceedings related to the conclusion of public contracts in the state of São Paulo

The Group has been informed of various investigations and proceedings initiated by five authorities in the state of São Paulo related to the conclusion of several contracts between public customers (hospitals) and various companies of the same sector as the Group (including but not limited to Atmosfera, Lavebras and other companies of the Group in Brazil).

These investigations and proceedings are the result of an audit conducted by the General Controller of the state of São Paulo

(CGA) at various state hospitals during which the CGA noticed a high number of contracts entered into as emergency contracts (outside the regular tender process provided by Brazilian law) and decided to (i) open an investigation of the various hospitals and companies concerned to check whether there were any irregularities with these emergency contracts and (ii) transmit the results of its audit to various Brazilian authorities so that they could initiate investigations at their own discretion.

As a consequence, the Group (as well as some of its competitors) is facing various investigations or proceedings as described below, some of which are now closed. Other investigations or proceedings by other Brazilian authorities might occur as a result of the transmission of the results of the audit referred to above to those

The various investigations listed above were closed on December 31, 2024 and did not result in any penalty against the Company.

Administrative disputes with public customers

The Group is involved in administrative disputes with some of its public customers in Brazil due to alleged difficulties in the execution of certain contracts or to a supposedly insufficient quality of service. As a result, these public customers intend to take sanctions against some of the Group's entities in Brazil. Depending on the circumstances, these sanctions could entail (i) if applicable, the repayment of certain payments received under these contracts, (ii) the application of fines, and/or (iii) a ban on participating in public calls for tender or entering into public contracts for a period

A ban on participating in public calls for tender or entering into public contracts generally applies only to the company that has been sanctioned and is, in principle, limited to the same administrative level (i.e. federal, regional or municipal) as that of the public customer that has pronounced the sanctions. Moreover, such a ban would not affect the ongoing contracts with public customers (with the exception of (i) the renewal of these contracts, which the public customers may consider on a case-by-case basis to be unsuitable, and (ii) contracts for which such a ban would be a valid reason for termination). Nevertheless, the Group cannot rule out such a ban being extended, on the one hand, to other states or municipalities in Brazil and, on the other hand, to other administrative levels (federal, regional or municipal) in the territory in question, it being understood, however, that such an extension could take place only on a case-by-case basis and following a specific request from an interested party.

In the various disputes above, the Group has submitted or is preparing to submit its defense to respond to the arguments put forward by its public customers and awaits the forthcoming administrative rulings. Once a definitive administrative ruling has been made, the Group has the option to contest it through the courts, including with a view to obtaining an annulment by invoking a violation of the constitutional principle of proportionality of sanctions pronounced by public entities. Alongside this challenge, the Group could, if required, seek an emergency ruling suspending a ban on taking part in public calls for tender and entering into public contracts while awaiting a decision on the substance.

In relation to these various disputes, at December 31, 2024 the Company had recognized provisions around R\$3 million (approximately €0.6 million).

Tax audits

The Group is subject to tax audits in various countries. When the Group considers, with its advisors, that it has a sufficiently strong case, no provision is recorded.

NOTE 8 FINANCING AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

8.1 Financial risk management

Credit and counterparty risk

The main financial assets that could expose the Group to credit or counterparty risk are as follows:

- Trade receivables, the amount and aging of which are closely monitored as an integral part of the monthly reporting system:
 - in France, the Group insures its customer risk with a well-known insurance company. Trade receivables are managed in a decentralized manner by the operational centers and by

the Key Accounts Department, which handle the first stage of receivables collection. A second stage of receivables collection and dispute management is handled by the Finance and Legal Departments, depending on the type of receivable.

 in other countries where the Group operates, the Group may use an insurance company to insure its customer risk. This is the case in the United Kingdom. Receivables collection and disputes may be handled by the operational centers and/or by the central finance departments at the country level.

As at December 31, 2024, the exposure to credit risk on trade receivables by operating segment is as follows:

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
France	267.8	265.5
Central Europe	174.5	150.6
Scandinavia & Eastern Europe	102.0	112.0
Latin America	100.1	96.8
Southern Europe	88.6	89.0
UK & Ireland	84.6	83.1
Other operating segments	6.4	5.6
TRADE RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT ASSETS	824.1	802.6

Because of the large number of Group customers, there is no material concentration of credit risk (meaning no one counterparty or group of counterparties accounts for a material proportion of trade receivables). The maximum exposure to credit risk is limited

to the carrying amount of trade receivables on the consolidated balance sheet.

Exposure to credit risk related to trade receivables and contract assets is presented in the form of an impairment matrix as shown below:

	12/31/2024						
(In millions of euros)	Gross value	Impairment loss	Expected credit loss rate	Net value			
Not yet due or less than 1 month overdue	687.1	(1.8)	(0.3)%	685.3			
Between 1 and 4 months overdue	122.4	(2.8)	(2.3)%	119.6			
Between 5 and 12 months overdue	27.2	(12.8)	(47.1)%	14.4			
More than 1 year overdue	40.7	(36.0)	(88.3)%	4.7			
TRADE RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT ASSETS	877.5	(53.4)		824.1			

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(In millions of euros)	Gross value	Impairment loss	Expected credit loss rate	Net value
Not yet due or less than 1 month overdue	679.9	(0.9)	(0.1)%	679.0
Between 1 and 4 months overdue	108.1	(3.9)	(3.6)%	104.2
Between 5 and 12 months overdue	20.7	(11.1)	(53.7)%	9.6
More than 1 year overdue	51.0	(41.2)	(80.8)%	9.8
TRADE RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT ASSETS	859.8	(57.2)		802.6

cash assets: the Group's policy is to minimize its cash position in order to reduce its debt and optimize its financial expenses. The Group invests its remaining cash in short-term money market funds, short-term bank time deposits, or deposits it in bank accounts with the bank counterparties that finance the Group, in accordance with the diversification and counterparty quality rules set out in the Group's Cash and Investment Management Policy;

derivatives: as part of its Interest Rate and Currency Risk Management Policies, the Group enters into hedging contracts with leading financial institutions and the Group's financing banks. Bank counterparty risk is managed by the Financing and Treasury Department in accordance with both the Treasury and Investment Management Policies and the Interest Rate and Foreign Exchange Risk Management Policies. It is related to outstanding deposits, the market values of derivative instruments, and credit lines opened with each bank. In line with its financial policy, in most cases, the Group only enters into commitments on financial instruments with counterparties that have a minimum long-term rating of A- from S&P Global Ratings or A3 from Moody's Ratings. The list of bank counterparties involved in investments and the list of financial instruments are regularly reviewed and approved by the Group's Finance Department.

In the Group's view, these investments and derivatives do not expose it to any material counterparty risk.

Liquidity risk

The Group must always have financial resources available, not just to finance the day-to-day running of its business, but also to maintain its investment capacity. The Group has several sources of financing: free cash flow and cash generation from operating activities; financing on short- and medium-term capital markets; and bank financing.

As at December 31, 2024, the Group's net cash amounted to \in 622.1 million, boosted by free cash-flow of over \in 346.2 million, up by 14% compared with 2023.

In addition, to shore up its liquidity and secure its debt repayment schedule, in 2024 the Group partially refinanced the €500 million bond issue maturing on April 3, 2025 by issuing a new €400 million bond maturing in March 2030.

The use of these various sources of financing is part of an overall financing policy implemented by the Finance Department. This financing policy is regularly reviewed to support the Group's development as much as possible and take the financial market conditions into account, while upholding a credit profile compatible with a minimum long-term financial rating of "BBB-stable/Baa3 stable/BBB stable" from the agencies S&P Global Ratings, Moody's Ratings and Morningstar DBRS.

Loan agreements include the legal and financial commitments usually involved in such transactions and specify accelerated maturities if those commitments are not met. The financial commitments include an obligation for the Group to satisfy a financial covenant as presented in Note 10.1 "Capital management." Based on these consolidated financial statements, the Group met this ratio and expects to meet it for at least the next 12 months.

Financing policy

The Group's financing policy is based on the following principles:

- active debt management, which may lead the Group to seek advance financing on the capital and banking markets in order to (i) extend the average maturity of its debt, (ii) stagger repayment dates over time, and (iii) optimize financing costs. As a result, as at December 31, 2024, the weighted average residual maturity of borrowings and gross financial debt was 3.1 years, with a long-term debt ratio (borrowings and gross financial debt maturing in more than one year/total borrowings and gross financial debt) of 72%;
- the use of bank loans and bonds to diversify its sources of liquidity and creditors: in order to benefit from economies of scale and facilitate access to financing on the capital markets

- (bonds and commercial paper), the Group centralizes the vast majority of its financing transactions through Elis;
- continuously maintaining a significant buffer of undrawn confirmed credit lines to secure liquidity and meet its short-term debt obligations, especially on its commercial paper program in case of capital market closures. As at December 31, 2024, the Group had an undrawn confirmed credit line totaling \$\infty 900.0 \text{ million;}
- continuous monitoring of available cash: as at December 31, 2024, the Group had available cash and cash equivalents as presented in Note 8.4 "Cash and cash equivalents";
- where permitted by local regulations of a daily physical centralization of all cash requirements and surpluses via M.A.J. and Elis SA, the central treasury entities for the consolidation scope formerly under Elis and Berendsen, respectively;
- financing through capital increases, if necessary.

The implementation of this financing policy significantly reduces liquidity risk, which is also mitigated by the regularity of the cash flows generated by the Group.

Financial ratings

Implementing the financing policy and managing liquidity risk require regular monitoring of the Group's financial ratings. As at December 31, 2024, the rating agencies rate the Company as follows:

- Moody's Ratings: in a press release dated November 8, 2024, Moody's Ratings raised its outlook on Elis's credit rating from "Ba1" (positive outlook) to "Baa3" (stable outlook). This rating also applies to the notes issues carried out by the Company under the EMTN program.
- > S&P Global Ratings: in a press release dated August 29, 2024, S&P Global Ratings confirmed its long-term credit rating of "BBB-" (stable outlook) for the Group. The credit rating of the EMTN financing is also "BBB-."
- Morningstar DBRS: in a press release dated March 13, 2024, Morningstar DBRS raised the Company's rating to "BBB" (stable outlook). This rating also applies to all outstanding notes issues carried out by the Company under the EMTN program.

These investment grade ratings reflect the Group's financial solidity, as well as its prospects for improved margins, accelerated cash flow generation and additional debt reduction. It also rewards the strength of Elis's economic model, which came to the fore during the pandemic.

Net debt and future cash flows

The Group's net debt balance is detailed in Note 8.5 "Net debt."

The maturity analysis required by paragraphs 39 (a) and (b) of IFRS 7, corresponding to future contractual undiscounted cash flows as at December 31, 2024, is presented below, to which gross lease obligations (before deducting finance charges), presented in Note 6.3 "Right-of-use assets / Lease liabilities," should be added.

The contractual amounts are shown based on the liabilities in the balance sheet at the reporting date and do not take into account any possible subsequent management decision that could significantly alter the Group's debt structure or hedging policy. The figures for interest payable reflect the cumulative interest payable until the due date or planned repayment date of the related loan. They were estimated, where applicable, on the basis of forward rates calculated from the yield curves as at the reporting date.

	Carrying value	Cash flo	w 2025	Cash flo	w 2026	Cash 2027-		Cash flow		Estimate cash flow 12/31	vs as at
(In millions of euros)	Amortized cost	Nominal	Interest	Nominal	Interest	Nominal	Interest	Nominal	Interest	Nominal	Interest
Convertible bonds	354.6	0.0	8.6	0.0	8.6	380.0	8.6	0.0	0.0	380.0	25.7
USPP	705.8	0.0	23.3	0.0	23.3	338.5	65.5	361.0	69.1	699.5	181.2
EMTN (Euro Medium Term Notes)	2,138.5	500.0	51.4	350.0	46.4	850.0	75.3	400.0	15.0	2,100.0	188.0
Medium-term negotiable notes (NEU MTN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Commercial paper (NEU CP)	259.0	259.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	259.0	0.0
Revolving	0.4	0.0	2.4	0.0	2.4	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.6
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(17.8)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Loan from employee profit-sharing fund	11.4	3.5	0.1	2.1	0.2	9.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	15.0	1.7
Debt relating to mobilization of trade	000.0	000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	200.0	0.0
receivables	200.3	200.3	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	200.3	0.8
Other	7.9	1.1	0.1	0.8	0.1	5.8	0.1	0.5	0.0	8.2	0.2
Overdrafts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL BORROWINGS AND FINANCIAL DEBT	3,660.1	964.0	86.6	352.8	80.9	1,583.8	155.5	761.4	84.1	3,662.0	407.1

The table above takes into account the redemption right of holders of 2029 convertible bonds as at September 22, 2027. The additional interest that would be paid in the event that this right is not exercised is €17.1 million.

Market risks

The Elis Group is exposed to market risk, particularly concerning the cost of its debt and as a result of foreign currency transactions. The Finance Department manages the main financial risks centrally, mainly foreign exchange and interest rate risks, in accordance with specific management policies and detailed operating procedures. These policies, which focus on the unpredictability of financial markets, seek to minimize the potentially adverse effects on its financial performance. To hedge certain risk exposures, interest rate and currency hedging strategies are developed and implemented according to market opportunities through derivatives, while respecting the principles of prudence and risk limitation provided for in the corresponding management policies.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk mainly includes the risk of fluctuations in future cash flows relating to variable-rate debt. The Group's rate risk management policy is to maintain the vast majority of its total debt at fixed rates over a medium- to long-term horizon. As a result, just like a year earlier, the Group's outstanding variable-rate long-term debt was negligible as at December 31, 2024. The Group's securitization program (for a maximum of €200 million) is the only significant line of variable-rate finance.

In addition, apart from its cash buffer, the Group does not have any material interest-bearing assets.

Currency risk

Transactional currency risk

The Group is exposed to transactional currency risk mainly related to its purchases of goods from third party suppliers (linen) denominated in US dollars. In 2024, these purchases totaled US\$115.5 million versus US\$116.6 million in 2023. The Group is working to reduce the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on its income by using currency hedging for these supply purchases. As at December 31, 2024, the Group had made 2025 forward purchases of US\$111.0 million (compared with US\$114.7 million a year earlier).

The Group is also exposed to the commercial flows in foreign currencies of its operating entities (including purchases of goods

denominated in a currency other than the operating entities' functional currency) and to intra-group financial flows (management fees, brand royalties, dividends). In this context, the Group may occasionally or on a recurring basis enter into currency forward contracts to hedge these risks.

Transactional currency risk is managed centrally by the Finance Department as part of a dedicated management policy and a centralized currency risk management agreement. Foreign currency flows of operating entities are hedged as part of the annual budget process for subsidiaries with recurring foreign currency flows. At the end of the year, when drawing up their budgets, the subsidiaries communicate their exposure to currency risk for the following year to the Finance Department, which centralizes the execution of external foreign exchange derivative transactions at Elis. Elis thus acts as the internal counterparty for negotiating hedging transactions for subsidiaries with transactional currency risk exposure.

Financial currency risk

The financing needs of foreign subsidiaries outside the euro area covered by intra-group loans and the centralization of cash surpluses expose some Group entities to financial currency risk (risk related to changes in the value of borrowings or financial receivables denominated in currencies other than the borrowing or lending entity's functional currency). This currency risk is mainly hedged through currency swaps as part of a hedging policy implemented by the Finance Department. As at December 31, 2024, currency swaps against the euro mainly covered the Swedish krona (SEK), Norwegian krone (NOK), Danish krone (DKK), Czech koruna (CZK), pound sterling (GBP), Swiss franc (CHF), Mexican peso (MXN) and Polish zloty (PLN).

USPP financing denominated in **US** dollars

Some of the Group's financing is denominated in US dollars (USPP-type financing): to hedge this currency risk, the Group has entered into cross-currency swap contracts backed by financing with a notional amount of US\$415 million as at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

The Group's exposure to currency risk

The Group operates a significant share of its activities in countries within the euro area. For the financial year ended December 31, 2024, countries outside the euro area accounted for 37.9% of the Group's consolidated revenue, including 10.4% from the United kingdom, 5.8% from Brazil, 5.3% from Denmark, 5.1% from Sweden, 2.8% from Switzerland, 2.7% from Mexico, 1.7% from Poland and 1.6% from Norway.

When the Group prepares its consolidated financial statements, it must translate the financial statements of its non-euro area subsidiaries into euros at the applicable exchange rates. As a

result, the Group is exposed to fluctuations in exchange rates, which have a direct accounting impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements. This creates a risk relating to the translation into euros of non-euro area subsidiaries' balance sheets and income statements.

Except for the USPP financing denominated in US dollars, the Group's external financing is generally denominated in euros.

With this in mind, the table below presents the risk of foreign currency translation losses, in terms of equity and income, on the Group's main currencies.

(In millions of euros)	Impact recognized in other comprehensive income resulting from a 10% fall in exchange rate	Change in net income resulting from a 10% fall in exchange rate
SEK (Sweden)	(62.4)	(1.7)
DKK (Denmark)	(57.9)	(2.2)
BRL (Brazil)	(43.0)	(1.0)
GBP (United Kingdom)	(41.1)	(2.4)
MXN (Mexico)	(25.8)	(1.5)
PLN (Poland)	(16.5)	(1.2)
CHF (Switzerland)	(16.2)	(0.3)
NOK (Norway)	(13.4)	(0.4)

Equity risk

As at December 31, 2024, the Group's exposure to equity risk concerned the 184,855 Elis shares held in treasury, mainly as part of the liquidity agreement.

These shares were valued at €3.5 million based on the December 31, 2024 closing price (€18.93). Accordingly, the Group did not consider it necessary to introduce an equity risk management policy.

Commodities risk

While the Group does not purchase raw materials directly on the financial markets, it is indirectly exposed to raw material volatility through its purchases of linens and workwear, the manufacturing price of which is partially linked to the price of cotton or polyester,

and through its consumption of petroleum products (mainly gas and fuel) or electricity. As at December 31, 2024, the Group's energy expenditure totaled €166.1 million (€191.4 million as at December 31, 2023) for gas and other fuels and €77.2 million (€90.1 million as at December 31, 2023) for electricity. To mitigate the effects of price volatility for its gas and electricity purchases and to hedge this risk, the Group enters into fixed-price contracts with its energy suppliers where appropriate. As at December 31, 2024, the Group and its suppliers have agreed on a fixed price in Europe for around 93% of its forecast gas consumption and 93% of its electricity consumption for 2025. The Group has also agreed with its suppliers on a fixed price for around 62% and 18% of its estimated gas consumption and about 64% and 23% of its estimated electricity consumption in Europe for 2026 and 2027, respectively.

8.2 Net financial income (loss)

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
Interest expense on borrowings and loans from employee profit-sharing fund measured at amortized cost	(124.1)	(109.3)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(25.8)	(19.8)
Interest income using the effective interest rate method	25.5	18.0
TOTAL NET INTEREST EXPENSE	(124.3)	(111.1)
Gains (losses) on interest rate derivatives measured at fair value through profit or loss	0.0	0.0
Foreign currency translation gains (losses) related to financing operations	0.5	(0.3)
Gains (losses) on foreign exchange derivatives measured at fair value through profit or loss	2.0	0.1
Accretion expenses	(8.8)	(13.8)
Other	0.3	0.5
NET FINANCIAL INCOME (EXPENSE)	(130.4)	(124.6)

In 2024, total net interest expense rose by $\in 13.2$ million compared with 2023 due to (i) the recent refinancing (USPP in July 2023 and EMTN in March 2024), at higher interest rates than those applicable to the previous lines of funding, and (ii) the rise in the interest rates used to value lease liabilities.

Moreover, the net financial result was affected by the accretion expense of the earnout pertaining to the acquisition carried out in Mexico in 2022.

8.3 Gross debt

Accounting policies

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of related transaction costs. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the repayment value is recognized in income over their term using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities, unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer payment of the liability by at least 12 months after the reporting date, in which case they are classified as non-current liabilities.

The Group derecognizes a financial liability once the liability is extinguished. If a liability is exchanged with a creditor under materially different terms and conditions, a new liability is recognized.

The Elis Group has several sources of financing: short- and medium-term financing from capital markets, bank financing, and private placements.

Some of the financing contracts entered into by Elis SA and described below (USPP-type financing, issue of convertible bonds (OCÉANEs), issue of Euro Medium Term Notes (EMTNs) and syndicated revolving credit facility) contain a cross-default clause, pursuant to which a default of payment on one financing contract

representing a debt of at least $\in 100.0$ million for certain financing contracts (or $\in 75.0$ million for other financing contracts) could constitute an event of default on another financing contract, and could entail the immediate repayment of all amounts due under these financing contracts, and their early repayment.

As at December 31, 2024, consolidated debt mainly comprised the following:

Private placements

USPP

In April 2019, the Group took out a USPP loan with two tranches: one tranche in euros in the amount of \leqslant 300.0 million maturing in 10 years with an interest rate of 2.70% and another tranche in US dollars in the amount of US\$40 million maturing in 10 years with an interest rate of 4.99%. The tranche in dollars was converted to euros using a cross-currency swap for a total of \leqslant 35.7 million with a synthetic coupon rate in euros of 2.69%.

On June 1, 2022, Elis took out a second USPP financing for US\$175.0 million. The new notes issued have a 10-year maturity (June 2032) and offer investors a 4.32% coupon in US dollars. These were entirely converted into euros via cross-currency swaps for a total amount of $\ensuremath{\in} 158.6$ million. Elis will pay a final, eurodenominated coupon of 3.0%.

On July 20, 2023, Elis took out a third USPP financing for US\$200.0 million. The new notes issued have a 12-year maturity

(July 2035) and offer investors a 6.03% coupon in US dollars. The notes have been fully converted into euros for a total amount of €183.4 million by Elis, which will pay a final 5.21% coupon in euros. The funds raised by this financing have been dedicated to refinancing the Group's existing debt, and in particular to redeeming the €500.0 million bond issue due to mature in April 2024.

These financing contracts include, in particular:

- a leverage ratio <3.75 covenant⁽¹⁾ to be respected at the end of each half. Failure to comply with this covenant on the relevant date would constitute an event of default, which could entail the immediate payment and early redemption of some or all of the bonds issued under the USPP financing;
- a cross-default event, as explained above.

Capital markets

Convertible bonds (OCÉANES)

On September 22, 2022, Elis issued bonds convertible into and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing shares for a total principal amount of €380.0 million as part of a placement with qualified investors only, in accordance with Article L.411-2, 1° of the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier), maturing on September 22, 2029 (the "2029 OCÉANEs").

The 2029 OCÉANEs have a nominal unit value of €100,000 each and carry an annual coupon of 2.25%, payable annually and for the first time on September 22, 2023. The 2029 OCÉANEs were issued at 100% of their nominal value. The initial conversion/exchange price was set at €17.3190, corresponding to a 42.50% premium to the reference price of the Company's share on September 15, 2022. Unless they have been converted,

exchanged, redeemed or bought back and canceled, the 2029 OCÉANEs will be redeemed on September 22, 2029, at their nominal value plus interest accrued and not yet paid since the last interest payment date.

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the 2029 OCÉANEs, the 2029 OCÉANEs may be redeemed early, before their maturity date.

at the discretion of the holders of the 2029 OCÉANEs, at their nominal value plus interest accrued and not yet paid since the last interest payment date, (i) in the event of a change in control of the Company or the delisting of the Company's shares (as these terms are defined in the terms and conditions of the 2029 OCÉANEs) or (ii) as from September 22, 2027; or

⁽¹⁾ Financial leverage corresponds to the financial covenant as defined in the bank financing agreement signed in 2021: Leverage Ratio = net debt (as described in Note 8.5 "Net debt") to adjusted pro forma EBITDA (as defined in Note 3.2 "Earnings") of the acquisitions finalized during the last 12 months after synergies.

at the discretion of the Company, (i) at any time, in full or in part, with no limitations on price or quantity, by repurchasing the 2029 OCÉANEs on or off the market or through a buyback or through repurchase or exchange offers, or (ii) at any time as from October 13, 2026, in full only, at their nominal value plus interest accrued and not yet paid since the last interest payment date, provided that the arithmetic average of the products of the weighted average price of the Company's share and the conversion/exchange ratio exceeds 130% of the nominal value of the 2029 OCÉANEs (as these calculation methods are set out in the terms and conditions of the 2029 OCÉANEs), or (iii) at any time, in full only, at their nominal value plus interest accrued and not yet paid since the last interest payment date, provided that the total number of 2029 OCÉANEs outstanding is less than 15% of the total number of 2029 OCÉANEs initially issued.

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the 2029 OCÉANEs, the 2029 OCÉANEs may also be redeemed early before their maturity date, under certain conditions set out in the terms and conditions of the 2029 OCÉANEs, in case of an event of default (as this term is defined in the terms and conditions of the 2029 OCÉANEs), insofar as the holders of the 2029 OCÉANEs so request.

These financing contracts provide for a cross-default event, as explained above.

These 3,800 2029 OCÉANEs represented 22,906,781 underlying shares of the Company as at December 31, 2024. This number of shares takes into account the last adjustment of the conversion ratio set at 6,028.1002 shares per bond, made on May 29, 2024 in conjunction with the distribution of the dividend for the 2023 (pinancial year. Thus, the new "conversion price" for the 2029 OCÉANEs stood at €16.60, i.e. a value lower than the market price as at December 31, 2024.

Accounting policies

OCÉANE bonds qualify as a compound financial instrument and, as such, falls within the scope of IAS 32, which requires that the equity component (the call option held by the bondholder to convert the bond into shares) and the debt component (the contractual commitment to deliver cash) be recognized separately in the balance sheet.

The fair value of the debt component of the 2029 OCÉANEs, presented in non-current liabilities, is equivalent to \leqslant 328.3 million at inception (net of \leqslant 3.6 million in issuance costs).

The options component, presented in equity, was valued at \in 47.6 million (net of \in 0.5 million in issuance costs), before deferred tax

EMTN (Euro Medium Term Notes)

On the long-term capital markets, Elis has a €4 billion EMTN program, renewed and approved by the AMF on May 11, 2023, under which it has carried out several bond issues, of which the following are still circulating or were redeemed during the financial year:

- on February 15, 2018, a bond issue in the amount of €350.0 million with an 8-year maturity (February 2026) and an annual coupon of 2.875%;
- on April 11, 2019, a bond issue in the amount of €500.0 million with a 5-year maturity and an annual coupon of 1.75%. It was fully redeemed at maturity in 2024;
- on October 3, 2019, a dual-tranche bond issue for €850.0 million comprising (i) a €500.0 million tranche with a maturity of five and a half years (maturing April 2025) and an annual coupon of 1%, and (ii) a €350.0 million tranche with a maturity of eight and a half years (maturing April 2028) and an annual coupon of 1.625%;

on September 23, 2021, a fully fungible €200.0 million bond issue forming a single line with the existing bonds maturing in April 2028 issued on October 3, 2019 for an initial amount of €350.0 million with an annual coupon of 1.625%; This brought the amount of the bond line to €550.0 million;

- on May 17, 2022, a bond issue in the amount of €300.0 million with a 5-year maturity and an annual coupon of 4.125%;
- on March 14, 2024, Elis placed a principal amount of €400.0 million of senior unsecured notes under its EMTN (Euro Medium Term Notes) program. The notes have a maturity of six years and carry a fixed annual coupon of 3.75%. The net proceeds of this new issue will be used primarily to refinance the original tranche for a principal amount of €500.0 million, due to mature on April 3, 2025.

These financing contracts provide for a cross-default event, as explained above.

Medium-term negotiable notes (NEU MTN)

In addition to its commercial paper program, since June 2021 Elis has also had a program of unrated medium-term negotiable notes (NEU MTN), approved by the Banque de France, for a maximum amount of $\in\!200.0$ million. This program enables the Group to raise medium-term financing resources at favorable market conditions

with maturities between the commercial papers and the bonds issued as part of the EMTN program (between 18 months and three years). As at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were no outstandings under this program.

Commercial paper (NEU CP)

On the short-term capital market, Elis has an unrated commercial paper program (NEU CP), approved by Banque de France, for a maximum amount of €600.0 million. In addition to other financing, this program provides the Group with access to disintermediated

short-term resources at favorable market conditions. As at December 31, 2024, outstandings under this program totaled €259.0 million (€252.0 million as at December 31, 2023).

Bank financing

Syndicated revolving credit facility

On November 9, 2021, Elis signed a €900 million syndicated revolving credit facility with a group of 13 customer-driven retail banks, undrawn as at December 31, 2023. This five-year credit facility (expiring November 2026) is accompanied by two one-year extension options ("5+1+1" years). Elis exercised the first extension option in 2022. This was unanimously accepted by the banks, extending the facility until November 2027. The second extension option was requested by Elis during the 2023 financial year and accepted by all banks except one, extending the facility to November 2028 for a total of €870.0 million.

This credit facility includes an ESG component in the form of a margin adjustment mechanism linked to the achievement of

annual targets for four core indicators of the Group's sustainable development strategy, namely:

- water consumption, which the Group is committed to reducing by 30% per kg of linen delivered over the period from 2018 to 2030 for its laundries in Europe;
- gender balance, with a commitment to increase the proportion of women in managerial roles to 42% by 2030 (34% in 2020);
- a reduction in Scope 1 and 2 CO₂eq emissions, with a commitment to reduce them by 47.5% in absolute terms between 2019 and 2030;

a reduction of 28% between 2019 and 2030 in Scope 3 CO₂eq emissions from purchased goods and services, fuel and energy related activities, upstream transportation and distribution, employee commuting, and end-of-life treatment of products.

This loan agreement contains, in particular:

 a leverage ratio <3.75 covenant⁽¹⁾ to be respected at the end of each half. Failure to comply with this covenant on the relevant

date could constitute an event of default (unless a waiver is obtained from its creditors), which could entail the immediate payment and early redemption of some or all of the amounts due under the syndicated revolving credit facility;

› a cross-default event, as explained above.

Trade receivables sale program (securitization)

On June 12, 2023, the Group took out financing for a maximum amount of €200.0 million in the form of a trade receivables sale program in France (securitization) for a duration of five years.

In the context of this program, the Group agreed to sell some of its trade receivables on a renewable basis. In line with the provisions of the contract, the subsidiaries undertake to indemnify the buyer in the event that the receivables sold become unrecoverable or litigious. Moreover, in these contracts, the buyer of the receivables, in order to mitigate its risk, finances only part of the receivables sold to it, as is usually the case in similar commercial transactions.

Thus, since the risks and benefits cannot be considered to have been fully transferred, the trade receivables cannot be derecognized and these operations are treated as a secured loan.

The item "Trade and other receivables" therefore includes a balance of sold receivables for a total of €285.2 million as at December 31, 2024 (€278.6 million as at December 31, 2023).

As at December 31, 2024, the corresponding debt stands at \in 199.9 million (versus \in 177.5 million as at December 31, 2023); the difference reflects the guarantee deposit.

Change in debt

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2023	Changes in financing cash flows	Changes arising from obtaining or losing control of subsidiaries or other entities	Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	Changes in bank overdrafts	Other changes	12/31/2024
CONVERTIBLE BONDS	343.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.2	352.3
USPP	675.6	0.0	0.0	23.9	0.0	0.0	699.5
EMTN (EURO MEDIUM TERM NOTES)	2,200.0	(100.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,100.0
Medium-term negotiable notes (NEU MTN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Commercial paper (NEU CP)	252.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	259.0
Revolving	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Debt relating to mobilization of trade receivables	177.5	22.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	199.9
Other loans	2.0	(16.1)	22.4	0.0	(0.0)	(0.0)	8.2
Overdrafts	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	0.0
Loan from employee profit- sharing fund	13.0	(1.6)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.4
LOANS	445.0	11.6	22.4	0.0	(0.4)	(0.0)	478.5
ACCRUED INTEREST	42.6	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	(0.0)	5.1	47.6
UNAMORTIZED DEBT ISSUANCE COSTS	(15.5)	(7.3)	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.1	(17.8)
BORROWINGS AND FINANCIAL DEBT	3,690.7	(95.7)	22.4	23.9	(0.4)	19.3	3,660.1
Reconciliation to cash flow statement							
Proceeds from new borrowings		1,207.8					
 Repayments of borrowings 		(1,303.6)					
Change in borrowings		(95.7)					

⁽¹⁾ Financial leverage corresponds to the financial covenant as defined in the bank financing agreement signed in 2021: Leverage Ratio = net debt (as described in Note 8.5 "Net debt") to adjusted pro forma EBITDA (as defined in Note 3.2 "Earnings") of the acquisitions finalized during the last 12 months after synergies.

Breakdown of financial debt by currency

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
EUR	3,260.1	3,315.0
USD	399.5	375.6
MYR	0.5	0.0
CLP	0.0	0.1
BORROWINGS AND FINANCIAL DEBT	3,660.1	3,690.7

The financial debt denominated in US dollars related to the USPP financing has been fully converted into euros via cross-currency swaps, as detailed in the "Financial currency risk" section of Note 8.1 "Financial risk management" and in Note 8.8 "Derivative financial instruments and hedges".

Maturity of financial liabilities

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	2025	2026	2027-2029	2030 and beyond
Convertible bonds	354.6	2.4	0.0	352.3	0.0
USPP	705.8	6.3	0.0	0.0	699.5
EMTN (Euro Medium Term Notes)	2,138.5	538.5	350.0	850.0	400.0
Medium-term negotiable notes (NEU MTN)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Commercial paper (NEU CP)	259.0	259.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Revolving	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(17.8)	(4.8)	(4.4)	(7.6)	(1.0)
Loan from employee profit-sharing fund	11.4	3.6	1.4	6.4	0.0
Debt relating to mobilization of trade receivables	200.3	200.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	7.9	1.1	3.5	3.1	0.3
Overdrafts	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL BORROWINGS AND FINANCIAL DEBT	3,660.1	1,006.8	350.4	1,204.1	1,098.7

The table above takes into account the redemption right of holders of 2029 convertible bonds as at September 22, 2027.

8.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Accounting policies

"Cash and cash equivalents" includes cash, demand deposits, other very short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are recognized in the balance sheet as part of borrowings under current liabilities.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Demand accounts	451.8	287.6
Cash equivalents	170.3	377.7
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (ASSETS)	622.1	665.3
Overdrafts	(0.0)	(0.4)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, NET	622.1	664.8

Cash equivalents include:

- as at December 31, 2024, deposits (for terms of three months or less) in the amount of €60.0 million and debt securities in the amount of €101.5 million with leading French banking institutions
- as at December 31, 2023, fixed-term deposits with several French banking institutions in the amount of €370.0 million, for terms of three months or less.

In Latin America (excluding Mexico), where there may be foreign exchange controls, cash and cash equivalents totaled

€59.7 million as at December 31, 2024, compared with €62.8 million at December 31, 2023.

In France, cash available in the context of the new liquidity agreement amounted to €1.5 million as at December 31, 2024 (€3.7 million as at December 31, 2023).

In Russia, cash amounted to \in 4.1 million as at December 31, 2024 (\in 3.2 million as at December 31, 2023). This amount is used for the day-to-day operations of subsidiaries in this country.

8.5 Net financial debt

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
CONVERTIBLE BONDS	352.3	343.1
USPP	699.5	675.6
EMTN (EURO MEDIUM TERM NOTES)	2,100.0	2,200.0
Medium-term negotiable notes (NEU MTN)	0.0	0.0
Commercial paper (NEU CP)	259.0	252.0
Debt relating to mobilization of trade receivables	199.9	177.5
Other loans	8.2	2.0
Overdrafts	0.0	0.4
Loan from employee profit-sharing fund	11.4	13.0
LOANS	478.5	445.0
ACCRUED INTEREST	47.6	42.6
UNAMORTIZED DEBT ISSUANCE COSTS	(17.8)	(15.5)
BORROWINGS AND FINANCIAL DEBT	3,660.1	3,690.7
Of which maturing in less than one year	1,006.8	973.2
Of which maturing in more than one year	2,653.3	2,717.5
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (ASSETS)	622.1	665.3
NET DEBT	3,038.0	3,025.4

8.6 Financial assets and liabilities

Accounting policies

Initial recognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial instruments are initially recognized in the balance sheet at the fair value of consideration paid (for assets) or received (for liabilities). Fair value is determined on the basis of the price agreed upon for the transaction or on the basis of market prices for comparable transactions. In the absence of a market price, fair value is calculated on the basis of the discounted cash flows from the transaction, or by using a model. Discounting is unnecessary if its impact is immaterial. Similarly, short-term receivables and liabilities arising in the normal operating cycle are not discounted.

Incremental costs that are directly attributable to transactions (transaction costs, commissions, professional fees, taxes, etc.) are added to the amount initially recognized in assets or deducted from liabilities.

Subsequent valuations

The key measurement methods used are as follows:

- derivative instruments are valued by applying valuation techniques using market data;
- borrowings and financial debt are recognized at amortized cost, calculated using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

	12/31/2024 Breakdo		lown by category of financial instrument			
(In millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Fair value	Mandatory at fair value through profit or loss	Fair value – hedging instruments through OCI	Financial assets at amortized cost	Debt at amortized cost
Other equity investments	0.1	0.1	0.1			
Other non-current assets	72.5	72.5	20.6	7.1	44.7	
Contract assets	53.1	53.1			53.1	
Trade and other receivables	839.4	839.4			839.4	
Other current assets	27.6	27.6	1.0	4.7	21.9	
Cash and cash equivalents	622.1	622.1			622.1	
FINANCIAL ASSETS	1,614.7	1,614.7	21.6	11.9	1,581.2	0.0
Borrowings and financial debt	2,653.3	2,576.2				2,653.3
Other non-current liabilities	14.4	14.4	4.4	9.6		0.4
Trade and other payables	409.6	409.6				409.6
Contract liabilities	86.4	86.4				86.4
Other current liabilities	482.6	482.6	19.5	0.0		463.0
Bank overdrafts and current borrowings	1,006.8	1,001.8				1,006.8
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING LEASE LIABILITIES)	4,653.1	4,571.0	23.9	9.6	0.0	4,619.5

	12/31/2	023	Breakd	own by category o	vn by category of financial instrument		
(In millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Fair value	Mandatory at fair value through profit or loss	Fair value – hedging instruments through OCI	Financial assets at amortized cost	Debt at amortized cost	
Other equity investments	0.1	0.1	0.1				
Other non-current assets	66.2	66.2	23.6	1.9	40.7		
Contract assets	51.9	51.9			51.9		
Trade and other receivables	823.5	823.5			823.5		
Other current assets	19.3	19.3	1.2	0.2	17.9		
Cash and cash equivalents	665.3	665.3			665.3		
FINANCIAL ASSETS	1,626.3	1,626.3	24.9	2.1	1,599.3	0.0	
Borrowings and financial debt	2,717.5	2,588.6	'			2,717.5	
Other non-current liabilities	58.3	58.3	31.9	17.1		9.2	
Trade and other payables	404.8	404.8				404.8	
Contract liabilities	83.7	83.7				83.7	
Other current liabilities	532.2	532.2	88.9	3.1		440.3	
Bank overdrafts and current borrowings	973.2	967.5				973.2	
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING LEASE LIABILITIES)	4,769.7	4,635.2	120.8	20.2	0.0	4,628.7	

Fair value hierarchy

Fair value valuations of financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities such as those defined above are ranked according to the following three fair value levels, based on the data used in the valuation technique:

- Level 1: fair value determined on the basis of prices (unadjusted) observed on active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: fair value determined based on data other than the prices quoted on active markets which are observable directly (price) or indirectly (price-derived data);
- Level 3: fair value for the asset or liability determined using data that are not based on observable market data (nonobservable data).

The main techniques for determining fair value at levels 2 and 3 for financial instruments are:

- Offsetting assets and debt related to acquisitions: discounted cash flows.
- USPP debt and debt component of convertible bonds: market comparable / discounted cash flows technique. The fair values shown for fixed-rate debt include the effects of interest rate movements, while those for total debt include changes in Group credit risk.
- › Foreign exchange derivatives: forward pricing.
- Cross-currency swaps: swap models.

The table below shows the level at which each fair value is ranked in the fair value hierarchy:

	12/31/2024	Fair	value hierarchy	
(In millions of euros)	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Other equity investments	0.1			0.1
Non-current derivatives - assets (cross-currency swaps)	7.1		7.1	
Current derivatives - assets (currency forwards)	5.7		5.7	
Offsetting assets	20.6			20.6
ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	33.5	-	12.8	20.7
Non-current derivatives - liabilities (cross-currency swaps)	9.6		9.6	
Current derivatives - liabilities (currency forwards)	0.5		0.5	
Debt related to acquisitions	23.5			23.5
LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	33.6	-	10.1	23.5
USPP	659.6		659.6	
EMTN (Euro Medium Term Notes)	2,081.8	2,081.8		
Convertible bonds - debt component	357.6		357.6	
LIABILITIES FOR WHICH FAIR VALUE IS DISCLOSED IN THE NOTES	3,099.0	2,081.8	1,017.2	-

	12/31/2023	Fair v		
(In millions of euros)	Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Other equity investments	0.1			0.1
Non-current derivatives – assets (cross-currency swaps)	1.9		1.9	
Current derivatives - assets (currency forwards)	1.4		1.4	
Offsetting assets	23.6			23.6
ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	27.0	-	3.4	23.6
Non-current derivatives - liabilities (cross-currency swaps)	17.1		17.1	
Current derivatives - liabilities (currency forwards)	5.7		5.7	
Debt related to acquisitions	118.2			118.2
LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	141.0	-	22.8	118.2
USPP	628.4		628.4	
EMTN (Euro Medium Term Notes)	2,135.9	2,135.9		
Convertible bonds - debt component	346.0		346.0	
LIABILITIES FOR WHICH FAIR VALUE IS DISCLOSED IN THE NOTES	3,110.3	2,135.9	974.5	_

8.7 Other non-current assets and liabilities

Accounting policies

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted on an active market. They are included in current assets, apart from those maturing more than 12 months after the reporting date. These are classified as non-current assets.

Offsetting assets correspond to vendor warranties and are evaluated on the same basis as indemnified liabilities, subject to value corrections for unrecoverable amounts. If the indemnification is related to a liability recognized at its fair value at acquisition, the offsetting asset is also recorded at fair value.

Repurchase commitments to non-controlling interests are recognized as liabilities. Subsequent changes in the value of the put option strike price are recorded in the income statement under "Other operating income and expenses" in accordance with the provisions of IFRS 9.

(In millions of euros)	Notes	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Non-current derivatives – assets	8.8	7.1	1.9
Long-term loans and receivables		3.7	2.9
Offsetting assets and other non-current assets		20.6	23.6
Marginal costs of obtaining contracts		41.0	37.8
OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS		72.5	66.2
Non-current derivatives - liabilities	8.8	9.6	17.1
Deferred consideration payable on acquisitions		4.4	31.9
Liability for repurchase commitments to non-controlling interests		-	-
Other non-current liabilities		0.4	9.2
OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		14.4	58.3

8.8 Derivative financial instruments and hedges

Accounting policies

The Group holds derivative financial instruments in order to hedge its exposure to currency risk.

Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value at inception and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. The resulting changes are recognized under income for derivatives hedging intra-Group current accounts denominated in foreign currencies.

The Group designates other derivatives as hedging instruments in order to hedge its exposure to the changeability of cash flows associated with a highly likely transaction arising from exchange rate changes.

At the inception of the transaction, the Group documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, as well as its risk management objectives and hedging policy. At the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Group also documents the effectiveness of the derivatives used in offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows of hedged items.

The fair value of a derivative hedging instrument is classified as a non-current asset or liability when the residual term of the hedged item is greater than 12 months, and as a current asset or liability when the residual term of the hedged item is less than 12 months. Derivative instruments held for trading are classified as current assets or liabilities.

Derivatives used in cash flow hedges

Only the change in fair value of the spot element (effective part) of currency forward contracts is designated as a hedging instrument in cash flow hedging relationships. This is recognized in other comprehensive income.

The Group recognizes the forward components of forward contracts separately in other comprehensive income and accumulates them in the cost of hedging reserve in a separate component of equity until their reclassification in income or loss or in the initial cost of the non-financial asset acquired.

The cumulative gain or loss reported in equity is reclassified to the income statement when the hedged item affects profit or loss

When a transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset (for example, a non-current asset or inventory), the hedging gain or loss, deferred as equity, is transferred to the initial carrying amount of the hedged item (method known as basis adjustment).

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets hedge accounting criteria, any cumulative gain (or loss) in equity at that time remains in equity, and is reclassified to the income statement when the forecast transaction is recognized in profit or loss. When a forecast stransaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain (or loss) that was recognized in equity is immediately reclassified to the income statement.

Cash flow hedges

The Group holds the following derivative instruments to hedge its interest rate and currency risks (the nominal amounts are presented after translation into euros at the hedging rate):

As at 12/31/2024	1-6 months	6-12 months	More than one year	Total
CURRENCY RISK				
Forward USD purchases (highly probable forecast purchases)				
Nominal (in millions of euros)	37.7	28.9		66.6
Average EUR/USD forward rate	1.11	1.11		-
Forward USD purchases (highly probable forecast purchases)				
Nominal (in millions of euros)	17.1	14.0		31.1
Average GBP/USD forward rate	1.31	1.31		-
Cross-currency swap - USPP				
Nominal (in millions of euros)			35.7	35.7
Fixed rate until 2029			2.69%	-
Nominal (in millions of euros)			158.6	158.6
Fixed rate until 2032			2.98%	-
Nominal (in millions of euros)			183.4	183.4
Fixed rate until 2035			5.21%	-

As at 12/31/2023	1-6 months	6-12 months	More than one year	Total
CURRENCY RISK				
Forward USD purchases (highly probable forecast purchases)				
Nominal (in millions of euros)	44.5	35.8		80.3
Average EUR/USD forward rate	1.08	1.09		-
Forward USD purchases (highly probable forecast purchases)				
Nominal (in millions of euros)	11.3	14.1		25.4
Average GBP/USD forward rate	1.22	1.23		-
Cross-currency swap - USPP				
Nominal (in millions of euros)			35.7	35.7
Fixed rate until 2029			2.69%	-
Nominal (in millions of euros)			158.6	158.6
Fixed rate until 2032			2.98%	-
Nominal (in millions of euros)			183.4	183.4
Fixed rate until 2035			5.21%	-

The amounts relating to the hedged items are as follows:

As at 12/31/2024	Change in the value of the hedged item used to recognize the ineffective portion of the hedge	Cash flow hedge reserve before tax	Cash flow hedge reserve (hedge accounting no longer applied)
Currency risk			
Highly probable forecast purchases	(7.5)	4.4	0.0
Interest rate risk			
Variable-rate instruments	0.0	(0.0)	0.0

As at 12/31/2023	Change in the value of the hedged item used to recognize the ineffective portion of the hedge	Cash flow hedge reserve before tax	Cash flow hedge reserve (hedge accounting no longer applied)
Currency risk			
Highly probable forecast purchases	(1.3)	(3.3)	0.0
Interest rate risk			
Variable-rate instruments	0.0	(0.0)	0.0

The table below details the impact of derivatives on the Elis Group's consolidated financial statements:

	As at 12/31/2024				12/31/2024				
		Carryin	g value		Change in the fair		Amount		
(In millions of euros)	Nominal	Assets	Liabilities	Line item in the statement of financial position which includes the hedging instrument	value of the hedging instrument recognized in other comprehensive income	Hedging costs recognized in other comprehensive income	reclassified from the hedge reserve to the income statement	reclassified	Income statement item
Currency risk									
Forward currency purchases	97.7	4.7	0.0	"Other current assets and liabilities," see Note 4.8	7.5	(0.1)	0.2	(0.0)	"Net financial income" Foreign currency translation gains (losses)
Cross-currency swap – USPP	377.7	7.1	9.6	"Other non-current assets and liabilities," see Note 8.7	-	(11.2)	-	0.0	"Net financial income" Foreign currency translation gains (losses)

		As	at 12/31/202	23	12/31/2023				
_		Carryin	g value	I have been a for the co	Change in the fair	Hadalan asata	Amount		
(In millions of euros)	Nominal	Assets	Liabilities	Line item in the statement of financial position which includes the hedging instrument	value of the hedging instrument recognized in other comprehensive income	Hedging costs recognized in other comprehensive income	reclassified from the hedge reserve to the income statement	Hedging costs reclassified to the income statement	Income statement item
Currency risk									
Forward currency purchases	105.7	0.2	3.1	"Other current assets and liabilities," see Note 4.8	1.3	(0.4)	0.3	(0.1)	"Net financial income" Foreign currency translation gains (losses)
0				"Other non-current					"Net financial income" Foreign currency
Cross-currency swap – USPP	377.7	1.9	17.1	assets and liabilities," see Note 8.7	-	(21.5)	-	(9.2)	translation gains (losses)

The reconciliation of each component of equity impacted by hedge accounting is as follow:

(In millions of euros)	Cost of hedging reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve
Cash flow hedges		
BALANCE AS AT JANUARY 1, 2023	6.8	(3.6)
Change in fair value resulting from foreign exchange rate risk hedging	(21.9)	1.3
Change in fair value resulting from interest rate risk hedging	0.0	0.0
Amounts reclassified to the income statement	(0.1)	0.3
Related tax	5.7	(0.4)
BALANCE AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	(9.5)	(2.4)
Change in fair value resulting from foreign exchange rate risk hedging	(11.4)	7.5
Change in fair value resulting from interest rate risk hedging	0.0	0.0
Amounts reclassified to the income statement	(0.0)	0.2
Related tax	2.9	(2.0)
BALANCE AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2024	(17.9)	3.3

8.9 Off-balance sheet commitments relating to Group financing and other commitments

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Commitments given		
Assignment and pledge of receivables as collateral		
Pledges, mortgages and sureties	2.2	1.7
Pledges, endorsements and guarantees given		
Commitments received		
Pledges, mortgages and sureties		
Pledges, endorsements and guarantees received	32.6	35.7

NOTE 9 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Accounting policies

Current tax

Income tax assets or liabilities due for the current financial year or for previous years are measured at the amount expected to be received from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and rules applied to calculate these amounts are the tax rates and rules enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax on items recognized outside of profit or loss is recognized outside of profit or loss.

Deferred tax

Deferred taxes are recognized on the basis of temporary differences between the book value of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. The following items do not give rise to the recognition of a deferred tax:

- taxable temporary differences generated by the initial recognition of goodwill;
- temporary differences related to the initial recognition of an asset or a liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and which, when it occurs, does not affect either the accounting profit or the taxable profit or loss, and does not give rise, at the time of the transaction, to a taxable temporary difference and to a deductible temporary difference of an equal amount;
- temporary differences related to equity investments in subsidiaries, associate companies and partnerships, to the extent to which the Group is capable of monitoring the date of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is likely that they will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized as deductible temporary differences and unused tax credits and tax losses only to the extent that it is likely that the Group will have future taxable profits on which they can be charged. Taxable future profits are measured in relation to the reversal of taxable temporary differences.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting period-end and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be offset. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are measured at each reporting period-end and are recognized to the extent that it is probable that a future taxable profit will be available against which they can be offset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply in the year in which the asset is realized or the liability settled, based on the tax rates (and tax rules) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax on items recognized outside of profit or loss is recognized outside of profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities, and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same tax authority.

The table below shows a breakdown of income tax expense and details the reconciliation between the actual income tax expense and the theoretical income tax expense calculated based on the tax rate applicable to the parent:

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
Consolidated net income (loss)	337.8	261.9
Current taxes	127.7	120.3
Deferred taxes	0.6	(10.1)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAX	466.0	372.2
Theoretical tax rate	25.83%	25.83%
THEORETICAL TAX EXPENSE	120.4	96.1
ACTUAL TAX EXPENSE	128.3	110.3
Effect of tax not based on net income (CVAE in France, IRAP in Italy)	3.5	4.6
DIFFERENCE	(4.4)	(9.5)
Breakdown of difference		
Differences in tax rate	(0.1)	(0.0)
Permanent differences (including non-deductible IFRS 2 expenses)	(12.1)	(12.2)
Utilization of previously unrecognized tax losses/(Unrecognized tax loss carryforwards)/Tax credits	0.3	14.8
Adjustments and accretion of non-deductible earnouts*	0.8	(15.8)
Other differences (deductible CVAE, etc.)	6.7	3.6

^(*) See Note 4.6.

The following table shows the sources of deferred tax assets and liabilities:

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2023 net	Increase related to business combinations	Income (loss)	Recognized directly in other comprehensive income	Translation differences & other	12/31/2024 net
Goodwill (tax-deductible amort.)	(3.6)	0.0	(1.0)	0.0	1.0	(3.6)
Intangible assets	(125.8)	(3.8)	20.3	0.0	0.4	(108.9)
Right-of-use assets	(100.3)	(0.0)	(7.2)	0.0	(1.6)	(109.1)
Property, plant and equipment	(162.1)	(0.5)	(15.2)	0.0	(0.3)	(178.1)
Other assets	(16.4)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	0.6	(16.2)
Derivative instruments – assets	(0.9)	0.0	(1.3)	(1.2)	0.0	(3.3)
Provisions	23.2	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(1.3)	21.5
Net employee benefit liabilities	12.3	0.0	(0.3)	4.3	0.3	16.6
Borrowings and financial debt	(13.6)	0.0	3.4	0.0	0.0	(10.2)
Derivative instruments – liabilities	5.9	0.0	(5.4)	2.1	0.0	2.6
Lease liabilities	105.1	0.0	9.5	0.0	1.4	116.0
Other current liabilities	1.8	0.0	2.6	0.0	(0.1)	4.3
Other	(13.0)	(0.3)	2.7	0.2	(0.1)	(10.5)
Recognized tax losses	37.4	0.0	(7.9)	0.0	(1.5)	27.9
NET DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (LIABILITIES)	(250.0)	(4.6)	(0.6)	5.4	(1.2)	(251.0)
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	46.9					43.3
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	(296.9)					(294.3)

- deferred tax assets are recognized for tax loss carryforwards when it is probable that they can be offset against future taxable profit and in the absence of a history of recent losses;
- as at December 31, 2024, the Group had tax losses of €34.9 million (base) for which no deferred tax assets had been recognized (€32.7 million at December 31, 2023). The majority of these tax losses, which are almost all related to foreign subsidiaries, have no expiration date.

Global minimum tax rate

Accounting policies

The Group applies the exception regarding the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities related to income tax arising from the Pillar 2 rules.

Since January 1, 2024, the Group has been subject to the "minimum tax" rule of the OECD's international tax reform, commonly referred to as "Pillar 2."

As such, the Group had to pay an additional qualifying domestic top-up tax in Ireland of 0.3 million as at December 31, 2024.

The average effective tax rate (calculated in accordance with paragraph 86 of IAS 12), according to tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

(In millions of euros)	Income (loss) before tax 2024	Tax recognized 2024	Average effective tax rate 2024	Income (loss) before tax 2023	Tax recognized 2023	Average effective tax rate 2023
France	163.7	46.4	28.3%	94.1	47.1	50.0%
European Union (excluding France)	210.9	52.3	24.8%	177.2	35.4	20.0%
of which Ireland	8.2	2.0	24.7%	10.1	1.3	13.0%
Non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax purposes (European Union list)	(0.6)	(0.1)	19.1%	0.2	0.6	321.4%
Excluding the European Union	92.0	29.7	32.3%	100.7	27.2	27.0%
TOTAL	466.0	128.3	27.5%	372.2	110.3	29.6%

The effective tax rate in France was heavily impacted during the 2023 financial year by non-deductible earnout adjustments.

NOTE 10 SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND EARNINGS PER SHARE

10.1 Share capital and reserves

Capital management

The new policy for allocating the Group's capital aims to improve shareholder returns by:

- pursuing new bolt-on acquisitions, with an acquisition budget of between €50 and €150 million per year⁽¹⁾;
- maintaining the investment grade status of Elis and continuing the reduction in financial leverage⁽²⁾, but with a limit of approximately 0.1x per year; in this regard, financial leverage amounts to 1.85x at December 31, 2024 (2.04x at December 31, 2023).

The remaining cash will mainly be used to improve shareholder return, by means of paying a dividend or a share buyback.

Liquidity agreement

Elis entered into a liquidity agreement with Oddo BHF (Natixis group) on January 2, 2024, for an initial period ending on December 31, 2024 and then renewable by tacit agreement annually for one year, relating to ordinary Elis shares (ISIN code FR0012435121), in accordance with AMF Decision No. 2021-01 of June 22, 2021 governing the establishment of liquidity agreements on equity securities under accepted market practices. The trading platform on which transactions under this liquidity agreement are carried out is Euronext Paris.

As at December 31, 2024, 184,390 securities and €1.5 million in liquidity were held under the liquidity agreement.

Changes in share capital

Number of shares as at January 1, 2023	230,147,257
NUMBER OF SHARES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	234,000,047
NUMBER OF SHARES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2024	236,664,445
Number of authorized shares	236,664,445
Number of shares issued and fully paid up	236,664,445
Number of shares issued and not fully paid up	-
Par value of shares	1.00
Treasury shares	184,855
Shares reserved for issue under options and sales agreements	-

In 2024:

- of following the vesting of the free performance shares, the share capital was increased on March 11, April 15, and October 24, 2024 by an aggregate nominal amount of €1.9 million, respectively, through the capitalization of those same amounts in "Additional paid-in capital";
- as part of a new subscription to the Group savings plan, the following transactions were carried out on November 14, 2024:
 (i) the share capital was increased by €0.8 million and additional paid-in capital by €9.9 million (ii) a provision for the costs related to the capital increases (net of the corresponding tax savings) was then charged to additional paid-in capital, (iii) lastly, the balance of €0.3 million was allocated to the legal reserve, by deduction from the "Additional paid-in capital" item.

In 2023:

- of following the vesting of the free performance shares, the share capital was increased on March 10, July 10, and August 30, 2023 by an aggregate nominal amount of €1.1 million, respectively, through the capitalization of those same amounts in "Additional paid-in capital";
- after the general shareholders' meeting on May 25, 2023, share capital and additional paid-in capital increased to €2.0 million and €30.8 million respectively through the creation of 2,002,768 new Elis shares following payment of the stock dividend (see below). In addition, €0.3 million was deducted from additional paid-in capital to bring the Company's legal reserve to one-tenth of the new share capital;
- as part of a new subscription to the Group savings plan, the following transactions were carried out on November 07, 2023: (i) the share capital was increased by €0.7 million and additional paid-in capital by €7.5 million (ii) a provision for the costs related to the capital increases (net of the corresponding tax savings) was then charged to additional paid-in capital, (iii) lastly, the balance of €0.1 million was allocated to the legal reserve, by deduction from the "Additional paid-in capital" item.

Elis may, without undermining this new capital allocation policy, study strategic opportunities for developing the geographic areas in which the Group currently operates.
 Financial leverage corresponds to the financial covenant as defined in the bank financing agreement signed in 2021: Leverage Ratio = net debt (as described in Note 8.5 "Net debt") to adjusted pro forma EBITDA (as defined in Note 3.2 "Earnings") of the acquisitions finalized during the last 12 months after synergies.

10.2 Dividends and distributions paid and proposed

It was decided at the annual general shareholders' meeting on May 25, 2023, to distribute a dividend for the 2022 financial year of \in 0.41 per share, with the option of payment in Elis shares. The dividend was paid in cash and stock on June 22, 2023. 34.72% of rights were exercised in favor of payment of a stock dividend, i.e. the issuance of 2,002,768 new shares. The cash dividend paid to shareholders who did not opt for the stock dividend amounted to \in 61.7 million

It was decided at the annual general shareholders' meeting on May 23, 2024, to distribute a cash dividend for the 2023 financial year of €0.43 per share, or €101.3 million.

The next annual general shareholders' meeting will be asked to approve the payout of €0.45 per share, or €106.4 million, based on the number of existing shares as at December 31, 2024 (excluding treasury shares).

10.3 Earnings per share

Accounting policies

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing profit attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share (DEPS) is calculated by dividing profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent (adjusted for dividends, interest recognized during the period and any other change in income or expense resulting from the conversion of potentially dilutive ordinary shares) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share does not take into account the conversion, exercise or issue of potential ordinary shares that would have an accretive impact on earnings per share (i.e., that does not increase the loss per share).

(In millions of euros)	2024	2023
Net income or loss attributable to owners of the parent		
› Continuing operations	337.8	262.0
Discontinued operations	0.0	0.0
NET INCOME OR LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT	337.8	262.0
Interest expense related to convertible bonds (net of tax)	13.2	15.6
NET INCOME OR LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT, ADJUSTED FOR DILUTION	351.0	277.6
Weighted average number of shares	235,896,652	232,122,085
Effect of conversion of convertible bonds	22,906,781	28,177,067
Effect of contingently issuable shares	1,757,910	2,342,990
Weighted average number of shares used for diluted EPS	260,561,343	262,642,141
Earnings (loss) per share (EPS) (in euros):		
basic, attributable to owners of the parent	€1.43	€1.13
diluted, attributable to owners of the parent	€1.35	€1.06
Earnings (loss) per share (EPS) from continuing operations (in euros):		
basic, attributable to owners of the parent	€1.43	€1.13
odiluted, attributable to owners of the parent	€1.35	€1.06

The weighted average numbers of shares take into account the withdrawal of 106,642 treasury shares in 2024 (99,574 treasury shares in 2023).

NOTE 11 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Except for compensation paid to executives and the retirement plan as shown in Note 5.5 "Executive compensation (related party transactions)," no other transactions were carried out with related parties in 2024 or 2023.

11.1 Subsidiaries and consolidated companies

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Elis and of all the following fully consolidated subsidiaries:

Entity name	Registered office	Primary business	% equity 12/31/2024	% equity 12/31/2023
Elis SA	Saint-Cloud	Parent company	100	100
FRANCE				
M.A.J. SA	Pantin	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Les Lavandières SAS	Avrillé	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Régionale de Location et Services Textiles SAS	Marcq-en-Barœul	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Pierrette - T.B.A. SA	Malzeville	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Le Jacquard Français SARL	Gérardmer	Manufacturing entity	100	100
Elis Services SAS	Saint-Cloud	Other	100	100
Thimeau SAS	Meaux	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Pro Services Environnement SAS	Rochetoirin	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
AD3 SAS	Dardilly	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
SCI Les Gailletrous	La Chaussée-Saint-Victor	Other	100	100
SCI du Château de Janville	Saint-Cloud	Other	100	100
GIE Eurocall Partners	Villeurbanne	Other	100	100
SCI Maine Beauséjour	Limoges	Other	100	100
SCI La Forge	Bondoufle	Other	100	100
Société de Participations Commerciales et Industrielles SARL	Saint-Cloud	Other	100	100
SCI des 2 Sapins	Grenoble	Other	100	100
SHF SAS	Saint-Cloud	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Prévention Nuisibles SAS	Savigny-sur-Orge	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Blanchisserie Blésoise SAS	La Chaussée-Saint-Victor	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
SOS Termites SAS	La Teste-de-Buch	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Alpes 3D SAS	Saint-Martin-le-Vinoux	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Artica Traitement SAS	Nantes	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
Bio Pest Services SAS	Bully	Textile & hygiene services	Dissolved	100
3D - Désinfection, Dératisation, Désinsectisation SAS	Voiron	Textile & hygiene services	Dissolved	100
SHF Holding SA	Saint-Cloud	Other	Dissolved	100
Savoie Anti-Nuisibles SAS	Aix-les-Bains	Textile & hygiene services	Merger	100
Haute-Savoie Anti-Nuisibles SAS	Annemasse	Textile & hygiene services	Merger	100
Ain Anti-Nuisibles SAS	Château-Gaillard	Textile & hygiene services	Merger	100
Anchain Trade Services SAS	Flers-en-Escrebieux	Textile & hygiene services	-	Dissolved

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Elis GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Glückstadt GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Nordost GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Nordost GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Schleswig GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis West GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Group Services GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Textilmanagement GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Decontam GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Jentex GmbH ⁽¹⁾ TSL Textilservice-und Logistik GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Sulz am Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	amburg amburg enwalde chleswig Hagen amburg	Textile & hygiene services Other Textile & hygiene services Textile & hygiene services	100 100 100	100 100 100
Elis Glückstadt GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Nordost GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Schleswig GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis West GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Group Services GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Textilmanagement GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Decontam GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Jentex GmbH ⁽¹⁾ TSL Textilservice-und Logistik GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Fürste Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	amburg enwalde chleswig Hagen amburg	Other Textile & hygiene services Textile & hygiene services	100 100	100 100
Elis Nordost GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Schleswig GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Sc Elis West GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Group Services GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Helis Textilmanagement GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Decontam GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Jentex GmbH ⁽¹⁾ TSL Textilservice-und Logistik GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Fürste Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Sulz am Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	enwalde chleswig Hagen amburg	Textile & hygiene services Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Schleswig GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis West GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Group Services GmbH ⁽¹⁾ HElis Textilmanagement GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Decontam GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Jentex GmbH ⁽¹⁾ TSL Textilservice-und Logistik GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Fürste Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Sulz am Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	chleswig Hagen amburg amburg	Textile & hygiene services		
Elis West GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Group Services GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Textilmanagement GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Decontam GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Jentex GmbH ⁽¹⁾ TSL Textilservice-und Logistik GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Fürste Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Sulz am Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	Hagen amburg amburg		100	
Elis Group Services GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Textilmanagement GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Decontam GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Jentex GmbH ⁽¹⁾ TSL Textilservice-und Logistik GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Sulz am Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	amburg amburg	Textile & hygiene services		100
Elis Textilmanagement GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Decontam GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Jentex GmbH ⁽¹⁾ TSL Textilservice-und Logistik GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Sulz am Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	amburg		100	100
Decontam GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Jentex GmbH ⁽¹⁾ TSL Textilservice-und Logistik GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Fürste Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Sulz am Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	_	Other	100	100
Jentex GmbH ⁽¹⁾ TSL Textilservice-und Logistik GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Fürste Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Sulz am Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	adehaim	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
TSL Textilservice-und Logistik GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Sulz am Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	iusi ieli i	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Sulz GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	Jena	Dormant	49	49
Elis Eckental GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	enwalde	Dormant	100	100
Curantex Verwaltungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	Neckar	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Erkelenz GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	Eckental	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Landstuhl GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	Erkelenz	Other	100	100
	Erkelenz	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Habar Casab öffaführungsgassallab aft mbH(I)	andstuhl	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Haber Geschäftsführungsgesellschaft mbH ⁽¹⁾	andstuhl	Other	100	100
Steamtech GmbH ⁽¹⁾	andstuhl	Other	100	100
Elis Mitte GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	Alsfeld	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Jöckel Beteiligungs GmbH ⁽¹⁾	Alsfeld	Other	100	100
Jöckel Grundstücksverwaltungs GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾	Alsfeld	Other	100	100
Wäscherei Ernst GmbH ⁽¹⁾	Erbach	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
Servicetex GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Villingen-Schwer	nningen	Textile & hygiene services	Merger	100
Miettex Service Süd GmbH ⁽¹⁾	amburg	Textile & hygiene services	-	Merger
Niessing Miettextil GmbH & Co. KG ⁽¹⁾ Schwa	ırzenbek	Textile & hygiene services	-	Merger
Verwaltung Niessing GmbH ⁽¹⁾ Schwa	ırzenbek	Other	-	Merger
ANDORRA				
Auxiliar Hotelera Arly Sant Julià	de Lòria	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Arly les Valls Andorra	la Vella	Dormant	In liquidation	In liquidation
AUSTRIA				
Elis Austria GmbH	Hard	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
BELGIUM				
Elis Belgium And	derlecht	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Blanchisserie Basse Meuse	Herstal	Textile & hygiene services		100
Ardenne & Meuse Logistic	Herstal	Other		100
-	Péruwelz	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
	Péruwelz	Other		100
	ciuweiz	Textile & hygiene services		-
Les Tapis Boland SRL F	Vetteren		Merger	

 $^{(1) \ \} Company\ making\ use\ of\ the\ exemption\ clause\ provided\ for\ in\ the\ German\ Code\ of\ Commerce\ (HGB)\ \S\ 264\ (3)\ or\ 264b.$

Entity name	Registered office	Primary business	% equity 12/31/2024	% equity 12/31/2023
BRAZIL				
Atmosfera Gestão e Higienização de Têxteis SA	Jundiaí	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
L'Acqua Lavanderias Ltda	Ponta Grossa	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Teclav Tecnologia e Lavagem Industrial Ltda	Eusébio	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Megalav Lavanderia Hospitalar Ltda	Serra	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Uniforme Lavanderia e Locação Ltda	Camaçari	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
NJ Lavanderia Industrial e Hospitalar Ltda ME	Brasilia	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Prolav Servicos Tecnicos Ltda	Rio Bonito, Rio de Janeiro	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Global Service Lavanderia Ltda ME	Goiana	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
LVB Holding Ltda	Videira	Other	100	100
Lavebras Gestão de Têxteis SA	Videira	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Atmosfera Gestão e Higienização de Uniformes Ltda	São José dos Pinhais	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
	São Bernardo do			
Totalqualy Higienização Textil Ltda	Campo	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
BR Laundry Industria, Comercio e Serviços Ltda	Anápolis	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Clinilaves Lavanderia Industrial Eirelli	Araquari	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Lavanderia ASPH Ltda	Boa Esperança do Sul	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
MAB Indústria e Comércio Eireli	Araquari	Other	100	100
Nortelav Lavanderia Industrial Ltda	Belém	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Lavanderia Alba Ltda	Cuiabá	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Sinop Higienização Têxtil Hospitalar Ltda	Sinop	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Alba Service Lavanderia Ltda	Cuiabá	Textile & hygiene services	100	100-
Lavanderia Hibisco Ltda	Arroio do Meio	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
Dropton Louisandoria Itala	Fatalaza	Toutile 9, business continue	Currently being	100
Prontlav Lavanderia Ltda	Fortaleza	Textile & hygiene services	dissolved	
Martins e Lococo Lavanderia Ltda	Caieiras	Textile & hygiene services	Merger	100 100
Toalhão Locação e Higienização de Enxoval Ltda	Fortaleza	Textile & hygiene services	Dissolved	
Center Lav Serviço de Lavanderia Ltda CHILE	Palmas	Textile & hygiene services	_	Merger
	Cantingo	Othor	100	100
Elis Chile SpA	Santiago	Other	100	100
Albia SA	Santiago	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Servicios Hospitalarios SA	Recoleta	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Comercial Elis Chile SpA Golden Clean SA	Mostazal Cerrillos	Textile & hygiene services	100	100 100
Clean Master SpA		Textile & hygiene services	100	100
CYPRUS	Antofagasta	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
	Larnaca	Other	100	100
Coliday Holdings Ltd Skewen Investments Ltd	Larnaca Larnaca	Other	100	100
COLOMBIA	Lamaca	Offier	100	100
	Donaté D.C.	Toutile 0 husians services	100	100
Elis Colombia SAS	Bogotá, D.C.	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Centro de Lavado y Aseo CLA SAS	Bogotá, D.C.	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Caribe SAS	Turbaco	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Lavanderia Industrial Metropolitana SAS	Bogotá, D.C.	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Lavanser SAS	Bogotá, D.C.	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Lavaozono SAS	ltagüí	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Servicio Tecnilavado SAS	La Estrella	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
DENMARK		T- 17- 0 ' '		
Elis Danmark A/S	Søborg	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Berendsen A/S	Søborg	Other	100	100
A-vask A/S	Søborg	Dormant	In liquidation	100
Chrisal Skadedyrsservice A/S	Løgumkloster	Textile & hygiene services	-	Merger

Entity name	Registered office	Primary business	% equity 12/31/2024	% equity 12/31/2023
SPAIN				
Elis Manomatic SA	Sant Cugat del Vallès	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Lavalia cee	La Nucia	Dormant	100	100
Servicios de Lavandería Industrial de Castilla la Mancha SA	Yeles	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Goiz Ikuztegia SL	Zumárraga	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Eliteq Sanidad Ambiental SL	Godella	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Compañía de Tratamientos Levante SL	Gandía	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Casbu SL	Igualada	Textile & hygiene services	100	50
Indusal Navarra SA-Ilunion Navarra SLU UTE 2020	Marcilla	Textile & hygiene services	83	83
Carsan Renting & Laundry SL	Getafe	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
Alquitex Renting Textil SL	Getafe	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
ESTONIA				
Elis Textile Service AS	Tartu maakond	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Svarmil AS	Kiviõli	Other	100	100
FINLAND				
Elis Textile Service Oy	Tuusula	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
HUNGARY				
Elis Hungary Kft	Miskolc	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
IRELAND				
Elis Textile Services Ltd	Dublin	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Berendsen Ireland Holdings Ltd	Dublin	Other	100	100
Elis Pest Control Ltd	Dublin	Dormant	100	100
Elis Textiles Ltd	Dublin	Dormant	100	100
Steri-tex Ltd	Dublin	Dormant	100	100
ITALY				
Elis Italia SpA	San Giuliano Milanese	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Gruppo Indaco Srl	Milan	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Aracnos Srl	Castiglione delle Stiviere	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
Sistema ambiente Srl	Parma	Textile & hygiene services	-	Merger
LATVIA				
Elis Tekstila Serviss AS	Riga	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
LITHUANIA				
Elis Textile Service UAB	Vilnius	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
LUXEMBOURG				
Elis Luxembourg SA	Bascharage	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Rentex Vertriebs GmbH	Luxembourg	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
MALAYSIA				
Wonway Manufacturing Sdn Bhd	Kapar	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
Microclean Services Sdn Bhd	Kapar	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
Pureglove Sdn Bhd	Kapar	Dormant	100	-
Shoetech Industries Sdn Bhd	Kapar	Dormant	100	-

Entity name	Registered office	Primary business	% equity 12/31/2024	% equity 12/31/2023
MEXICO				
Lavartex SAPI de CV	Ciudad de México	Other	100	100
Empresas HTX SA de CV	Ciudad de México	Other	100	100
Bristol Holding SAPI de CV	Guadalajara	Other	100	100
Grupo Codeli SA de CV	Ciudad de México	Other	100	100
Adoos SA de CV	Ciudad de México	Other	100	100
Higiénica Textil SA de CV	Naucalpan de Juárez	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Lavasan SA de CV	Ciudad de México	Other	100	100
Grupo Empresarial Bousi SA de CV	Ciudad de México	Dormant	100	100
Renta de Blancos SA de CV	Ciudad de México	Dormant	100	100
Servicios y Suministro a Lavanderias SA de CV	Ciudad de México	Other	100	100
Manteles SA de CV	Ciudad de México	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Lavanderia La Europea SA de CV	Ciudad de México	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Lavandería de Hospitales y Sanatorios SA de CV	Naucalpan de Juárez	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Higiene Textil Del Noreste SA de CV	Ciudad Victoria	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Servisan SA de CV	Ciudad de México	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Servicios Estrella Azul de Occidente SA de CV	San Pedro Tlaquepaque	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Mas limpio SA de CV	Zapopan	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Los Carruajes de la Corona SA de CV	Santa Catarina	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
NORWAY		, 0		
Elis Norge AS	Oslo	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
NETHERLANDS		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Elis Nederland BV	Arnhem	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Pest Control Nederland BV	Arnhem	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Netherlands Holding BV	Arnhem	Other	100	100
Arvo Protect BV	Nieuw-Vennep	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Hexapoda Ongediertebestrijding BV	Velserbroek	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Moderna Holding BV	Hardenberg	Other	100	-
Moderna Beheer BV	Hardenberg	Other	100	_
BLM Bilderdeek Linen Management BV	Gemeente Ermelo	Textile & hygiene services	100	_
Moderna Horecatextiel BV	Hardenberg	Textile & hygiene services	100	_
Stomerij Eindhoven BV	Eindhoven	Dormant	100	
Moderna Stomerij BV	Hardenberg	Textile & hygiene services	100	
Moderna Bedrijfskleding BV	Hardenberg	Textile & hygiene services	100	_
Moderna Direct BV	Hardenberg	Other	100	_
	Utrecht	Other	100	-
Laundry Services BV Wasned BV		Other	100	-
	Nieuwegein			-
Wasned Nieuwegein BV Wasned Noord-Holland BV	Nieuwegein	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
	Nieuwegein	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
Washed Textielverzorging & Linnenverhuur BV	Nieuwegein	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
Washed Vastgoed BV	Utrecht	Other	100	-
Wasned Holding BV	Utrecht	Other	100	-
POLAND				
Elis Textile Service Sp. z.o.o.	Żukowo	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Supply Chain Centre Sp z.o.o.	Rumia	Other	100	100
PORTUGAL				
Sociedade Portuguesa de Aluguer e Serviço de Têxteis SA	Samora Correira	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Lavandarias Monica SA	Ponte GMR	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Garment Finishing and Distribution European Services SA	Samora Correira	Other	100	100
SPAST II Lda	Samora Correira	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
CZECH REPUBLIC				
Elis Textil Servis sro	Brno	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Pevi sro	Lanškroun	Textile & hygiene services	Merger	100
Terrana sro	Lanškroun	Other	Merger	100

Entity name	Registered office	Primary business	% equity 12/31/2024	% equity 12/31/2023
UNITED KINGDOM	g.o.o.o.o.o.o.o			,,
Elis UK Ltd	Basingstoke	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Berendsen Ltd	Basingstoke	Other	100	100
Berendsen Finance Ltd	Basingstoke	Other	100	100
Berendsen Nominees Ltd	Basingstoke	Other	100	100
Spring Grove Services Group Ltd	Basingstoke	Other	100	100
Independent Workwear Solutions Ltd	Basingstoke	Dormant	100	100
Pure Washrooms Ltd	Basingstoke	Dormant	100	100
Sunlight Textile Services Ltd	Basingstoke	Dormant	100	Dissolved
Kennedy Hygiene Products Ltd	Uckfield	Manufacturing entity	100	100
Kennedy Exports Ltd	Uckfield	Other	100	100
Elis NI Ltd	Belfast	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Northern Pest Control Ltd	Belfast	Dormant	100	100
	Belfast	Dormant	Dissolved	100
Berendsen Supply Chain (Northern Ireland) Ltd		Dormant	Dissolved	100
Pure Washrooms (Coventry) Ltd	Basingstoke	Dominani	Dissolved	
				Currently being
Berendsen Finance (DKK) Ltd	Basingstoke	Dormant	Dissolved	dissolved
				Currently
Berendsen Finance (Euro) Ltd	Basingstoke	Dormant	Dissolved	being dissolved
Central Laundry Ltd	Basingstoke	Dormant	-	Dissolved
Davis (BIM) Ltd	Basingstoke	Dormant	_	Dissolved
RUSSIA	3			
OOO Berendsen	Moscow	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
ООО Комбинат бытового обслуживания "НОВОСТЬ"	Moscow	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
(Combine of Consumer Services Novost)		,3,		
OOO МатСервис (MatService)	Moscow	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
000 Вига-65 (Vigα-65)	Moscow	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
ООО Рентекс-Сервис (Rentex-Service)	Moscow	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
000 Дионикс (Dionix)	Moscow	Dormant	Merger	100
OOO Маки-сервис (Maki-Service)	Moscow	Textile & hygiene services	-	Merger
OOO Ковер-Сервис (Kover-Service)	Novossibirsk	Textile & hygiene services	_	Merger
	Moscow	Textile & hygiene services		Merger
ООО Холл-Сервис (Holl-Service)				· ·
OOO ΓΕΟ rpynn (GEO Group)	Moscow	Textile & hygiene services	-	Merger
SINGAPORE				
Elis Textile Services SG Pte Ltd	Singapore	Textile & hygiene services	100	-
SLOVAKIA				
Elis Textile Care SK sro	Trenčín	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
SWEDEN				
Elis Textil Service AB	Malmö	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Nyköping Pilen 6 AB	Malmö	Dormant	100	100
Elis Holding AB	Malmö	Other	Merger	100
Elis Design & Supply Chain Centre AB	Gothenburg	Other	Merger	100
Herr Entrématta AB	Vällingby	Textile & hygiene services	-	Merger
SWITZERLAND				
Elis (Suisse) AG	Bern	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Cleanroom (Suisse) SA	Brügg	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Elis Pest Control (Suisse) SA	Carouge	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Decontam Schweiz GmbH	Zürich	Textile & hygiene services	100	100
Picsou Management AG	Bern	Other	Merger	100
Elis (Suisse) AG Schlieren	Schlieren	Textile & hygiene services	Merger	100
AS Désinfection SA	Lonay	Textile & hygiene services	-	Merger

NOTE 12 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

2025 French Finance Bill

The 2025 Finance Bill introduced an exceptional contribution on the profits of large French companies. Based solely on taxable income for 2024, the cost for the Group would come to $\[mathcarcent \]$ 7.2 million, given that the base for the exceptional contribution is equal to 20.6% of the average of the corporate income tax payable for the financial year in which the contribution is owed and for the previous financial year.

Share buyback program

On March 5, 2025, the Management Board decided, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, to set up a share buyback program in 2025, in application of the 19th resolution of the Company's combined general shareholders' meeting on May 23, 2024 (or of the resolution that would replace it as approved by the

annual general shareholders' meeting of May 22, 2025) for a total amount of €150 million, with the following objectives: (i) firstly, to allocate the shares thus bought back to the delivery of performance share plans intended for employees and corporate officers (including members of the Management Board) maturing in 2025, as well as to matching employee share ownership plans called into action within the framework of the 27th and 28th resolutions of the Company's combined general shareholders' meeting of May 23, 2024 (or the resolution that would replace the 28th resolution as approved by the annual general shareholders' meeting of May 22, 2025), and then (ii) to cancel the remaining shares in application of the capital reduction authorization granted by the 30th resolution of the Company's combined general shareholders' meeting of May 23, 2024 (or the resolution that would replace it as approved by the annual general shareholders' meeting of May 22, 2025).

NOTE 13 STATUTORY AUDITORS' FEES

	Forvis Mazars				PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit			
	Amount (excl tax)	%	'	Amount (excl tax)	9	
(In millions of euros)	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Independent audit ^(a)	0.6	0.6	70%	93%	0.3	0.3	56%	75%
Assurance of sustainability reporting ^(a)	0.2	0.0	18%	0%	0.2	0.0	28%	0%
Engagements and services other than an independent audit and assurance of sustainability reporting ^(c)	0.1	0.0	12%	7%	0.1	0.1	16%	25%
, , ,								
 Other engagements required by law 	0.0	0.0	0%	0%	0.0	0.0	0%	1%
Benefits	0.1	0.0	11%	6%	0.1	0.1	16%	23%
TOTAL	0.8	0.6	100%	100%	0.6	0.4	100%	100%

(a) Outside the network to which the Statutory Auditor belongs.

) In 2024:

- duties other than the independent audit required by law concerned, for the two Statutory Auditors, the publication of additional reports for a capital increase reserved for employees.
- the other services carried out by Forvis Mazars SA and PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit involved issuing comfort letters and, for PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit, various declarations relating to non-financial disclosures.

• In 2023:

- duties other than the independent audit required by law concerned, for the two Statutory Auditors, the publication of additional reports for a capital increase reserved for employees.
- the other services carried out by Forvis Mazars SA and PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit involved issuing comfort letters and, for PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit, verifying the consolidated non-financial performance statement and various declarations relating to non-financial disclosures.

2 STATUTORY AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(For the year ended December 31, 2024)

This is a free translation into English of the Statutory Auditors' report issued in French and is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking readers. This report includes information specifically required by European regulations or French law, such as information about the appointment of Statutory Auditors. This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

To the Shareholders,

Opinion

In compliance with the engagement entrusted to us by your Annual General Meeting, we have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Elis for the year ended December 31, 2024.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities and of the financial

position of the Group as at December 31, 2024 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union.

The audit opinion expressed above is consistent with our report to the Audit Committee.

Basis for opinion

Audit framework

We conducted our audit in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the "Responsibilities of the Statutory Auditors relating to the audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report.

Independence

We conducted our audit engagement in compliance with the independence rules provided for in the French Commercial Code (Code de commerce) and the French Code of Ethics (Code de déontologie) for Statutory Auditors for the period from January 1, 2024 to the date of our report, and, in particular, we did not provide any non-audit services prohibited by article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014.

Justification of assessments - Key audit matters

In accordance with the requirements of articles L.821-53 and R.821-180 of the French Commercial Code relating to the justification of our assessments, we inform you of the key audit matters relating to the risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were the most significant in our audit of the consolidated financial statements, as well as how we addressed those risks

These matters were addressed as part of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and therefore contributed to the opinion we formed as expressed above. We do not provide a separate opinion on specific items of the consolidated financial statements.

Measurement of the recoverable amount of goodwill

Notes 6.1 "Goodwill" and 6.5 "Impairment losses on non-current assets" to the consolidated financial statements

Description of risk

At December 31, 2024, goodwill totaled a net amount of \in 3,945 million, representing the largest item on the consolidated statement of financial position. Goodwill corresponds to the difference at the acquisition date between the acquisition price paid and the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating units (CGUs) of the activities into which the various entities acquired have been incorporated.

An impairment charge for this goodwill is recognized on the statement of financial position when the recoverable amount of the CGUs, determined as part of compulsory annual impairment testing, is less than their carrying amount, in accordance with IAS 36.

The recoverable amount is determined using an approach based on discounted future cash flows and requires a significant degree of judgment from management, particularly in relation to business plans, future cash flows based on perpetual growth rate assumptions, and the discounting of these flows based on the weighted average cost of capital. The methods used to measure goodwill are described in Note 6.5 to the consolidated financial statements.

Accordingly, we deemed the measurement of the recoverable amount of goodwill to be a key audit matter.

Our response

We assessed the consistency of the methodology applied by the Finance Department.

We also conducted a critical assessment of the procedure for implementing this methodology, and assessed the following:

- that all of the components of the carrying amount of the CGUs tested were taken into account and are consistent with the EBITDA and EBIT projections integrated in the business plans to determine the recoverable amount;
- the reasonableness of the EBITDA and EBIT projections for the CGUs in light of the CGUs' economic and financial environments and, by assessing the reasons for the differences between projected and actual historical performances, the reliability of the process by which the estimates were calculated;
- the consistency of these EBITDA and EBIT projections with management's most recent estimates as validated by the Management Board and approved by the Supervisory Board on December 17, 2024 regarding the years 2025 to 2027;
- the reasonableness of the discount rates and the long-term growth rates used to calculate discounted future cash flows, with the support of our asset valuation experts;
- the sensitivity analyses of the impairment tests conducted by management to a change in the perpetual growth rate and the discount rates.

Lastly, we obtained assurance that Notes 6.1 and 6.5 to the consolidated financial statements provide appropriate disclosures.

Specific verifications

As required by legal and regulatory provisions and in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, we have also performed the specific verifications on the information pertaining to the Group presented in the Management Board's management report.

We have no matters to report as to its fair presentation and its consistency with the consolidated financial statements.

Other verifications and information pursuant to legal and regulatory requirements

Presentation of the consolidated financial statements to be included in the annual financial report

In accordance with professional standards applicable to the Statutory Auditors' procedures for annual and consolidated financial statements presented according to the European single electronic reporting format, we have verified that the presentation of the financial statements to be included in the annual financial report referred to in paragraph I of article L.451-1-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier) and prepared under the Chairman of the Management Board's responsibility, complies with this format, as defined by European Delegated Regulation No. 2019/815 of December 17, 2018. As it relates to the consolidated financial statements, our work included verifying that the markups in the financial statements comply with the format defined by the aforementioned Regulation.

On the basis of our work, we conclude that the presentation of the consolidated financial statements to be included in the annual

financial report complies, in all material respects, with the European single electronic reporting format.

It is not our responsibility to ensure that the consolidated financial statements to be included by the Company in the annual financial report filed with the AMF correspond to those on which we carried out our work.

Appointment of the Statutory Auditors

We were appointed Statutory Auditors of Elis by your Annual General Meeting held on June 29, 2011 for Forvis Mazars SA and by the bylaws at the time of the Company's incorporation in 2007 for PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit.

At December 31, 2024, Mazars and PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit were in the fourteenth and eighteenth consecutive year of their engagement, respectively, and the tenth year for both firms since the Company's securities were admitted to trading on a regulated market

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for preparing consolidated financial statements giving a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and for implementing the internal control procedures it deems necessary for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going

concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless it expects to liquidate the Company or to cease operations.

The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the financial reporting process and the effectiveness of internal control and risk management systems, as well as, where applicable, any internal audit systems, relating to accounting and financial reporting procedures.

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Management Board.

Responsibilities of the Statutory Auditors relating to the audit of the consolidated financial

Objective and audit approach

Our role is to issue a report on the consolidated financial statements. Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions taken by users on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As specified in article L.821-55 of the French Commercial Code, our audit does not include assurance on the viability or quality of the Company's management.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the Statutory Auditors exercise professional judgment throughout the audit.

- > identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence considered to be sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for their opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of the internal control procedures relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal
- > evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management and the related disclosures in the notes to the consolidated financial statements;
- assess the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's

ability to continue as a going concern. This assessment is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern. If the Statutory Auditors conclude that a material uncertainty exists, they are required to draw attention in the audit report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are not provided or are inadequate, to issue a aualified opinion or a disclaimer of opinion:

- evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements and assess whether these statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. The Statutory Auditors are responsible for the management, supervision and performance of the audit of the consolidated financial statements and for the opinion expressed

Report to the Audit Committee

We submit a report to the Audit Committee which includes, in particular, a description of the scope of the audit and the audit program implemented, as well as the results of our audit. We also report any significant deficiencies in internal control that we have identified regarding the accounting and financial reporting

Our report to the Audit Committee includes the risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were the most significant for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and which constitute the key audit matters that we are required to describe in this report.

We also provide the Audit Committee with the declaration provided for in article 6 of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014, confirming our independence within the meaning of the rules applicable in France, as defined in particular in articles L.821-27 to L.821-34 of the French Commercial Code and in the French Code of Ethics for Statutory Auditors. Where appropriate, we discuss any risks to our independence and the related safeguard measures with the Audit Committee.

Neuilly-sur-Seine and Courbevoie, March 6, 2025 The Statutory Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

Bardadi Benzeahadi

Forvis Mazars SA

Francisco Sanchez

3 ELIS PARENT COMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3.1 Balance sheet for the year ended December 31, 2024

Assets

(In millions of euros)	Gross	Amort. Deprec.	Net 12/31/2024	Net 12/31/2023
Subscribed capital uncalled	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Start-up costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Development costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Concessions, patents and other rights	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Business goodwill	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other intangible assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Advances on intangible assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total intangible assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Land	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Buildings	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Technical facilities, equipment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other property, plant and equipment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assets in progress	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Advances and prepayments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total property, plant and equipment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Equity-accounted companies	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other equity investments	4,177.9	(1.1)	4,176.9	4,176.9
Loans and advances to equity investees	730.6	0.0	730.6	756.0
Other investments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Loans	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other financial assets	1,430.3	0.0	1,430.3	1,740.2
Total financial assets	6,338.8	(1.1)	6,337.8	6,673.1
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	6,338.8	(1.1)	6,337.8	6,673.1
Raw materials and supplies	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Goods in progress	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Services in progress	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Finished and semi-finished goods	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Goods held for resale	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total stocks	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Advances and prepayments on orders	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trade receivables	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.6
Other receivables	57.4	0.0	57.4	44.2
Subscribed capital called but not paid	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total receivables	57.8	0.0	57.8	44.8
Marketable securities	101.2	0.0	101.2	0.0
Cash and cash equivalents	283.6	0.0	283.6	130.8
Total cash and cash equivalents	384.7	0.0	384.7	130.8
Prepaid expenses	2.2	0.0	2.2	2.1
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	444.7	0.0	444.7	177.7
Deferred debt issuance costs	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bond discounts	4.1	0.0	4.1	0.0
Unrealized foreign currency translation losses	28.6	0.0	28.6	8.2
GRAND TOTAL	6,816.3	(1.1)	6,815.2	6,859.0

Equity and liabilities

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Issued capital	236.7	234.0
Additional paid-in capital	2,485.2	2,477.7
Revaluation differences	0.0	0.0
Legal reserve	23.7	23.4
Regulatory or contractual reserves	0.0	0.0
Regulated reserves	0.0	0.0
Other reserves	0.0	0.0
Total reserves	23.7	23.4
Retained earnings	92.0	15.6
Net income (profit or loss) for the period	41.9	177.7
Investment grants	0.0	0.0
Regulated provisions	27.1	27.1
TOTAL EQUITY	2,906.5	2,955.5
Proceeds from issuance of equity securities	0.0	0.0
Conditional advances	0.0	0.0
TOTAL OTHER EQUITY	0.0	0.0
Provisions for risks	0.9	1.2
Provisions for expenses	1.4	1.4
Total provisions for risks and expenses	2.3	2.7
Convertible bonds	382.4	382.4
Other bonds	705.8	681.9
Bank loans	0.2	0.0
Sundry borrowings and financial debt	2,784.6	2,803.5
Total financial debts	3,873.0	3,867.8
Advances and deposits on orders in progress	0.0	0.0
Trade payables	9.5	7.5
Tax- and employee-related liabilities	6.3	4.5
Amounts due to suppliers of non-current assets	0.0	0.0
Other liabilities	10.6	11.9
Total operating liabilities	26.4	23.9
Deferred income	0.0	0.0
TOTAL DEBTS	3,899.4	3,891.7
Unrealized foreign currency translation gains	7.0	9.2
GRAND TOTAL	6,815.2	6,859.0

3.2 Income statement for the year ended December 31, 2024

(In millions of euros)	Financial year 2024	Financial year 2023
Sales of goods held for resale	0.0	0.0
Sales of goods	0.0	0.0
Sales of services	1.1	1.2
Net revenue	1.1	1.2
Increase in finished goods and work in process inventories	0.0	0.0
Capitalized production costs	0.0	0.0
Operating grants	0.0	0.0
Reinvoiced expenses and reversals of amortization, depreciation and provisions	1.7	1.6
Other income	0.0	0.0
Total operating income	2.9	2.8
Purchases of goods held for resale (including customs duties)	0.0	0.0
Change in inventories (goods held for resale)	0.0	0.0
Purchases of raw materials and other supplies (including customs fees)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Change in inventories (raw materials and supplies)	0.0	0.0
Other purchases and external expenses	(23.6)	(18.9)
Taxes and duties	(1.2)	(1.2)
Wages and salaries	(4.1)	(4.7)
Payroll taxes	(5.3)	(3.8)
Depreciation and amortization expense on fixed assets	0.0	0.0
Impairment losses on fixed assets	0.0	0.0
Impairment losses on current assets	0.0	0.0
Operating provisions	(1.7)	(1.2)
Other expenses	(0.8)	(0.9)
Total operating expenses	(36.5)	(30.8)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(33.7)	(28.0)
Financial income from equity investments	112.8	232.4
Income from other securities and long-term loans and receivables	0.0	0.0
Other interest income	49.2	49.2
Reinvoiced expenses and reversals of provisions	1.2	4.6
Foreign currency translation gains	34.3	49.8
Net gain on disposals of marketable securities	5.3	0.0
Total financial income	202.7	336.0
Amortization and provisions on financial assets	(1.4)	(1.2)
Interest expense	(117.3)	(94.1)
Foreign currency translation losses	(34.3)	(51.6)
Net expense on disposals of marketable securities	0.0	0.0
Total financial expenses	(153.0)	(146.9)
NET FINANCIAL INCOME (LOSS)	49.7	189.1
NET RECURRING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAX	16.0	161.1
Non-recurring income from operations	0.0	0.0
Non-recurring income from capital transactions	0.8	0.9
Reinvoiced expenses and reversals of provisions	0.1	0.0
Total non-recurring income	0.8	0.9
Non-recurring expenses on operations	(0.0)	(0.7)
Non-recurring expenses on capital transactions	(1.3)	(0.7)
Non-recurring depreciation, amortization and provisions	(0.1)	(0.7)
Total non-recurring expenses	(1.4)	(2.1)
NET NON-RECURRING INCOME (LOSS)	(0.5)	(1.2)
Employee profit-sharing	0.0	0.0
Income tax expense	26.4	17.8
PROFIT (OR LOSS)	41.9	177.7

3.3 Appendix

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NOTE 1 THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS AND SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OF THE YEAR

1.1 The Company's business

Business activity of holding companies.

1.2 Significant events of the year

The financial statements below cover the 12-month financial year from January 1, 2024, to December 31, 2024, and show a profit of €49.1 million. They are presented in millions of euros unless stated otherwise

The Company carried out the following refinancing transaction during the financial year (see also Note 4.5 "Summary of maturities of liabilities" for more details):

On March 14, 2024, Elis placed new EMTN financing for €400.0 million. The new notes issued have a 6-year maturity (March 2030) and offer investors a 3.75% final coupon in euros. The net proceeds of this new issue will be used primarily to refinance the original tranche for a principal amount of €500.0 million, due to mature on April 3, 2025.

During the financial year, the Company also received a dividend of €112.8 million from its UK subsidiary Berendsen Ltd.

NOTE 2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Generally accepted accounting principles have been applied, including the principles of conservatism, going concern, consistency, and time period assumption and matching, in accordance with the general rules governing the preparation and presentation of annual financial statements defined by the French General Chart of Accounts (ANC Regulation 2014-03).

The basic method used to measure the items recognized in the financial statements is the historical cost method.

Changes in accounting policies

None.

Changes in estimates or application conditions

None.

The main accounting policies applied are as follows:

2.1 Capital goods

Financial assets

Equity investments and related receivables

The gross amount of equity investments consists of the purchase cost, including incidental expenses, since the first application of Opinion 2007-C issued on June 15, 2007 by the Urgent Issues Committee of the French National Accounting Board (CNC). Prior to that Opinion, transfer taxes, fees and commissions, and legal costs were recognized in expenses for the financial year. These costs are then amortized over an accelerated period of five years.

At the end of the financial year, an impairment loss is recorded when the value in use is less than the carrying amount. The value in use of a given investment is determined according to its contribution to consolidated net assets, its profitability, and its future outlook. When the carrying amount of an investment is greater than its contribution to consolidated net assets, the carrying amount of the investment is compared to the recoverable amount, usually based on multiples of economic indicators (EBITDA and EBIT) less the net debt for the investment concerned.

As the multiple valuation technique has been difficult to implement since the pandemic, as at December 31, 2024, the Company opted for the discounted cash flow method of valuation, as implemented for the Elis Group's consolidated financial statements

When equity investments and their related receivables have a lower recoverable amount than their carrying amount, the equity investments are impaired before the related receivables.

Other financial assets

Merger losses on financial assets

"Merger losses on financial assets" of €1,365.3 million corresponds to the merger loss generated during the transfer of Novalis' assets and liabilities to Elis on July 9, 2015. This merger loss has been fully allocated to M.A.J. equity investments. The merger loss is tested for impairment on an annual basis. As it is not possible to determine the current value of the merger loss taken individually, it is grouped together with M.A.J. equity investments for the purposes of the impairment test. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the cumulated present value of the merger loss and equity securities is less than their carrying amount as at the reporting date.

Liquidity agreement

The transactions related to the Company's liquidity agreement with an investment services provider are recognized in accordance with the CNC Urgent Issues Committee Opinion 98-D and with Bulletin 137 issued in March 2005 by the French Institute of Statutory Auditors (CNCC):

- reasury shares are recognized in "Other financial assets treasury shares." An impairment loss is recorded if the average share price in the last month of the financial year is less than the purchase price. The first-in-first-out (FIFO) method is used to determine gains and losses on disposals;
- cash paid to the intermediary and not yet used is recognized under "Other financial assets - other long-term receivables."

2.2 Receivables and liabilities

Receivables are recognized at face value.

An impairment loss is recorded when the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount.

2.3 Marketable securities

Marketable securities are carried in the balance sheet at their purchase price. If their expected trading value at the end of the financial year is less than their purchase price, an impairment loss is recorded for the difference.

2.4 Transactions in foreign currencies

Income and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at their transaction-date equivalent amount.

Where applicable, liabilities, receivables, and cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currencies are converted and recognized in the balance sheet using the closing exchange rate.

Resulting differences are posted to the balance sheet under "Foreign currency translation gains" and "Foreign currency translation losses."

The amount of unrealized foreign currency translation losses not offset by foreign exchange risk hedge gives rise to a proportional provision recorded under "Provisions for risks."

2.5 Regulated provisions

Regulated provisions are detailed in the provisions statement and are reported under "Equity" on the balance sheet. They are tax items corresponding to the provision for accelerated depreciation and amortization calculated according to French tax regulations, in particular the accelerated amortization of transaction costs related to purchases of securities.

The additions to or reversals of accumulated accelerated depreciation and amortization are recognized in net non-recurring income.

2.6 Employee benefit liabilities

Provisions for employee retirement benefits are calculated and recognized in accordance with Method 2 of Recommendation 2013-02 issued on November 7, 2013 by the French Accounting Standards Authority (ANC). Changes in retirement benefit obligations resulting from changes in actuarial assumptions or retirement plans occurring during the year are recorded directly in net non-recurring income: the provisions recognized at the reporting date are thus equal to the actuarial obligation determined in accordance with IAS 19 (revised).

Additional provisions are recorded for long-service award obligations, calculated in accordance with the Company's internal procedures on the basis of statistical and discounting assumptions. Changes in these provisions during the financial year are collectively recorded directly in income.

A new supplementary retirement plan for members of the Executive Committee, including members of the Management Board, was introduced by the Company's general shareholders' meeting on May 20, 2021. It falls within the scope of Article L. 137-11-2 of the French Social Security Code and results in:

- the calculation of a new commitment, which will be updated at each financial year-end;
- the payment to an insurer sometime in April (after each yearend), of a fraction of between 80% and 100% of the commitment. Each payment is subject to employer contributions at a rate of 29.7%.

2.7 Financial instruments and hedges

Hedging instruments

Hedge accounting principles must be applied whenever a hedging relationship is identified and documented by management. The effects of the financial instruments used by Elis SA to hedge and manage its interest rate risks are recognized in the income statement with a corresponding entry for those of the hedged item.

Isolated open positions

Isolated open positions are all the transactions that do not qualify as hedges. Gains and losses on terminated contracts are recognized in the income statement. Unrealized losses are recorded in the balance sheet and a provision is recorded.

NOTES TO THE BALANCE SHEET - ASSETS NOTE 3

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets 3.1

The Company does not hold any property, plant and equipment or intangible assets.

3.2 Financial assets

(In millions of euros)	Gross value at start of financial year	Acquisitions and contributions	Item-to-item transfers	Disposals	Gross value at end of financial year
Equity-accounted companies	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other equity investments	4,934.0	31.0	0.0	56.5	4,908.5
Other investments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Loans and other financial assets	1,740.2	2,753.1	0.0	3,062.9	1,430.3
TOTAL	6,674.2	2,784.1	0.0	3,119.4	6,338.8

As at December 31, 2024, loans and other financial assets consisted of:

- → merger losses on financial assets of €1,365.3 million (unchanged compared with December 31, 2023);
- > treasury shares representing 184,855 shares, i.e. €3.5 million (compared with €1.2 million as at December 31, 2023) and a

liquidity account of €1.5 million (compared with €3.7 million as at December 31, 2023), held under the liquidity agreement signed with Oddo BHF (Natixis Group);

> fixed-term deposit of €60.0 million subscribed with a leading French bank, with maturity on March 31, 2025. The Company does not expect to release the funds early and aims to obtain maximum profitability.

Impairment of non-current assets

(In millions of euros)	Start of financial year	Additions	Reversals	End of financial year
Provisions on securities accounted for at equity	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Provisions on equity investments	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.1
Provisions on other financial assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.1

3.4 List of subsidiaries and other equity investments

		Equity, excluding		Carrying of share		Loans and	Donosito and	Dovonuo	Income	Dividends
(In millions of euros unless otherwise stated)	Share capital	share capital and retained earnings	Percent ownership (%)	Gross	Net	Loans and advances granted and not repaid	Deposits and endorsements given by the Company	Revenue excluding tax for the last financial year	(loss) for the last full financial year	collected by the company during the financial year
A. DETAILED INFORMATION										
SUBSIDIARIES (+50% OF SHARE	CAPITAL H	ELD BY THE (COMPANY)							
M.A.J. SA – Pantin (93) – 775 733 835	142.5	932.6	100.0	1,091.0	1,091.0	727.6	142.2	865.0	86.2	0.0
Société de Participations Commerciales et Industrielles SARL – Saint-Cloud (92) – 409 900 149	294.5	(25.8)	100.0	294.5	294.5	32.0	0.0	0.0	26.8	0.0
Berendsen Ltd – Basingstoke, United Kingdom RG24 8NA – 01480047 (Companies House)	£313.3 million	£566.8 million	100.0	2,790.9	2,790.9	0.0	11.3	0.0	£94.8 million	112.8
EQUITY INVESTMENTS (10% TO	50% OF SH	ARE CAPITAL)							
B. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOU	T OTHER S	JBSIDIARIES	AND EQUITY	INVESTM	ENTS NOT	COVERED UNI	DER A.			
French subsidiaries (total)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Foreign subsidiaries (total)	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Equity investments in French companies	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Equity investments in foreign companies	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL				4,177.9	4,177.9					

3.5 Transactions with related parties

All related party transactions concern transactions entered into under normal market conditions.

3.6 Summary of maturities of receivables

(In millions of euros)	Gross amount	Due within one year	Due in more than one year
Loans and advances to equity investees	730.6	2.9	727.6
Loans	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other financial assets	1,430.3	65.0	1,365.3
Total receivables related to fixed assets	2,160.9	68.0	2,092.9
Doubtful or litigious clients	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other client receivables	0.4	0.4	0.0
Receivables representing loaned securities	0.0	0.0	0.0
Employee	0.0	0.0	0.0
Social security and similar	0.0	0.0	0.0
Government and other public authorities	2.3	2.3	0.0
Group and associates	55.1	55.1	0.0
Sundry receivables	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total receivables related to current assets	57.8	57.8	0.0
Prepaid expenses	2.2	2.2	0.0
TOTAL RECEIVABLES	2,220.8	127.9	2,092.9
Loans granted during the year	2,688.0		
Repayments received during the year	3,025.2		
Loans and advances granted to employees	0.0		

3.7 Accrued income

(In millions of euros)	As at 12/31/ 2024
Loans and advances to equity investees	2.9
Other financial assets	0.0
Trade receivables	0.0
Employee	0.0
Social security and similar	0.0
Government and other public authorities	0.0
Other receivables	0.0
Cash and cash equivalents	0.0
TOTAL	2.9

3.8 Other accruals

Prepaid expenses

(In millions of euros)	Operating	Financial	Non-recurring
Leases	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maintenance	0.0	0.0	0.0
Insurance premium	0.2	0.0	0.0
Other external services	0.3	0.0	0.0
Commercial paper	0.0	1.8	0.0
TOTAL	0.5	1.8	0.0

NOTE 4 NOTES TO THE BALANCE SHEET - EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

4.1 Total equity

Share capital was divided into 236,664,445 fully paid-up common shares with a par value of €1.00 each.

The following transactions were carried out on the Company's share capital during the financial year:

- > Following the vesting of the free performance shares, the share capital was increased on March 8, 2024, April 15, 2024 and October 24, 2024 by an aggregate nominal amount of €1.9 million through the capitalization of those same amounts in "Additional paid-in capital".
- Moreover, the general shareholders' meeting of May 23, 2024 decided to allocate the net profit for the 2023 financial year (plus retained earnings) of €193.2 million as follows:
 - €101.3 million to the payment of a cash dividend of €0.43 per share.
 - the balance to retained earnings.

As part of a new subscription to the "Elis for All" Group savings plan, the following transactions were carried out on November 14, 2024: (i) the share capital was increased by €0.8 million and additional paid-in capital by €9.4 million (ii) a provision for the costs related to the capital increases (net of the corresponding tax savings) was then charged to additional paid-in capital, (iii) lastly, the balance of €0.3 million was allocated to the legal reserve, by deduction from the "Additional paid-in capital" item.

Changes in equity during the financial year are as follows:

(In millions of euros)	Total equity
AS AT 12/31/2023	2,955.5
Dividends paid	(101.3)
Allocation to the legal reserve	0.3
Other reserves	0.0
Retained earnings	0.0
Capital increase	2.7
Additional paid-in capital	7.5
Net income (loss) for the financial year	41.9
Change in investment grants	0.0
Portion of investment grants transferred to income	0.0
Change in regulated provisions (accelerated depreciation, etc.)	0.0
AS AT 12/31/2024	2,906.5

4.2 Description of bonus share award plans

The performance share plans implemented by the Company under which shares have vested during the year or were still in the process of vesting at the end of the year are as follows:

Free performance share grants	2022 – Plan no. 17	2023 – Plan no. 19	2023 – Plan no. 20	2024 – Plan no. 21	2024 – Plan no. 22	2024 – Plan no. 23
Date of shareholders' meeting	06/30/2020	05/25/2023	05/25/2023	05/25/2023	05/25/2023	05/25/2023
Date of Supervisory Board meeting	03/08/2022	03/07/2023 and 05/10/2023	03/07/2023 and 05/10/2023	12/14/2023, 01/05/2024 and 03/06/2024	12/14/2023 and 01/05/2024	12/14/2023, 01/05/2024 and 03/06/2024
Date of decision of the Management Board	05/20/2022	06/16/2023	12/22/2023	04/22/2024	05/15/2024	11/06/2024
Number of rights originally granted	500,500	1,251,994	6,559	990,040	29,250	16,730
Percentage of capital at the grant date	0.223	0.543	0.003	0.420	0.012	0.007
of which members of the Executive Committee	500,500	412,448	0	320,212	0	16,730
of which members of the Management Board:	240,128	197,827	0	162,519	0	0
 Xavier Martiré 	144,334	118,908	0	97,685	0	0
 Louis Guyot 	55,880	46,036	0	37,820	0	0
- Matthieu Lecharny	39,914	32,883	0	27,014	0	0
Number of beneficiaries	11	513	4	486	18	1
 of which members of the Executive Committee 	11	11	0	10	0	1
of which members of the Management Board	3 ^(a)	3 ^(a)	0	3(0)	0	0
Grant date	05/20/2022	06/16/2023	12/22/2023	04/22/2024	05/15/2024	11/06/2024
Vesting date						
 members of the Management Board and the Executive Committee 	05/20/2025 ^(b)	06/16/2026 ^(b)		04/22/2027 ^(b)		11/06/2027 ^(b)
other beneficiaries		06/16/2025 ^(b)	12/22/2025 ^(b)	04/22/2026 ^(b)	05/15/2026 ^(b)	
End of share lock-up period						
 members of the Management Board and the Executive Committee 	05/20/2025 ^(c)	06/16/2026(c)		04/22/2027 ^(c)		11/06/2027 ^(c)
other beneficiaries		06/16/2025 ^(c)	12/22/2025 ^(c)	04/22/2026 ^(c)	05/15/2026 ^(c)	
Rights vested as at 12/31/2024	0 ^(d)	0 ^(d)	0 ^(d)	O(d)	0 ^(d)	0 ^(d)
Number of rights lapsed or forfeited as at 12/31/2024	0	26,718	0	5,308	0	0
Number of rights outstanding as at 12/31/2024	500,500	1,225,276	6,559	984,732	29,250	16,730
of which members of the Executive Committee	500,500	388,960	0	320,212	0	16,730
of which members of the Management Board:	240,128	197,827	0	162,519	0	0
 Xavier Martiré 	144,334	118,908	0	97,685	0	0
 Louis Guyot 	55,880	46,036	0	37,820	0	0
- Matthieu Lecharny	39,914	32,883	0	27,014	0	0
Number of working beneficiaries as at 12/31/2024	10	487	4	468	18	1
of which members of the Executive Committee	10	10	0	10	0	1
of which members of the Management Board	3 ^(a)	3 ^(a)	0	3(0)	0	0

- (a) Xavier Martiré, Louis Guyot and Matthieu Lecharny.
- (b) Shares vest at the end of a vesting period set at two years from the date of the grant for all beneficiaries, except for the members of the Executive Committee (including members of the Management Board) for whom the vesting period is set at three years from the date of the grant. Unless waived by the Management Board, the vesting of shares is contingent on uninterrupted, continuous service with the Group for the duration of the vesting period.
- (c) There is no lock-up period under this plan so the shares will be available and may be freely transferred by the beneficiaries at the end of the vesting period, subject to statutory blackout periods and the provisions of the Stock Market Code of Ethics regarding the prevention of market abuse. In addition, throughout their terms of office, each member of the Management Board is required to hold a number of shares in registered form set by the Supervisory Board in accordance with the compensation policy for corporate officers approved by the general shareholders' meeting.
- (d) In addition to what is stated under point (b), the performance conditions associated with the vesting of the shares were defined in reference to internal absolute criteria linked to consolidated revenue and consolidated EBIT, determined on the basis of the business plan, itself in line with market expectations, a CSR criterion and the performance of the Elis share price relative to a benchmark index. Furthermore, three thresholds have been defined to determine the achievement of the economic and CSR performance criteria at the end of the vesting period: a trigger threshold (lower limit), a target threshold and an outperformance threshold (upper limit). Regarding the stock market criterion, two thresholds have been defined (farget and outperformance threshold). The performance measurement will be assessed on a straight-line basis between each limit. The number of shares to be delivered at the end of the vesting period will be determined in two stages: (i) a calculation depending on the attainment by each of the criteria of the threshold thus defined, the performance measurement being assessed on a straight-line basis between each limit and (ii) the application of a second limit to take account of the attainment or otherwise of the target thresholds. For the plans implemented from 2022 onward, with regard to the economic and CSR criteria, the number of shares to be delivered will be 0% if the trigger threshold (lower limit) is not reached; 25% if the target threshold is reached; 37.5% if the outperformance threshold (upper limit) is reached. For the stock market criterion, only the last two thresholds will apply. The second limit defined below will also apply: (i) if all four target thresholds have been achieved (or surpassed), irrespective of the deviation of the deviation of the fourth criterion from the target threshold, the number of shares vested may not exceed 90% of the shares granted. (iii) if only two target thresholds have been achieved (or surpassed), irrespective of the deviation of the other thre

4.3 Parent company

Name and headquarters of the company that prepared the consolidated financial statements for the largest group

Name and headquarters of the company that prepared the consolidated financial statements for the smallest group

Place where copies of these consolidated financial statements may be obtained

ELIS SA, Saint-Cloud (92210), SIRET 499668440 00039

ELIS SA, Saint-Cloud (92210), SIRET 499668440 00039

5, boulevard Louis Loucheur, 92210 Saint-Cloud, France

4.4 Provisions

Breakdown by type:

(In millions of euros)	Start of financial year	Additions	Reversals	End of financial year
Provisions for litigation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Provisions for guarantees	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Provisions for losses on futures markets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Provisions for fines and penalties	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Provisions for unrealized foreign currency translation losses	1.2	0.9	1.2	0.9
Provisions for pensions	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.4
Provisions for taxes	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Provisions for renewal of fixed assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Provisions for major maintenance	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Provisions for social and fiscal charges on holiday pay accrual	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other provisions for risks and expenses	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	2.7	2.7	3.0	2.3

4.5 Summary of maturities of liabilities

(In millions of euros)	Gross amount	Due within one year	Greater than one year but less than five years	Greater than five years
Convertible bonds	382.4	2.4	380.0	0.0
Other bonds	705.8	6.3	338.5	361.0
Borrowings from credit institutions with an initial maturity of less than 1 year	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0
Borrowings from credit institutions with an initial maturity of more than 1 year	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sundry borrowings and financial debt	2,784.6	1,184.6	1,200.0	400.0
Trade payables	9.5	9.5	0.0	0.0
Employee	3.3	3.3	0.0	0.0
Social security and similar	2.6	2.6	0.0	0.0
Government and other public authorities	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0
Amounts due to suppliers of non-current assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Group and associates	4.2	4.2	0.0	0.0
Other liabilities	6.4	6.4	0.0	0.0
Borrowed securities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Deferred income	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL DEBTS	3,899.4	1,219.9	1,918.5	761.0
Loans taken during the year	790.0			
Loans repaid during the year	1,283.0			

As at December 31, 2024, liabilities mainly include:

Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds (OCÉANES)

On September 22, 2022, Elis issued bonds convertible into and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing Elis shares maturing on September 22, 2029 (*2029 OCÉANEs*). The nominal amount of the issue totals €380.0 million, represented by 3,800 bonds with a par

value of €100,000.00 each. The bonds bear interest at an annual rate of 2.25% and include a redemption option for bondholders on September 22, 2027.

Other bonds

USPP private placements

In April 2019, the Group took out a USPP loan with two tranches: one tranche in euros in the amount of $\in\!300.0$ million maturing in 10 years with an interest rate of 2.70% and another tranche in US dollars in the amount of US\$40.0 million maturing in 10 years with an interest rate of 4.99%. The tranche in dollars was converted to euros using a cross-currency swap for a total of $\in\!35.7$ million with a synthetic coupon rate in euros of 2.69%.

On June 1, 2022, Elis took out new USPP financing for US\$175.0 million. The new notes issued have a 10-year maturity

(June 2032) and offer investors a 4.32% coupon in US dollars. These were entirely converted into euros via cross-currency swaps for a total amount of $\{158.6 \text{ million}$. Elis will pay a final, euro-denominated coupon of 3%.

On July 20, 2023, Elis also took out USPP financing for US\$200 million. The notes issued have a 12-year maturity (July 2035) and offer investors a 6.03% coupon in US dollars. The notes have been fully converted into euros for a total amount of €183.4 million by Elis, which pays a final 5.21% coupon in euros.

Sundry borrowings and financial debt

EMTN (Euro Medium Term Notes)

On the long-term capital markets, Elis has a €4.0 billion EMTN program, renewed and approved by the AMF on May 15, 2024, under which it has carried out several bond issues, of which the following are still circulating at December 31, 2024:

- on February 15, 2018, a €350.0 million bond issue with a maturity of eight years (February 2026) and a coupon of 2.875%;
- on April 11, 2019, a bond issue in the amount of €500.0 million with a 5-year maturity and a coupon of 1.75%; the latter was redeemed in full during the financial year.
- on October 3, 2019, a dual-tranche bond issue for €850 million comprising (i) a €500.0 million tranche with a maturity of five and
- a half years (maturing April 2025) and an annual coupon of 1%, and (ii) a \leqslant 350.0 million tranche with a maturity of eight and a half years (maturing April 2028) and an annual coupon of 1.625%;
- on September 23, 2021, a fully fungible €200.0 million bond issue forming a single line with the existing bonds maturing in April 2028 issued on October 3, 2019 for an initial amount of €350 million with an annual coupon of 1.625%;
- on May 17, 2022, a €300.0 million bond issue with a maturity of five years and an annual coupon of 4.125%.
- on March 21, 2024, a €400.0 million bond issue with a maturity of six years and an annual coupon of 3.75%.

Medium-term negotiable notes (NEU MTN)

In addition to its commercial paper program, since June 2021 Elis has also had a program of unrated medium-term negotiable notes (NEU MTN), approved by the Banque de France, for a maximum amount of $\ensuremath{\in} 200.0$ million. This program enables the Group to raise medium-term financing resources at favorable market conditions with maturities between the commercial papers and the bonds issued as part of the EMTN program (between 18 months and three years). As at December 31, 2024, outstandings under this program had been repaid.

Commercial paper (NEU CP)

On the short-term capital market, Elis has an unrated commercial paper program (NEU CP), approved by Banque de France, for a maximum amount of €600.0 million. In addition to other financing, this program provides the Group with access to disintermediated short-term resources at favorable market conditions. As at December 31, 2024, outstandings under this program totaled €250.0 million

Syndicated revolving credit facility

On November 9, 2021, Elis signed a €900.0 million syndicated revolving credit facility with a group of 13 customer-driven retail banks, undrawn as at December 31, 2024. This five-year credit facility (expiring November 2026) is accompanied by two one-year extension options ("5+1+1" years). Elis exercised the first extension option in 2022. This was unanimously accepted by the banks,

extending the facility until November 2027. The second extension option was requested by Elis during the 2023 financial year and accepted by all banks except one, extending the facility to November 2028 for a total of \in 870.0 million.

This credit facility includes an ESG component in the form of a margin adjustment mechanism linked to the achievement of annual targets for two core indicators of the Group's sustainable development strategy, namely:

- water consumption, which the Group is committed to reducing by 30% per kg of linen delivered over the period from 2018 to 2030 for its laundries in Europe;
- gender balance, with a commitment to increase the proportion of women in managerial roles to 42% by 2030 (34% in 2020);
-) a reduction in Scope 1 and 2 $\rm CO_2eq$ emissions, with a commitment to reduce them by 47.5% in absolute terms between 2019 and 2030;
- a reduction of 28% between 2019 and 2030 in Scope 3 CO₂eq emissions from purchased goods and services, fuel and energy related activities, upstream transportation and distribution, employee commuting, and end-of-life treatment of products.

Through this syndicated credit facility agreement, the Group has, as at December 31, 2024, an undrawn confirmed credit facility of €900.0 million, thus ensuring the necessary liquidity for the Group for its commercial paper program in the event the commercial paper market closes.

4.6 Forward financial instruments and hedges

Interest rate risk management

As at December 31, 2024, all of Elis's long-term debt had fixed interest rates. The Group's securitization program (for a maximum of €200 million) is the only significant line of variable-rate finance (see Note 8.3 "Gross debt").

Currency risk management

Transactional and financial currency risk

To hedge its transactional and financial currency risks, Elis uses derivatives consisting of:

- Forward purchases/sales of currencies not qualifying as hedges (isolated open positions) to hedge its subsidiaries' transactional exposures:
- Foreign currency swaps to hedge foreign exchange risk on its intra-group current accounts in foreign currencies.

As at December 31, 2024, the fair value recorded in the balance sheet was €6.1 million under "Cash and cash equivalents" and -€6.4 million under "Other liabilities".

Currency risk linked to USPP financing denominated in US dollars

In 2019, Elis contracted a cross-currency swap to exchange the currency and fixed interest rate paid on its US\$40 million 2029 USPP debt over the term of the loan for a fixed rate. The fair value of these this cross-currency swap as at December 31, 2024 was $\[3\]$ 3 million.

In 2022, Elis contracted three cross-currency swaps to exchange the currency and fixed interest rate paid on its US\$175 million 2032 USPP debt over the term of the loan for a fixed rate. The fair value of these three cross-currency swaps as at December 31, 2024 was £3.8 million

In 2023, Elis contracted six cross-currency swaps to exchange the currency and fixed interest rate paid on its US\$200 million 2035 USPP debt over the term of the loan for a fixed rate. The fair value of these three cross-currency swaps as at December 31, 2024 was -€9.6 million.

These instruments, designated as a hedge, are not recorded in the balance sheet as prescribed by ANC Regulation 2015-05 (except for accrued interest).

4.7 Accrued expenses

(In millions of euros)	As at 12/31/2024
Convertible bonds	8.7
Other bonds	0.0
Bank loans	38.5
Sundry borrowings and financial debt	0.0
Advances and deposits on orders in progress	0.0
Trade payables	3.7
Tax- and employee-related liabilities	6.1
Amounts due to suppliers of non-current assets	0.0
Other liabilities	0.0
TOTAL	57.0

4.8 Deferred income

None.

4.9 Translation differences

	ı	Foreign currency trai		Foreign currency translation gains		
(In millions of euros)	Total	Offset by foreign exchange risk hedging or overall foreign exchange position	Provisions for risks	Net	Total	
Trade receivables	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Bonds	21.8	21.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Financial current accounts	6.7	5.9	0.9	0.0	(7.0)	
Suppliers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
TOTAL	28.6	27.7	0.9	0.0	(7.0)	

NOTE 5 NOTES TO THE INCOME STATEMENT

5.1 Breakdown of revenue

(In millions of euros)	As at 12/31/2024	As at 12/31/2023	Change
Distribution by business sector			
Sales of goods held for resale	0.0	0.0	0.0%
Sales of goods	0.0	0.0	0.0%
Sales of services	1.1	1.2	-6.8%
Distribution by geographic market			
Net revenue - France	1.1	1.2	-6.8%
Net revenue – Export	0.0	0.0	0.0%
TOTAL	1.1	1.2	

5.2 Reinvoiced expenses

None.

5.3 Average number of employees

	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Managers	2	2
TOTAL	2	2

(excluding corporate officers without employment contracts)

5.4 Compensation paid to management bodies

Members of the Supervisory Board

Total compensation paid to members of the Supervisory Board during the financial year due in respect of 2023: 0.4 million compared with 0.3 million during the previous financial year.

Management Board

Total compensation paid to members of the Management Board during the financial year: \leq 4.0 million compared with \leq 4.1 million during the previous financial year.

5.5 Net non-recurring income (loss)

(In millions of euros)	As at 12/31/2024
Non-recurring income from capital transactions	0.8
Non-recurring reversals of pension provisions	0.1
TOTAL NON-RECURRING INCOME	0.8
Non-recurring expenses on capital transactions	(1.3)
Non-recurring pension provisions	(0.1)
TOTAL NON-RECURRING EXPENSES	(1.4)
TOTAL	(0.5)

The non-recurring net loss for the financial year amounted to - 0.5 million and breaks down as follows:

- non-recurring income and expenses on capital transactions corresponds to the unrealized and realized gains and losses on
- treasury shares held under the liquidity agreement using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method;
- actuarial losses related to pension provisions.

5.6 Income tax expense

Since March 1, 2008, the Company has elected to determine French income taxes on a consolidated basis in accordance with Article 223 A et seq. of the French Tax Code together with the subsidiaries and sub-subsidiaries as at December 31, 2024 included in the following list: M.A.J., Les Lavandières, Régionale de location et services textiles, Pierrette-TBA, Le Jacquard Français, Elis Services, Thimeau, Société de Participations Commerciales et Industrielles, Pro Services Environnement and Blanchisserie Blésoise.

As the parent company of the consolidated group, Elis consolidates the taxable income of all the members of the Group and pays the corresponding tax to the French Treasury. It receives from its subsidiaries the amount of tax that they would have borne

in the absence of tax consolidation. As a result, Elis recorded in its financial statements an income tax amount corresponding to the difference between the amounts received from the subsidiaries and those actually paid.

Elis applies the tax payable method and therefore does not recognize the amounts that it would have had to pay back to loss-making subsidiaries when they return to profit in future years. The tax loss carryforwards applied for certain members of the tax consolidation group and Elis's related deferred tax liabilities are detailed hereafter.

(In millions of euros)	Unused loss carryforwards (basis)			
Société de Participations Commerciales et Industrielles	9.7	25%	2.4	
Le Jacquard Français	9.6	25%	2.4	
Elis Services	10.8	25.83%	2.8	
Blanchisserie Blésoise	5.1	25%	1.3	
TOTAL	35.2		8.9	

5.7 Distribution of total tax on profit

(In millions of euros)	Income (loss) before tax	Income tax expense
Income from ordinary operations	16.0	5.9
Net non-recurring income (loss)	(0.5)	0.0
Effect of tax consolidation		20.6
Corporate income tax on previous results		0.0
Tax losses allocated		0.0
TOTAL	15.5	26.4

5.8 Deferred taxes

(In millions of euros)	12/31/2024	12/31/2023
Basis for increase in future tax liability	0.0	0.0
Regulated provisions	(27.1)	(27.1)
Investment grants	0.0	0.0
Long-term capital gains benefiting from deferred taxation	0.0	0.0
Total basis for increase in future tax liability	(27.1)	(27.1)
TOTAL FUTURE TAX LIABILITY*	(6.8)	(6.8)
Basis for reduction in future tax liability	0.0	0.0
Provision for site restoration	0.0	0.0
Provision for restructuring	0.0	0.0
Provisions for pensions	(1.4)	(1.4)
Similar obligations	0.0	0.0
Employee profit-sharing	0.0	0.0
Corporate social solidarity contribution	(0.1)	(0.0)
Provisions on trade receivables	0.0	0.0
Tax loss carryforwards	970.8	948.5
Total basis for reduction of future tax liability	969.3	947.0
TOTAL FUTURE TAX ASSETS*	(242.3)	(236.8)
NET POSITION	(249.1)	(243.5)
(*) Tax rate:	25.00%	25.00%
Of which normal corporate income tax rate:	25.00%	25.00%
› Social contribution in addition to tax:	0.00%	0.00%

NOTE 6 FINANCIAL AND OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS

6.1 Commitments given

(In millions of euros)	Total	< 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years
Related to financing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Related to equity investments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Endorsements, sureties and guarantees on behalf of subsidiaries	235.9	0.0	0.0	235.9
Related to supplier services rendered	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Related to real estate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL COMMITMENTS GIVEN	235.9	0.0	0.0	235.9

6.2 Commitments received

(In millions of euros)	Total	< 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years
Related to financing	727.6	0.0	0.0	727.6
Related to equity investments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Related to real estate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other secured debt	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL COMMITMENTS RECEIVED	727.6	0.0	0.0	727.6

6.3 Derivative-related commitments

See Note 4.6.

NOTE 7 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Share buyback program

On March 5, 2025, the Management Board decided, with the approval of the Supervisory Board, to set up a share buyback program in 2025, in application of the 19th resolution of the Company's combined general shareholders' meeting on May 23, 2024 (or of the resolution that would replace it as approved by the annual general shareholders' meeting of May 22, 2025) for a total amount of €150 million, with the following objectives: (i) firstly, to allocate the shares thus bought back to the delivery of performance share plans intended for employees and corporate officers (including members of the Management Board) maturing in 2025, as well as to matching employee share ownership plans called into action within the framework of the 27th and 28th resolutions of the Company's combined general shareholders' meeting of May 23, 2024 (or the resolution that would replace the 28th resolution as approved by the annual general shareholders'

meeting of May 22, 2025), and then (ii) to cancel the remaining shares in application of the capital reduction authorization granted by the $30^{\rm in}$ resolution of the Company's combined general shareholders' meeting of May 23, 2024 (or the resolution that would replace it as approved by the annual general shareholders' meeting of May 22, 2025).

With respect to the Company's global free performance share plans, a re-invoicing agreement for companies whose employees receive shares is currently being drawn up. Given that the plans expiring in 2025 will no longer be delivered in new shares as previously, but rather in existing shares, a provision and income to be received will be recorded. The amount of the provision will be $\ensuremath{\in} 30.5$ million, including $\ensuremath{\in} 5.5$ million for beneficiaries on the Management Board, on the basis of the closing price on December 31, 2024 ($\ensuremath{\in} 18.93$).

4 STATUTORY AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(For the year ended December 31, 2024)

This is a free translation into English of the Statutory Auditors' report issued in French and is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking readers. This report includes information specifically required by European regulations or French law, such as information about the appointment of Statutory Auditors. This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

To the Shareholders,

Opinion

In compliance with the engagement entrusted to us by your Annual General Meeting, we have audited the accompanying financial statements of Elis for the year ended December 31, 2024.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities and of the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2024 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with French accounting principles.

The audit opinion expressed above is consistent with our report to the Audit Committee.

Basis for opinion

Audit framework

We conducted our audit in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the "Responsibilities of the Statutory Auditors relating to the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

Independence

We conducted our audit engagement in compliance with the independence rules provided for in the French Commercial Code (Code de commerce) and the French Code of Ethics (Code de déontologie) for Statutory Auditors for the period from January 1, 2024 to the date of our report, and, in particular, we did not provide any non-audit services prohibited by article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014.

Justification of assessments - Key audit matters

In accordance with the requirements of articles L.821-53 and R.821-180 of the French Commercial Code relating to the justification of our assessments, we inform you of the key audit matters relating to the risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were the most significant in our audit of the financial statements, as well as how we addressed those risks.

These matters were addressed as part of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and therefore contributed to the opinion we formed as expressed above. We do not provide a separate opinion on specific items of the financial statements.

Measurement of equity investments, related receivables and merger losses on financial assets

Notes 2.1 "Non-current assets", 3.2 "Financial assets", 3.3 "Impairment of non-current assets" and 3.4 "List of subsidiaries and other equity investments" to the financial statements

Description of risk

Equity investments at December 31, 2024 represented a net amount of $\[mathub{\epsilon}4,177$ million, the largest balance sheet item. They are carried at cost and may be impaired based on their value in use. Related receivables stood at $\[mathub{\epsilon}731$ million.

The Company's balance sheet at December 31, 2024 also included merger losses on financial assets for a net amount of €1,365 million, recorded within other financial assets and subject to an annual impairment test.

As described in Note 2.1 to the financial statements, the value in use of equity investments is determined for a given investment on

the basis of its contribution to consolidated net assets, profitability and future prospects. Merger losses on financial assets are grouped with the equity investments to which they were allocated for the purposes of impairment testing carried out by management at year-end.

Given the economic environment in which the Group operates, the subsidiaries may experience fluctuations in their business activity, resulting in a deterioration in financial performance. Accordingly, and given their amounts in the Company's balance sheet, we deemed the measurement of equity investments, related receivables and merger losses on financial assets to be a key audit matter.

How our gudit addressed this risk

To assess the reasonableness of the estimated value in use of the equity investments and merger losses on financial assets, our work consisted mainly in verifying that the estimated values determined by management were based on appropriate justification of the measurement method and calculation assumptions used. In particular:

- of for valuations based on historical data: verifying that the equity and net debt amounts used were consistent with the financial statements of entities that have been audited or subject to analytical procedures, and that any adjustments to equity were based on documentary evidence;
- for valuations based on forecast data, we obtained the forecast future cash flows for the investments concerned and:

- assessed their consistency with the business plans drawn up by management,
- assessed their reasonableness in light of the economic and financial environments in which the investees operate.
- assessed the reasonableness of the discount rates and longterm growth rates used, with the support of our asset valuation experts.

Lastly, we obtained assurance that Notes 2.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4 to the financial statements provided appropriate disclosures.

Our work also consisted in assessing the recoverability of receivables from equity investments.

Specific verifications

In accordance with professional standards applicable in France, we have also performed the specific verifications required by French legal and regulatory provisions.

Information given in the management report and in the other documents provided to the shareholders with respect to the Company's financial position and the financial statements

We have no matters to report as to the fair presentation and the consistency with the financial statements of the information given in the Management Board's management report and in the other documents provided to the shareholders with respect to the Company's financial position and the financial statements.

We attest to the fair presentation and the consistency with the financial statements of the information about payment terms referred to in article D.441-6 of the French Commercial Code.

Report on corporate governance

We attest that the Supervisory Board's report on corporate governance sets out the information required by articles L.225-37-4, L.22-10-10 and L.22-10-9 of the French Commercial Code.

Concerning the information given in accordance with the requirements of article L.22-10-9 of the French Commercial Code relating to compensation and benefits paid or awarded to corporate officers and any other commitments made in their favor, we have verified its consistency with the financial statements or with the underlying information used to prepare these financial statements, and, where applicable, with the information obtained by the Company from controlled companies within its scope of consolidation. Based on this work, we attest to the accuracy and fair presentation of this information.

Concerning the information given in accordance with the requirements of article L.22-10-11 of the French Commercial Code relating to those items the Company has deemed liable to have an impact in the event of a takeover bid or exchange offer, we have verified its consistency with the underlying documents that were disclosed to us. Based on this work, we have no matters to report with regard to this information.

Other information

In accordance with French law, we have verified that the required information concerning the identity of shareholders and holders of the voting rights has been properly disclosed in the management report

Other verifications and information pursuant to legal and regulatory requirements

Presentation of the financial statements to be included in the annual financial report

In accordance with professional standards applicable to the Statutory Auditors' procedures for annual and consolidated financial statements presented according to the European single electronic reporting format, we have verified that the presentation of the financial statements to be included in the annual financial report referred to in paragraph I of article L.451-1-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier) and prepared under the Chairman of the Management Board's responsibility, complies with this format, as defined by European Delegated Regulation No. 2019/815 of December 17, 2018.

On the basis of our work, we conclude that the presentation of the financial statements to be included in the annual financial report complies, in all material respects, with the European single electronic reporting format.

It is not our responsibility to ensure that the financial statements to be included by the Company in the annual financial report filed with the AMF correspond to those on which we carried out our work.

Appointment of the Statutory Auditors

We were appointed Statutory Auditors of Elis by the Annual General Meeting held on June 29, 2011 for Forvis Mazars SA and by the bylaws at the time of the Company's incorporation in 2007 for PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit.

At December 31, 2024, Forvis Mazars SA and PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit were in the fourteenth and eighteenth consecutive year of their engagement, respectively, and the tenth year since the Company's securities were admitted to trading on a regulated market.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for preparing financial statements giving a true and fair view in accordance with French accounting principles, and for implementing the internal control procedures it deems necessary for the preparation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless it expects to liquidate the Company or to cease operations.

The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the financial reporting process and the effectiveness of internal control and risk management systems, as well as, where applicable, any internal audit systems, relating to accounting and financial reporting procedures.

The financial statements were approved by the Management Roard

Responsibilities of the Statutory Auditors relating to the audit of the financial statements

Objective and audit approach

Our role is to issue a report on the financial statements. Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions taken by users on the basis of these financial statements.

As specified in article L.821-55 of the French Commercial Code, our audit does not include assurance on the viability or quality of the Company's management.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the Statutory Auditors exercise professional judgment throughout the audit. They also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence considered to be sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for their opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control:
- obtain an understanding of the internal control procedures relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management and the related disclosures in the notes to the financial statements:
- assess the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence

obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. This assessment is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern. If the Statutory Auditors conclude that a material uncertainty exists, they are required to draw attention in the audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are not provided or are inadequate, to issue a qualified opinion or a disclaimer of opinion;

evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements and assess whether these statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Report to the Audit Committee

We submit a report to the Audit Committee which includes, in particular, a description of the scope of the audit and the audit program implemented, as well as the results of our audit. We also report any significant deficiencies in internal control that we have identified regarding the accounting and financial reporting procedures.

Our report to the Audit Committee includes the risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were the most significant for the audit of the financial statements and which constitute the key audit matters that we are required to describe in this report

We also provide the Audit Committee with the declaration provided for in article 6 of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014, confirming our independence within the meaning of the rules applicable in France, as defined in particular in articles L.821-27 to L.821-34 of the French Commercial Code and in the French Code of Ethics for Statutory Auditors. Where appropriate, we discuss any risks to our independence and the related safeguard measures with the Audit Committee.

Neuilly-sur-Seine and Courbevoie, March 6, 2025 The Statutory Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

Bardadi Benzeghadi

Forvis Mazars SA
Francisco Sanchez



elis.com





